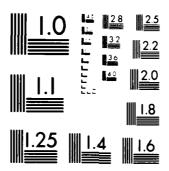
ELECTRONICS RESEARCH AT THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT AUSTIN(U) TEXAS UNIV AT AUSTIN ELECTRONICS RESEARCH CENTER E J POWERS 15 SEP 82 AFOSR-TR-82-1035 1/3 AD-A122 219 F/G 9/5. UNCLASSIFIED F49620-77-C-0101 ΝL



MICROCOPY RESOLUTION TEST CHART NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS 1967 A

### AFOSR-TR- 82-1035



## Final Report on Electronics Research at The University of Texas at Austin

For the period April 1, 1977 through March 31, 1982

JOINT SERVICES ELECTRONICS PROGRAM
Research Contract AFOSR F49620-77-C-0101

Submitted by Edward J. Powers on Behalf of the Faculty and Staff of the Electronics Research Center

September 15, 1982



ELECTRONICS RESEARCH CENTER

Bureau of Engineering Research The University of Texas at Austin Austin, Texas 78712

Approved for public release; distribution unlimited.

الأركان والمراجع المراجع المراجع

900 THE 200

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE (When Data Entered)

REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE	READ INSTRUCTIONS  FOR COMPLETE OF FRAGE			
1 REPORT NUMBER - 1 2 GOVY ACCESSION NO.	3. R. CIPIENT'S CATALON NUMBER			
HI-OSK-1R-82-1035 #122.8	219			
4. TITLE (and Subtitle) FINAL REPORT ON ELECTRONICS RESEARCH	5. TYPE OF REPORT & PERIOD COVERED Final Report for period			
at The University of Texas at Austin	April 1, 1977 - March 31,1962			
the file difference of female at the series	6. PERFORMING ORG. REPORT NUMBER			
7. AUTHOR(*) Edward J. Powers, Director; and other faculty	8. CONTRACT OR GRANT NUMBERGA			
and graduate research staff of the Electronics				
Research Center	Cont. F49620-77-C-0101			
9. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME AND ADDRESS	10 PROGRAM ELEMENT, PROJECT ASA			
Electronics Research Center	61102/E,			
The University of Texas at Austin	1 22 - 1/40			
Austin, Texas 78712	2305 // 17			
11. CONTROLLING OFFICE NAME AND ADDRESS Air Force Office of Scientific Research	12. REPORT DATE			
(AFSC) AFOSR/NE	September 15, 1982			
Bolling AFB, D.C. 20332	13. NUMBER OF PAGES			
14. MONITORING AGENCY NAME & ADDRESS(II different from Controlling Office)	15. SECURITY CLASS. (of this report)			
	UNCLASSIFIED			
	15. DECLASSIFICATION/DOWNGRADING SCHEDULE			
16. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of this Report)				
Approved for public release;				
distribution unlimited.				
17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the abstract entered in Block 20, if different fr	om Report)			
Approved for public release; distribution unlimited	1			
18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES				
19. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number	7)			
INFORMATION ELECTRONICS QUANTUM ELECTRONICS ELECTROMAGNICS ELECTROMAGNICS				
SULID STATE ELECTRONICS				
20. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identity by block number	)			
This report summarizes progress on projects callled out at the diectionics				
Possarch Center at The University of Texas at Austin and Which were supported of				
the Joint Services Electronics Program. In the area of Information Electronics				
progress is reported for projects involving (1) nonlinear detection and estimation				
and (2) electronic multi-dimensional signal processing.  In the Solid State Electronics area recent findings in (1) interface reactions				
instabilities and transport and (2) spectroscopic studies of metal/semiconductor				
instabilities and transport and (2) spectroscopic stadies of meser, semi-				

and metal/metal oxide interfaces are described.

	UNCLASSIFIED					
•	SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE(When Date Entered)					
	In the area of Quantum Electronics progress is presented for the following projects: (1) nonlinear wave phenomena, (2) structure and kinetics of excited state molecules, and (3) collective effects in nonlinear optical interactions. In the Electromagnetics area progress in guided-wave devices for the far infrared-mm device spectrum is summarized.					
	·					

#### ABSTRACT

1

This report summarizes progress on projects carried it at the Electronics Research Center at The University of Texas at Austin and which were supported by the Joint Services actronics Program. In the area of Information Electronics progress is reported for projects involving (1) nonlinear detection and estimation and (2) electronic multi-dimensional ignal processing.

In the Solid State Electronics area recent findings in (1) interface reactions, instabilities and transport and (2) spectroscopic studies of metal/semiconductor and metal/metal oxide interfaces are described.

In the area of Quantum Electronics progress is precented for the following projects: (1) nonlinear wave pheomena, (2) structure and kinetics of excited state molecules, and (3) collective effects in nonlinear optical interactions.

In the Electromagnetics area progress in guided-wave avices for the far infrared-mm wave spectrum is summarized.

Accession For

NTIS GRAMI
PTIC TAB

Ununnounced
Juntification

Di
Availatility Codes

Availatility Codes

Availatility Codes

Siecial

Dist

AIR FORCE OFFICE OF SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH (AFSC)
NOTICE OF TRIMSTITTAL TO DTIC
This technical amount has been revised and is
approved a proposed IAW AFR 190-12.
Distribution of the miles of the AFR 190-12.
MATTHEW J. MARPER

Chief, Technical Information Division

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

				Page
Abstr		ng Tog	nnical Presentations,	. iii
			eports	. 1
			I. INFORMATION ELECTRONICS	
Res.	Unit	IE81-1	Nonlinear Detection and Estimation	. 145
Res.	Unit	IE81-2	Electronic Multi-Dimensional Signal Processing	. 153
		I	I. SOLID STATE ELECTRONICS	
Res.	Unit	SSE81-1	<pre>Interface Reactions, Instabilities and Transport</pre>	. 159
Res.	Unit	SSE81-2	Spectroscopic Studies of Metal/ Semiconductor and Metal/Metal Oxide Interfaces	. 169
		II.	I. QUANTUM ELECTRONICS	
Res.	Unit	QE81-1	Nonlinear Wave Phenomena	. 181
Res.	Unit	QE81-2	Structure and Kinetics of Excited State Molecules	. 191
Res.	Unit	QE81-3	Collective Effects in Nonlinear Optical Interactions	. 203
		I.	V. ELECTROMAGNETICS	
Res.	Unit	EM81-1	Guided-Wave Devices for the Far Infrared-mm Wave Spectrum	. 213
Resea	arch (	Grants a	nd Contracts	
		l Funds		. 223
0	ther T	Than Fod	aral Funde	226

EDECEDING PACE BLANK-NOT FILMEN

1977 - 1978

#### JOURNAL ARTICLES

- \* B.F. Womack, "Computers in Education: Tools for Today's Teaching," <u>Engineering Education</u>, Vol. 67, No. 7, April 1977, pp. 692-693.
- \* H. Chang and J.K. Aggarwal, "Design of Two-Dimensional Recursive Filters by Interpolation," <u>IEEE Transactions on Circuits and Systems</u>, Vol. CAS-24, No. 6, June 1977.
  - G.J. Lipovski, "Hardware Description Languages: Voices from the Tower of Babel," <u>Computer</u>, Vol. 10, No. 6, pp. 14-17, June 1977.
  - A.B. Buckman, "Theory Of An Efficient Electronic Phase Shifter Employing a Multilayer Dielectric Waveguide Structure," IEEE Transactions on Microwave Theory and Techniques, Vol. MTT-25, No. 6, pp. 480-483, June 1977.
- \* M. Ali and J.K. Aggarwal, "Automatic Interpretation of Infrared Aerial Color Photographs of Citrus Orchards Having Infestations of Insect Pests and Diseases," <a href="IEEE Transactions">IEEE Transactions</a> on Geoscience Electronics, Vol. GE-15, No. 3, July 1977.
- \* A.B. Buckman and N.H. Hong, "On the Origin of the Large Retractive Index Change in Photolyzed PbI<sub>2</sub> Films," <u>Journal of the Optical Society of America</u>, Vol. 67, No. 8, pp. 1123-1125, <u>August 1977.</u>
- \* R.W. Bene' and R.M. Walser, "The Effect of a Glassy Membrane on the Schottky Barrier Between Silicon and Metallic Silicides," J. Vac. Sci. Technol., Vol. 14, No. 4, pp. 925-929, August 1977.
  - J.P. Stark and H.L. Marcus, "Segregation Related Grain Boundary Cohesion," Metallurgical Transactions, September 1977.
  - A.B. Buckman, "Non-linearity of Effective Index vs. Bulk Index in Multilayer Dielectric Waveguides: Large Incremental Effective Index Sensitivity," <u>Journal of the Optical Society of America</u>, Vol. 67, No. 8, pp. 1187-1191, September 1977.

<sup>\*</sup>Funded entirely or in part by the Joint Services Electronics Program.

- E.W. Thompson, S.H. Hong, and S.A. Szygenda, "A Fault Partitioning Technique for Efficient Digital Fault Simulation," Journal of Design Automation and Fault Tolerance Computing, October 1977.
- W.C. Turner, E.J. Powers, and T.C. Simonen, "Properties of Electrostatic Ion-Cyclotron Waves in a Mirror Machine," Physical Review Letters, 39, pp. 1087-1091, October 24, 1977.
- G.L. Wise, A.P. Traganitis, and J.B. Thomas, "The Estimation of a Probability Density Function from Measurements Corrupted by Poisson Noise," <u>IEEE Trans. Information Theory</u>, Vol. IT-23, pp. 764-766, November 1977.
- H. Derin, G.L. Wise, and J.B. Thomas, "Bivariate Densities with Diagonal Expansions in Gegenbauer Polynomials," <u>Journal of the Franklin Institute</u>, Vol. 304, pp. 243-249, December 1977.
- G.J. Lipovski and K.L. Doty, "Developments and Directions in Computer Architecture," Computer, Vol. 11, No. 8, pp. 54-67.
- \* M.T. Manry and J.K. Aggarwal, "The Measurement of Phase Distortion Due to Filtering in Digital Pictures," <u>IEEE Transactions on Acoustics, Speech and Signal Processing</u>, Vol. ASSP-25, No. 6, pp. 534-541, 1977.
  - R.E. Gleason, Jr., T.D. Bonifield, J.W. Keto, and G.K. Walters, "Electronic Energy Transfer in Argon-Xenon Mixtures," <u>J. Chem. Phys.</u> 66, pg. 1589, 1977.
- \* G. Morowsky, R. Cordray, F.K. Tittel, W.L. Wilson and J.W. Keto, "Electron Beam Excitation Studies of Potential Dye Vapor Phase Laser Systems," Appl. Phys. 12, 245, 1977.
  - Luc P. Devroye and T.J. Wagner, "The Strong Uniform Consistency of Nearest Neighbor Density Estimates," Annals of Statistics, Vol. 5, pp. 536-540, 1977.
- \* G. Morowsky, R. Cordray, F.K. Tittel, W.L. Wilson and J.W. Keto, "Energy Transfer Processes in Electron Beam Excited Gases," J. Chem. Phys. 67, 4845, 1977.

- H.L. Marcus, "Surface Techniques for the Study of Materials: AES, ESCA, SIMS," Journal of Metals, Vol. 29, p. 20, 1977.
- \* S.A. Underwood and J.K. Aggarwal, "Interactive Computer Analysis of Aerial Color Infrared Photographs," <u>Computer Graphics</u> and Image Processing 6, 1-24, 1977.
- \* J.W. McKee and J.K. Aggarwal, "Computer Recognition of Partial Views of Curved Objects," <u>IEEE Transactions on Computers</u>, Vol. C-26, No. 8, 790-800, 1977.
  - G.L. Wise and N.C. Gallagher, "On Spherically Invariant Random Processes," IEEE Trans. Information Theory, Vol. IT-24, pp. 118-120, January 1978.
  - S.A. Szygenda and Y.H. Jea, "Mappings and Algorithms for Gate Modeling in a Digital Simulation Environment," accepted for publication by the <a href="IEEE Transactions on Circuits">IEEE Transactions on Circuits</a>, July 1978.
  - S.A. Szygenda, S. Hong, and E. Thompson, "Potentially Detectable Fault Simulation (PDFS) An Approach to Efficient Digital Fault Simulation," <u>Journal of Design Automation and</u> Fault Tolerant Computing, 2, No. 1, 63-82 (January 1978).
  - S.A. Szygenda and S. Hong, "MNFP-A Technique for Efficient Digital Fault Simulation," <u>Journal of Computer Aided Design</u>, 10, No. 1, 46-57 (January 1978).
  - N.C. Gallagher, G.L. Wise, and J.W. Allen, "A Novel Approach for the Computation of Legendre Polynomial Expansions," IEEE Trans. Acoustics, Speech, and Signal Processing, Vol. ASSP-26, pp. 105-106, February 1978.
  - S.I. Marcus, "Modeling and Analysis of Stochastic Differential Equations Driven by Point Processes," IEEE Transactions on Information Theory, IT-24, pp. 164-172, March 1978.
  - G.L. Wise, "A Comment on the Second Moment Properties of a Nonlinear System," Proceedings of the IEEE, Vol. 65, pp. 1398-1399, September 1977, and Vol. 66, p. 352, March 1978.
  - S.I. Marcus and A.S. Willsky, "Algebraic Structure and Finite Dimensional Nonlinear Estimation," <u>SIAM Journal on Mathematical Analysis</u>, 9, pp. 312-327, April 1978.
  - Luc P. Devroye and T.J. Wagner, "Distribution-Free Performance Bounds with the Resubstitution Error Estimate," to appear in the IEEE Transactions on Information Theory, May 1978.

- J.R. Roth, W.M. Krawczonek, E.J. Powers, J.Y. Hong, and Y.C. Kim, "Inward Transport of a Toroidally Confined Plasma Subject to Strong Radial Electric Fields," Physical Review Letters, 40, pp. 1450-1453, May 29, 1978.
- T.K.M. Agerwala, "Some Extended Semaphore Primitives," <u>Acta</u> Informatica, August 1977.
- \* Y.C. Kim and E.J. Powers, "Digital Bispectral Analysis of Self-Excited Fluctuation Spectra," Phys. Fluids, 21, pp. 1452-1453, August 1978.
- \* W.J. Schaffer, R.W. Bene', and R.M. Walser, "Structural Study of Thin Nickel Films on Silicon Surfaces," J. Vac. Sci. Technol., July/August 1978.
- \* W.H. Rogers and T.J. Wagner, "A Finite Sample Distribution-Free Performance Bound for Local Discrimination Rules," <u>Annals of Statistics</u>, Vol. 6, pp. 506-514, 1978.
- \* W. Martin and J.K. Aggarwal, "Dynamic Scene Analysis," Computer Graphics and Image Processing 7, pp. 356-374, 1978.
- \* Jerome Knopp and Michael F. Becker, "Virtual Fourier Transform as an Analytical Tool in Fourier Optics," Applied Optics 17, pp. 1669-1670, 1978.
- \* B. Miller and M. Fink, "Effect of Finite Scattering Geometry on Measured Electron Differential Cross-Sections I," J. Mol. Struct. 48, pp. 363-372, 1978.
  - Michael F. Becker and Jerome Knopp, "Processing of Visual Illusions in the Frequency and Spatial Domains," Perception and Psychophysics 23, pp. 521-526, 1978.
  - J.W. Swanson and H.L. Marcus, "Oxygen Transport During Fatigue Crack Growth," Met. Trans. 9A, pg. 291, 1978.
  - J.P. Stark, "Solid State Second Phase Redistribution in an Applied Field," Acta Metallurgica 26, pg. 369, 1978.
- \* J.P. Stark, "Precipitate Motion in an Applied Field by Volume Diffusion," Acta Metallurgica 26, pg. 1139, 1978.
  - T.C. Shert n id J.P. Stark, "Cementite Migration in a Temperature Gradient," Scripta Metallurgica 12, pg. 31, 1978.

- \* J.P. Stark, "Spheroidal Pricipitate Motion in Temperature Gradient by Volume Diffusion," Acta Metallurgica, 26, pg. 1133, 1978.
- \* K.H. Hong, M.H. Proffitt and L.W. Frommhold, "Absolute Cross Sections for Collision-induced Depolarized Scattering of Light in Krypton and Xenon," Molec. Phys. 35, pp. 691-700, 1978.
- \* M.H. Proffitt and L.W. Frommhold, "About the Anisotropy of the Polarizability of a Pair of Argon Atoms," Molec. Phys. 35, pp. 681-689, 1978.
- \* K.H. Hong, M.H. Proffitt and L.W. Frommhold, "Absolute Cross Sections for Collision-induced Scattering of Light by Binary Pairs of Argon Atoms," Molecular Physics 35, pp. 665-679, 1978.
  - H.M. Pickett and I.W. Frommhold, "Rates of Radiative Recombination to Form HD+ and HeH+", Chemical Physics 28, pp. 441-446, 1978.
- \* B. Miller and M. Fink, "Effect of Finite Scattering Geometry on Measured Electron Differential Cross-Sections II. Structural Parameters," J. Mol. Struct. 48, pp. 373-380, 1978.
- \* Jerome Knopp and Michael F. Becker, "Generalized Model for Noncoherent Optical Convolvers and Correlators," <u>Applied</u> Optics 17, pp. 984-985, 1978.
  - Sankoo F. Hahn, David B. Van Hulsteyn, and Michael F. Becker, "Multiple Species Ion Energy Analyzer Applied to Laser-Induced Plasma Experiments," Reviews of Scientific Instruments 49, pp. 473-476, 1978.
- \* J.P. Stark, "Solute Indual Jump Correlations During Diffusive Processes," <u>Journal of Applied Physics</u>, in press.
  - T.C. Shelton and J.P. Stark, "The Coarsening of Cementite in a 1080 Steel in a Temperature Gradient," <a href="Scripta Metallurgica">Scripta Metallurgica</a>, in press.
  - G.J. Lipovski, S.Y.W. Su, L. Nguyen and A. Eman, "The Architectural Features and Implementation Techniques of the Multicell CASSM", invited par r, to appear in IEEETC.

- R.J. Marks II, G.L. Wise, D.G. Haldeman, and J.L. Whited, "Detection in Laplace Noise," to appear in <a href="MEEE Trans.Aerospace">IEEE Trans.Aerospace</a> and Electronic Systems.
- Jack S. Turner and I. Priqoqine, "Nonequilibrium Phase Transitions," <u>Trans. Amer. Crystallographic Assn. 14</u>, to appear, 1978.
- A.B. Buckman and C. Kuo, "Fizeau Interferometry for Measuring Retractive Index and Thickness of Nearly Transparent Films," Applied Optics, scheduled for publication November 1978.
- L.P. Devroye and G.L. Wise, "On the Recovery of Discrete Probability Densities from Imperfect Measurements," to appear in <u>Journal of the Franklin Institute</u>.
- Luc P. Devroye and T.J. Wagner, "On the  $L_1$  Convergence of Kernel Density Estimates," to appear in the <u>Annals of Statistics</u>.
- Luc P. Devroye and T.J. Wagner, "Distribution-Free Inequalities for the Deleted and Holdout Error Estimates," to appear in the IEEE Transactions on Information Theory.
- \* Y.C. Kim, W.F. Wong, E.J. Powers, and J.R. Roth, "Extension of the Coherence Function to Quadratic Models," accepted for publication in <a href="Proc. IEEE">Proc. IEEE</a>.
- \* M. Fink and C. Schmiedekamp, "Precise Determination of Differential Electron Scattering Cross Sections III. The Exchange Corrections," accepted for publication by J. Chem. Phys.
- \* M. Fink, P.G. Moore and D. Gregory, "Precise Determination of Differential Electron Scattering Cross Sections I. The Apparatus and the Ne Result," accepted for publication by J. Chem. Phys.
- \* M. Fink, C.W. Schmiedekamp, and D. Gregory, "Precise Determination of Differential Electron Scattering Cross Sections II. CH<sub>4</sub>, CO<sub>2</sub> and CF<sub>4</sub>, accepted for publication by J. Chem. Phys.
  - S.I. Marcus and K. Kohanbash, "Fourier Series and Estimation: An Application to Phase Tracking," accepted for publication in IEEE Transactions on Information Theory, Nevember 1978.
  - S.I. Marcus, A.S. Willsky, and K. Hsu, "The Use of Harmonic Analysis in Suboptimal Estimator Design," accepted for publication in IEEE Transactions on Automatic Control, October 1978.

- E.W. Thompson, Y.H. Jea and S.A. Szygenda, "A Timing Analysis Algorithm in Five-Value Simulation Using a Precise Delay Model," submitted to Journal of Design Automation and Fault-Tolerant Computing.
- S.H. Baek, A.A. Dougal and G. Schurger, "Refractive Indices of  $\rm H_2$ ,  $\rm D_2$ ,  $\rm He$ ,  $\rm O_2$  and Ne up to 2000 Atmospheres," accepted for publication in Journal of Applied Physics.
- \* J.P. Stark, "Field Induced Volume Diffusion in a Two Phase System," submitted for publication J. Appl. Physics.
- \* Steven M. Zwernemann and Michael F. Becker, "Enhancement of Third Harmonic Generation in Metal-Dielectric Waveguides," submitted to Applied Optics.
- \* M.H. Proffitt and L.W. Frommhold, "Concerning the Instrumental Profile of a Double Monochromator", submitted for publication Rev. Sci. Instr.
- \* M.H. Proffitt and L.W. Frommhold, "Concerning the Anisotropy of the Polarizability Tensor of Pairs of Methane Molecules," submitted for publication <a href="Chem.Physics">Chem. Physics</a>.
- \* G.L. Wise and S.I. Marcus, "Stochastic Stability for a Class of Systems with Multiplicative State Noise," submitted to <a href="IEEE Trans">IEEE Trans</a>. Automatic Control.
  - L.P. Devroye and G.L. Wise, "Detection of Abnormal Behavior Via Nonparametric Estimation of the Support," submitted to SIAM Journal on Applied Mathematics.
- \* R. Remke, R.M. Walser and R.W. Bene', "Transition Layers Between CVD-VO<sub>2</sub> and Oxide Substrates," submitted to Thin Solid Films.
  - G.L. Wise and N.C. Gallagher, "A Novel Approach for the Computation of Orthonormal Polynomial Expansions," submitted to SIAM Journal on Numerical Analysis.
  - E.W. Thompson, "Three Different Digital Simulation Models for ROM's and RAM's, submitted to <a href="IEEE Computer Journal">IEEE Computer Journal</a>.
- \* J.W. Keto, F.K. Soley, R.E. Gleason and G.K. Walters, "Exciton Lifetime in Electron Beam Excited Condensed Phases of Argon and Xenon," submitted to J. Chem. Phys.

- G.L. Wise, "On an Inequality of Beesack," submitted to <u>Bulletin</u> of the American Mathematical Society.
- \* L.P. Devroye and G.L. Wise, "Consistency of a Sequential Nearest Neighbor Regression Function Estimate," submitted to Journal of Multivariate Analysis.
- \* G.L. Wise, "The Effect of a Nonlinearity on the Bandlimitedness of Contaminated Gaussian Inputs," submitted to <a href="IEEE">IEEE</a> <a href="Trans.Information Theory.">Trans.Information Theory.</a>
  - T.K.M. Agerwala, "Communication and Control Issues in Distributed Systems," submitted for publication.
- \* S.H. Baek, A.A. Dougal, and G. Schurger, "Light Scattering from Laser Produced Plasmas in High Pressure Gases," submitted to Physica.
- \* Y.C. Kim and E.J. Powers, "Digital Bispectral Analysis and Its Applications to Nonlinear Wave Interactions," submitted for publication.
  - A.B. Buckman and C. Kuo, "Excitation of Coupled-Surface-Plasmons in Structures Containing Very Thin Negative Permittivity Regions," submitted to <u>Journal of the Optical Society of America</u>.

#### TECHNICAL PRESENTATIONS AND LECTURES

1977 Conference on Information Sciences and Systems Johns Hopkins University Baltimore, Maryland April 1, 1977

R.J. Marks II, G.L. Wise, D.G. Haldeman, and J.L. Whited, "Some Preliminary Results on Detection in Laplace Noise."

Colloquium on Decision and Control University of Texas at Austin April 2, 1977

> \*B.F. Womack, "Design and Control of Feedback Systems via Sensitivity Theory."

Stanford University Palo Alto, CA. April 4, 1977

G.J. Lipovski, "The Architecture of CASSM-A Context Addressed Segment Sequential Memory."

1977 IEEE International Conference on Plasma Science Troy, N.Y. May 23-25, 1977

E.J. Powers, et al., "Fluctuation Induced Particle Transport in the NASA Lewis Bumpy Torus."

\*Y.C. Kim and E.J. Powers, "Experimental Determination of Harmonic Generation Coupling Coefficients Using Bispectral Analysis."

E.J. Powers, "Application of Digital Time Series Analysis Techniques to Plasma Fluctuation Diagnostics" (invited paper).

<sup>\*</sup>Funded entirely or in part by the Joint Services Electronics Program.

Naval Weapons Center China Lake, California May 1977

Jack Turner, "Fluctuations, Instability, and Self-Organization in Oscillating Chemical Reactions."

SWEMC Symposium Austin, Texas May 1977

H.L. Marcus, "AES in Material Science."

International Conference on Multiphoton Processes Rochester, N.Y. June 6-9, 1977

\*Min Ho Kang, Kang Min Chung and Michael F. Becker, "Saturation Limited Third Harmonic Generation in SF<sub>6</sub>."

Naval Research Labs Washington, D.C. June 7, 1977

\*R.M. Walser, "Interface Reconstructive Effects on the Recrystallization of Ion-Implanted Amorphous Layers."

IEEE Computer Society Conference
 on Pattern Recognition and
 Image Processing
Troy, N.Y.
June 6-8, 1977

T.J. Wagner and L.P. Devroye, "Distribution-Free Performance Bounds with the Resubstitution on Error Estimate."

T.J. Wagner and L.P. Devroye, "Asymptotic Properties of Hierarchical Clustering Algorithms."

Annual Meeting of the Classification Society Dartmouth, N.H. June 7-9, 1977

T.J. Wagner and L.P. Devroye, "Asymptotic Properties of Clustering Methods."

Third International Congress on Waves & Instabilities in Plasmas Paris, France
June 27-July 1, 1977

Y.C. Kim and E.J. Powers, "Harmonic-Generation of Self-Excited Large-Amplitude Ion-Acoustic Waves."

\*E.J. Powers and Y.C. Kim, "Higher-Order Digitally-Implemented Spectral-Analysis of Nonlinear Wave-Wave Interaction Data."

1977 International Communications Conference June 1977

T.K.M. Agerwala, "Communication, Computation and Computer Architecture."

IEEE MTT Symposium San Diego, California June 1977

T. Itoh, "Leaky-wave Antenna and Band-reject Filter for Millimeter-wave Integrated Circuits."

Southwest Electron Spectroscopy Meeting Texas A&M University June 1977

H.L. Marcus, "Fracture and Fatigue as Seen by Surface Sensitive Techniques."

Max-Planck Institut fur Plasmaphysik Garching bei Munchen, F.R. Germany July 5, 1977

E.J. Powers, "Applications of Digital Time Series Analysis Techniques to the Diagnostic Problems of Wave and Instability Identification, Fluctuation-Induced Transport and Nonlinear Wave-Wave Interactions."

Max-Planck Institut fur Plasmaphysik Garching bei Munchen, F.R. Germany July 29, 1977

E.J. Powers, "Analysis and Interpretation of Soft X-ray Fluctuation Data Based on Digital Spectral Analysis."

U.S.-Japan Joint Seminar on the Glow Discharge and Its Fundamental Processes Boulder, Colorado July 1977

J.W. Keto, "Radiative and Kinetic Processes in Rare-Gas Discharges."

Stanford University Joint
Services Electronics
Program Topical Review
on Semiconductor Integrated
Circuits, Devices & Materials
Palo Alto, California
August 3-4, 1977

\*R.M. Walser, "Interphases in Silicon Systems."

NASA Lewis Research Center Cleveland, Ohio August 8, 1977

E.J. Powers, "Aerospace Applications of Digital Time Series Analysis Techniques."

40th Annual Meeting of the Institute of Mathematical Statistics Seattle, Washington August 14-18, 1977

T.J. Wagner and L.P. Devroye, "The Strong Uniform Consistency of Kernel Density Estimates."

20th Midwest Symposium on Circuits and Systems August 15-16, 1977

\*B.F. Womack and Y. Tjrandra, "A Multivalued Logic Circuit in Control Systems."

Twentieth Midwest Symposium on Circuits and Systems Lubbock, Texas August 16, 1977

\*L.P. Devroye and G.L. Wise, "Nonparametric Detection of Changes in System Characteristics."

R.J. Marks II, G.L. Wise, and D.G. Haldeman, "Further Results on Detection in Laplace Noise."

2nd International Symposium on the Operator Theory of Networks and Systems August 17-19, 1977

\*B.F. Womack and S. Azuma, "A Numerical Calculation Method for Simultaneous Ordinary Differential Equation of Higher Order by the Momentary Diagonalized Modal Property."

Workshop on "New Directions in Thermodynamics Aspen Center for Physics Aspen, Colorado August 1977

> Jack Turner, "Introduction to Chemical Instabilities as Nonequilibrium Phase Transitions and Critical Phenomena."

Bell Telephone Laboratories Murray Hills, N.J. August 1977

T.K.M. Agerwala, "Data Base Systems: Distribution Issues."

Keynote Address Birmingham, U.K. September 12, 1977

G.J. Lipovski, "Some Remarks on Microcomputers and Microprocessor Systems."

University of Birmingham Birmingham, U.K. September 15, 1977

G.J. Lipovski, "A Reconfigurable Varistructure Array Computer."

Great Malvern RAF Research Centre September 19, 1977

G.J. Lipovski, "A Reconfigurable Varistructure Array Computer."

University of South Wales Swansea, Wales September 20, 1977

G.J. Lipovski, "A Reconfigurable Varistructure Array Computer."

G.J. Lipovski, "On Virtual Memories and Micronetworks."

University of Birmingham Birmingham, U.K. September 21, 1977

G.J. Lipovski, "CAASM - A Context Addressed Segment Sequential Memory."

Department of Communication Paris, France September 23, 1977

G.J. Lipovski, "On Micronetworks and Virtual Memories."

IRIA Paris, France September 23, 1977

G.J. Lipovski, "A Reconfigurable Varistructure Array Computer."

15th Annual Allerton Conference on Communication, Control & Computing Monticello, Illinois September 28-30, 1977

\*S.I. Marcus, "Optimal Finite Dimensional Recursive Estimators for Discrete-Time Stochastic Nonlinear Systems."

L.P. Devroye and G.L. Wise, "On the Estimation of Discrete Probability Densities from Noisy Measurements."

\*G.L. Wise and S.I. Marcus, "Stability Results For A Class of Systems with Multiplicative State Noise."

Lectures at National Cash Register, Inc. Wichita, Kansas September 1977

T.K.M. Agerwala, "Software Engineering."

EUROMICRO Symposium Amsterdam, Holland October 4, 1977

G.J. Lipovski and C. Hoch, "A Varistructured Stack Organization."

Conference on Thin Film Phenomena Interfaces and Interactions
Atlanta, Georgia
October 9-14, 1977

R.M. Walser and R.W. Bene', "Membrane Effects at Silicon Interfaces."

R.W. Bene' and R.M. Walser, "A Membrane Model for Interphases."

IEEE International Symposium on Information Theory
Ithaca, N.Y.
October 10-14, 1977

\*T.J. Wagner and C.S. Penrod, "Nonparametric Estimation with Local Rules."

T.J. Wagner and L.P. Devroye, "Distribution-Free Inequalities for the Deleted and Holdout Error Estimates."

U.T.-Austin Colloquium on Decision & Control Austin, Texas October 19, 1977

> \*S.I. Marcus, "Fourier Series and Estimation: An Application to Optical Phase Tracking."

Nineteenth Annual Meeting of the American Physical Society Division of Plasma Physics Atlanta, Georgia November 7-11, 1977

> \*E.J. Powers and Y.C. Kim, "Determination of Nonlinear Wave-Wave Interaction Coupling Coefficients Using Bispectral Analysis Techniques."

Y.C. Kim and E.J. Powers, "Ion Acoustic Wave Harmonic Generation in a Weakly Ionized Plasma."

Colloguium on Decision and Control University of Texas at Austin Austin, Texas November 16, 1977

G.L. Wise, "Mean Square Continuity and Nonlinearities."

1977 IEEE Conference on Decision and Control December 7-9, 1977

\*B.F. Womack and M. Oda, "Measurement, Evaluation, and Control of Communication-and-Formation Process of Morality Concept."

1977 IEEE Conference on Decision and Control New Orleans, Louisiana December 7-9, 1977

- \*S.I. Marcus, "Fourier Series and Estimation: An Application to Optical Phase Tracking."
- \*S.I. Marcus, "Optimal and Suboptimal Estimation of Mixed Rotational Observables."

1977 International Symposium on Circuits and Systems
Phoenix, Arizona

H. Chang and J.K. Aggarwal, "Design and Simulation of Two-Dimensional Interpolated Filter Systems."

20th Midwest Symposium on Circuits and Systems Texas Tech University Lubbock, Texas

> M.T. Manry and J.K. Aggarwal, "Design of Two-Dimensional FIR Filters with Non-Rectangular Arrays."

National Radio Science Meeting Boulder, Colorado January 9-13, 1978

Y.C. Kim and E.J. Powers, "Digital Bispectral Analysis of Plasma Fluctuation Data Associated with Nonlinear Wave-Wave Interactions."

5th Annual Conference on the
Physics of Compound Semiconductor
Interfaces
Los Angeles, California
January 24-26, 1978

R.W. Bene', W.J. Schaffer and R.M. Walser, "Structural Study of Thin Nickel Films on Silicon Surfaces."

Computer Science Department Indian Inst. of Tech. Kanpur, India January 1978

T.K.M. Agerwala, "Microprocessors."

National Radio Science Meeting Boulder, Colorado January 1978

T. Itoh, "On the Spectral Domain Formulation for Microstrip Line Structures."

Decision and Control Seminar Series University of Texas at Austin Austin, Texas February 1978

T.K.M. Agerwala, "Control Issues in Distributed Systems."

International Solid State Circuit Conference San Francisco, California February 1978

T. Itoh, "Millimeter-wave Integrated Circuits."

81st Annual Meeting of
The Texas Academy of Sciences
Texas Tech University
Lubbock, Texas
March 11, 1978

T.K.M. Agerwala, "The Fractional Horse Power Computer."

Probability and Statistics Seminar Department of Mathematics University of Texas at Austin Austin, Texas March 14, 1978

G.L. Wise, "Nonlinear Transformation of Random Processes."

Southwest Region Spring Meeting The Society for Computer Simulation Fort Worth, Texas March 17, 1978

\*B.F. Womack and T.F. Henson, "Modular Digital Simulation of Dynamic Systems."

School of Computer Sciences McGill University March 17, 1978

T.J. Wagner, "Recent Results in Nonparametric Discrimination and Density Estimation."

Texas Systems Workshop Dallas, Texas March 18, 1978

> \*S.I. Marcus, "Finite Dimensional Nonlinear Estimation in Continuous and Discrete Time."

IBM Corporation East Fiskhill, N.Y. March 21, 1978

R.M. Walser, "Membrane Effects at Silicon Interphases."

Johns Hopkins University Baltimore, Maryland March 28, 1978

> G.J. Lipovski, "Some Remarks on Multi-Microcomputer Systems - Taxonomy and Synergism."

1978 Conference on Information Sciences and Systems Johns Hopkins University Baltimore, Maryland March 31, 1978

G.L. Wise, "Nonlinearities with Non-Gaussian Inputs."

1

Workshop on the Science of Design Sponsored by The Naval Ocean Systems Center U.T. at San Antonio, Texas March 1978

T.K.M. Agerwala, "Communication Issues in Distributed Computer Systems."

American Chemical Society 175th National Meeting Anaheim, California March 1978

Jack Turner, "From Microphysics to Macrochemistry via Discrete Simulations."

1978 International Conference on Acoustics, Speech & Signal Processing Tulsa, Oklahoma April 10-12, 1978

\*H. Chang and J.K. Aggarwal, "Design of Semicausal Two-Dimensional Recursive Filters."

IEEE Computer Society Workshop on
Pattern Recognition and Artificial Intelligence
Princeton
April 12-14, 1978

L. Davis, S. Johns and J.K. Aggarwal, "Texture Analysis Using Generalized Coocurrence Matrices."

IEEE Computer Society Workshop on Pattern Recognition and Artificial Intelligence (continued)

J. Roach and J.K. Aggarwal, "Computer Tracking of Three-Dimensional Objects."

IEEE Region V Annual Conference Tulsa, Oklahoma April 16-18, 1978

\*B.F. Womack and H.W. Lo, "Synthesis of Feedback Systems with Nonlinear Uncertain Plants."

J

Solid State Devices, Inc. Engineering Group Los Angelese, California April 19, 1978

R.W. Bene', "Schottky Barriers on Silicc Surfaces."

Target Modulated Signature Meeting U.S. Air Force Avionics Laboratory Wright Patterson Air Force Base, Ohio April 20, 1978

\*E.J. Powers, "Bispectral Analysis of Radar Data from Vibrating Targets."

Second American Physical Society Topical
Conference on High Temperature Plasma
Diagnostics
Santa Fe, New Mexico
March 1-3, 1978

E.J. Powers, J.Y. Hong, Y.C. Kim, J.R. Roth and W.M. Krawczonek, "A Fluctuation-Induced Transport Diagnostic Based Upon FFT Spectral Analysis."

1978 IEEE International Conference on Plasma Science Monterey, California May 15-17, 1978

> \*Y.C. Kim and E.J. Powers, "Application of Dagital Complex Demodulation Techniques in Analyzing Nonlinear Wave Data."

J.R. Roth, W.M. Krawczonek, E.J. Powers, J.Y. Hong, and Y.C. Kim, "Functional Dependence of Radial Transport in a Toroidal Plasma Subject to Strong Radial Electric Fields."

1978 IEEE Minicourse on Modern Plasma Diagnostics Monterey, California May 17-19, 1978

E.J. Powers, "Fluctuation Diagnostics Based on Digital Time Series Analysis."

1978 International Symposium on Circuits and Systems
New York
May 17-19, 1978

\*K. Hirano and J.K. Aggarwal, "Design of Two-Dimensional Recursive Digital Filters with Half-Plane Symmetry Characteristics."

Topical Meeting on Picosecond Phenomena Hilton Head, South Carolina May 25, 1978

> \*M.F. Becker, R.M. Walser and R. Gunn, "Fast Laser Excitations in VO<sub>2</sub> at the Semiconducting-Metallic Phase Transitions."

IEEE Computer Society Conference on Pattern Recognition & Image Analysis Chicago, Illinois June 2, 1978

L. Davis, S. Johns and J.K. Aggarwal, "Texture Analysis Using Generalized Coocurrence Matrices."

Mt. Sinai Hospital Detroit, MI June 2, 1978

G.J. Lipovski, "Some Remarks on Microcomputers and Applications of Microcomputers."

IBM T.J. Watson Research Laboratory Yorktown Heights, N.Y. June 12, 1978

\*R.M. Walser, "Recrystallization of Ion-Amor-phitized Silicon."

Fifth International Multivariate
Analysis Symposium
University of Pittsburgh
June 14, 1978

T.J. Wagner and L.P. Devroye, "The Strong Uniform Consistency of Kernel Density Estimates."

15th Design Automation Conference Las Vega, Nevada June 1978

> T.K.M. Agerwala, "A Synthesis Rule for Concurrent Systems."

IEEE MTT Symposium Ottawa, Canada June 1978

- T. Itoh, D. Ratliff and A.S. Hebert, "Generalized Spectral Domain Method for Multi-Conductor Printed Lines and Its Application to Tunable Suspended Microstrips."
- T. Itoh and C. Chang, "Resonant Characteristics of Dielectric Resonators for Millimeter-wave Integrated Circuits."
- T. Itoh and A.S. Hebert, "Simulation Study of Electronically Scannable Antennas and Tunable Filters Integrated in a Quasi-Planar Dielectric Waveguide."

The University of California at Berkeley
June 1978

T.K.M. Agerwala, "Communication Issues in Parallel Algorithms and Systems."

Sperry Univac Blue Bell, PA. July 31, 1978

G.J. Lipovski, "Texas Reconfigurable Array Computer."

Sperry Univac Roseville, MN August 15, 1978

G.J. Lipovski, "CASSM - A Context Addressed Segment Sequential Memory."

G.J. Lipovski, "Texas Reconfigurable Array Computer."

Bendix Research Labs Detroit, MI. August 21, 1978

G.J. Lipovski, "Texas Reconfigurable Array Computer."

Pinegree Park, CO. Colorado State University August 29, 1978

G.J. Lipovski, "On Conditional Moves in Control Processors."

Imperial College London, England August 29, 1978

> \*S.I. Marcus, "Finite Dimensional Nonlinear Estimation in Continuous and Discrete Time."

1977 International Conference on Parallel Processing Michigan August 1978

T.K.M. Agerwala, "Loosely Coupled vs. Tightly Coupled Processing," Panel Discussion.

T.K.M. Agerwala, "Communication in Parallel Algorithms for Boolean Matrix Multiplication."

International Conference on
The Physics of Semiconductors
Edinburgh, Scotland
September 6, 1978

\*R.W. Bene', R.M. Walser and James Hu, "Relationship of Metal-Semiconductor Transition To First Compound Nucleation at the Interface of A Thin Film Transition Metal on a Silicon Substrate."

#### CONFERENCE PROCEEDINGS

- R.J. Marks, G.L. Wise, D.G. Haldeman, and J.L. Whited, "Some Preliminary Results on Detection in Laplace Noise," <u>Proceedings of the 1977 Conference on Information Sciences and Systems</u>, The Johns Hopkins University, March 30-April 1, 1977, pp. 541-545.
- G.J. Lipovski, "On Imaginary Fields, Token Transfers, and Floating Codes in Intelligent Secondary Memories," <a href="Proceedings">Proceedings</a> of the Third Workshop on Computer Architecture for Non-Numeric Processing, <a href="Computer Architecture News">Computer Architecture News</a>, Vol. 6, No. 2, pp. 17-22, May 1977.
- \* T.K.M. Agerwala, "Communication, Computation, and Computer Architecture," Record of the 1977 International Communications Conference, Chicago, June 1977.
  - T.J. Wagner and L.P. Devroye, "Distribution-Free Performance Bounds with the Resubstitution Error Estimate" and "Asymptotic Properties of Hierarchical Clustering Algorithms,"

    Proceedings of the IEEE Computer Society Conference on Pattern Recognition and Image Processing, Troy, N.Y., June 6-8, 1977.
- \* L.P. Devroye and G.L. Wise, "Nonparametric Detection of Changes in System Characteristics," Proceedings of the Twentieth Midwest Symposium on Circuits and Systems, Texas Tech University, August 15-16, 1977, pp. 730-734.
  - R.J. Marks, G.L. Wise, and D.G. Haldeman, "Further Results on Detection in Laplace Noise," <u>Proceedings of the Twentieth Midwest Symposium on Circuits and Systems</u>, Texas Tech University, August 15-16, 1977, pp. 735-739.
  - G.J. Lipovski and A. Tripathi, "A Reconfigurable Varistructured Array Processor," Proceedings of the 1977 International Conference on Parallel Processing, pp. 165-174, August 1977.
  - L.P. Devroye and G.L. Wise, "On the Estimation of Discrete Probability Densities from Noisy Measurements," <u>Proceedings</u> of the Fifteenth Annual Allerton Conference on Communications, Control, and Computing, Monticello, Illinois, pp. 711-220, September 28-30, 1977.
  - \*Funded entirely or in part by the Joint Services Electronics Program.

- \* G.L. Wise and S.I. Marcus, "Stability Results for a Class of Systems with Multiplicative State Noise," Proceedings of the Fifteenth Annual Allerton Conference on Communications, Control, and Computing, Monticello, Illinois, pp. 652-660, September 28-30, 1977.
  - S.I. Marcus, "Optimal Finite Dimensional Recursive Estimators for Discrete-Time Stochastic Nonlinear Systems," Proceedings of the Fifteenth Annual Allerton Conference on Communication, Control, and Computing, Monticello, Illinois, pp. 52-61, September 1977.
  - G.J. Lipovski and C.G. Hoch, "A Varistructured Stack for Microprocessors," Proceedings of the Euromicro 3rd Symposium on Microprocessing and Microprogramming, October 3, 1977, pp. 184-192.
- \* B.F. Womack and V.M. Levykin, "Circular-Polar Configurations of Dynamic Multiple-Connected Subsystems," Proceedings of the IFAC Symposium on Information Control Problems in Manufacturing Technology, Tokyo, Japan, 11 pp., October 17-20, 1977.
- \* S.I. Marcus and R.B. Asher, "Optimal and Suboptimal Estimation of Mixed Rotational Observables," in <u>Proceedings of the 1977 IEEE Conference on Decision and Control</u>, New York, IEEE Press, pp. 968-971, December 1977.
- \* S.I. Marcus and K. Kohanbash, "Fourier Series and Estimation: An Application to Optical Phase Tracking," in Proceedings of the 1977 IEEE Conference on Decision and Control, New York, IEEE Press, pp. 215-219, December 1977.
- \* O. Min Ho. Kang, Kang Min Chung, and Michael F. Becker, "Saturation Limited Third Harmonic Generation in SF<sub>6</sub>," Abstracts from the International Conference on Multiphoton Processes, Optical Society of America, Rochester, N.Y., 1977.
  - G.J. Lipovski, "An Organization for Optical Linkages Between Integrated Circuits," AFIPS Proc. NCC'77, Vol. 46, pp. 227-236, 1977.
  - G.L. Wise, "Nonlinearities with Non-Gaussian Inputs," Proc. 1978 Conference on Information Sciences and Systems," Johns Hopkins University, March 29-31, 1978.
- \* T.K.M. Agerwala, "Communication in Parallel Systems," Proc. Conf. on Information Sciences and Systems," The Johns Hop-kins University, Maryland, March 1978 (with B. Lint).

- G.J. Lipovski, "The Architectural Features of CASSM: A Context Addressed Segment Sequential Memory," Proc. 4th Symp. Computer Architecture, Palo Alto, California, pp. 31-38, April 1978.
- R.H. Flake, "Extension of Levin's Loop Analysis to Transient and Periodic Disturbances," Proceedings of the 1978 IEEE Conf. on Acoustics, Speech and Signal Processing, Tulsa, Oklahoma, April 1978.
- \* M.F. Becker, R.M. Walser, and R.W. Gunn, "Fast Laser Excitations at the Semiconducting-Metallic Phase Transition in VC2,"

  Technical Digest: Topical Meeting on Picosecond Phenomena,

  Optical Society of America, Wilton Wead, South Carolina, 1978.
  - R.W. Bene', and R.M. Walser, "A Membrane Model for Interphases," Proceedings of the Conference on Thin Film Phenomena Interfaces and Interactions 78-2, Electrochem. Soc. Publ., pp. 21-28, May 1978.
  - R.M. Walser and R.W. Bene', "Membrane Effects at Silicon Interfaces," Proceedings of Conference on Thin Film Phenomena Interfaces and Interactions 78-2, Electrochem. Soc. Publ. pp. 284-292, May 1978.
  - T.J. Wagner and L.P. Devroye, "The Strong Uniform Consistency of Kernel Density Estimates," Proceedings of the Fifth International Multivariate Analysis Symposium, University of Pittsburgh, June 14, 1978.
- \* T.K.M. Agerwala, "A Synthesis Rule for Concurrent Systems." Proceedings of the 15th Design Automation Consequence, Las Vegas, Nevada, June 1978 (with Y. Choed-Amphai).
  - R.W. Bene', R.M. Walser and James C. Hu, "Relationship of Metal-Semiconductor Transition to First Compound Nucleation at the Interface of a Thin Film Transition Metal on a Silicon Substrate," Proceedings of the 14th International Conference on the Physics of Semiconductors, Edinburgh, Scotland, August 1978.
  - G.J. Lipovski and C.P. Chen, "On Conditional Moves in Control Processors," Proceedings of the Second Rocky Mountain Symposium on Microprocessors, pp. 63-94, August 1978.
  - T.K.M. Agerwala, "Communication in Parallel Algorithms for Boolean Matrix Multiplication," Proc. 1978 International Conference on Parallel Processing, Michigan, 1978, (with B. Lint.)

- Jack S. Turner, "From Microphysics to Macrochemistry via Discrete Simulations," in "Simulation of Bulk Matter from a Molecular Perspective," P. Lykos, Ed., ACS Symposium Series (American Chemical Society, Washington, D.C., to appear 1978).
- G.J. Lipovski, "On Semantic Paging in Intelligent Discs," to appear in Proc. Fourth Workshop on Computer Architecture for Non-numeric Processing.
- \* M.F. Becker, R.M. Walser and R.W. Gunn, "Fast Laser Excitations at the Semiconducting-Metallic Phase Transition in VO2," in Picosecond Phenomena, Springer Verlag, Amsterdam, to be published.
- \* M.F. Becker and J. Knopp, "Laser Beam Sampling with Grating Rhombs," Abstracts of the 1978 Annual Meeting of the Optical Society of America, San Francisco, California, October 1978, to be published.

### BOOKS, CHAPTERS AND SECTIONS OF BOOKS, EDITING OF BOOKS

- J.K. Aggarwal and M. Vidyasaga, Nonlinear Systems: Stability Analysis, Dowden Hutchinson and Ross, Inc., 1977.
- J.K. Aggarwal, R.O. Duda and A. Rosenfeld, <u>Computer Methods</u> in Image Analysis, IEEE Press, 1977.
- T.K.M. Agerwala, <u>Designing with Microprocessors</u>, 2nd Edition, published by IEEE 1977 (with G. Masson).
- G.J. Lipovski and W.R. Cyre, "On Generating Multipliers for a Cellular Fast Fourier Transform Processor," <u>Digital Signal Computers and Processors</u>, Ed. A.C. Salazar (IEEE pres, 1977) pp. 181-184.
- G.L. Wise, "Some Results on Zero Memory Nonlinearities with Random Inputs," <u>Information Sciences</u>, C.P. Tsokos and R.M. Thrall, eds., Academic Press, to appear September 1978.
- S.I. Marcus, "Modelling and Analysis of Linear Systems with Multiplicative Poisson White Noise, in Lie Groups: History Frontiers and Applications, Vol. VIII, C. Martin and 8. Hermann (eds.) Math Science Press, Brookline, 1977, pp. 531-531
- G.J. Lipovski, editor of Proceedings of 1978 International Conference on Parallel Processing.
- G.J. Lipovski, "Digital Computer Architecture" Encyclopedia of Computer Science and Technology, Marcel Dokker Inc. Vol. 7, pp. 289-327, 1977.
- G.J. Lipovski, "Hardware Description Language," <u>Encyclopedia</u> of Computer Science and Technology, Marcel Dekker, Inc., pp. 198-247.
- G.J. Lipovski and T.K.M. Agerwala, "Microcomputers," Encyclopedia of Computer Science and Technology, Marcel Dekker Inc., pp. 397-480.
- \* M.T. Manry and J.K. Aggarwal, "Picture Processing Using One-Dimensional Implementations of Discrete Planar Filters," Two-Dimension Digital Signal Processing, S.K. Mittra and M.P. Ekstrom (eds.) Dowden Hutchinson and Ross, Inc., 1978, pp. 245-254.
  - \*Funded entirely or in part by the Joint Services Electronics Program.

- \* K.O. Shipp, Jr., and J.K. Aggarwal, "An Error Analysis for a Vector Model of Two-Dimensional Recursive Filters," <a href="Two-Dimensional Digital Signal Processing">Two-Dimensional Digital Signal Processing</a>, S.K. Mittra and M.P. Ekstrom (eds.) Dowden Hutchinson and Ross, Inc., pp. 354-356, 1978.
  - M.D. Ni and J.K. Aggarwal, "Error Analysis of Two-Dimensional Recursive Digital Filtering Employing Floating-Point Arithmetic," Two-Dimensional Digital Signal Processing, S.K. Mittra and M.P. Ekstrom (eds.) Dowden Hutchinson and Ross, Inc., pp. 357-361, 1978.
  - J.K. Aggarwal and R.O. Duda, "Computer Analysis of Moving Polygonal Images," Computer Methods in Image Analysis, J.K. Aggarwal, R.O. Duda and A. Rosenfeld (eds.) IEEE Press, pp. 271-281, 1977.

1978 - 1979

#### JOURNAL ARTICLES

- \* K.H. Hong, M.H. Proffitt and L.W. Frommhold, "Absolute Cross Sections for Collision-Induced Depolarized Scattering of Light in Krypton and Xenon," Molec. Phys. 35, pp. 691-700, 1978.
- \* Jerome Knopp and Michael F. Becker, "Generalized Model for Noncoherent Optical Convolvers and Correlators," Applied Optics 17, pp. 984-985, 1978.

Sangkoo F. Hahn, David B. Van Hulsteyn, and Michael F. Becker, "Multiple Species Ion Energy Analyzer Applied to Laser-Induced Plasma Experiments," Reviews of Scientific Instruments 49, pp. 473-476, 1978.

H.M. Pickett and L.W. Frommhold, "Rates of Radiative Recombination to Form HD and HeH", Chemical Physics 28, pp. 441-446, 1978.

- \* B. Miller and M. Fink, "Effect of Finite Scattering Geometry on Measured Electron Differential Cross-Sections I," J. Mol. Struct. 48, pp. 363-372, 1978.
- \* M.H. Proffitt and L.W. Frommhold, "About the Anisotropy of the Polarizability of a Pair of Argon Atoms," Molec. Phys. 35, pp. 681-689, 1978.
- \* W.H. Rogers and T.J. Wagner, "A Finite Sample Distribution-Free Performance Bound for Local Discrimination Rules," Annals of Statistics 6, pp. 506-514, 1978.

Michael F. Becker and Jerome Knopp, "Processing of Visual Illusions in the Frequency and Spatial Domains," Perception and Psychophysics 23, pp. 521-526, 1978.

- \* W.J. Schaffer, R.W. Bene', and R.M. Walser, "Structural Studies of Thin Nickel Films on Silicon Surfaces," Journal of Vac. Science and Technology 15, 1325 1978.
- \* B. Miller and M. Fink, "Effect of Finite Scattering Geometry on Measured Electron Differential Cross-Sections II. Structural Parameters," J. Mol. Struct. 48, pp. 373-380, 1978.

Funded entirely or in part by the Joint Services Electronics Program.

- \* Jerome Knopp and Michael F. Becker, "Virtual Fourier Transform as an Analytical Tool in Fourier Optics," Applied Optics 17, pp. 1669-1670, 1978.
- \*J.P. Stark, "Precipitate Motion in an Applied Field by Volume Diffusion," Acta Metallurgica 26, pg. 1139, 1978.
- J.P. Stark, "Solid State Second Phase Redistribution in an Applied Field," Acta Metallurgica 26, pg. 369, 1978.
- T.C. Shelton and J.P. Stark, "Cementite Migration in a Temperature Gradient," Scripta Metallurgica 12, pg. 31, 1978.
- T.C. Shelton and J.P. Stark, "The Coarsening of Cementite in a 1080 Steel in a Temperature Gradient," Scripta Metallurgica 12, pg. 657, 1978.
- \*K.H. Hong, M.H. Proffitt and L.W. Frommhold, "Absolute Cross Sections for Collision-Induced Scattering of Light by Binary Pairs of Argon Atoms," Molecular Physics 35, pp. 605-679, 1978.
- \*J.P. Stark, "Spheroidal Precipitate Motion in Temperature Gradient by Volume Diffusion," Acta Metallurgica ... pg. 1133, 1978.
- \*S.I. Marcus and A.S. Willsky, "Algebraic Structure and Finite Dimensional Nonlinear Estimation," SIAM Journal on Mathematical Analysis 9, pp. 312-327, April 1978.
- J.R. Roth, W.M. Krawczonek, E.J. Powers, J.Y. Hong and Y.C. Kim, "Inward Transport of a Toroidally Confined Plasma Subject to Strong Radial Electric Fields," Physical Review Letters 40, pp. 1450-1453, May 29, 1978.
- \*M.T. Manry and J.K. Aggarwal, "Design and Implementation of Two-Dimensional FIR Digital Filters with Non-Rectangular Arrays," IEEE Transactions on Acoustics, Speech and Signal Processing, ASSP-26, No. 4, pp. 314-318, August 1978.
- \*Y.C. Kim, and E.J. Powers, "Digital Bispectral Analysis of Self-Excited Fluctuation Spectra," Phys. Fluids 21, pp. 1452-1453, August 1978.
- \*S.I. Marcus, A.S. Willsky, and K. Hsu, "The Use of Harmonic Analysis in Suboptimal Estimator Design," IEEE Transactions on Automatic Control, AC-23, pp. 911-916, October 1978.

- T. Itoh and A.S. Hebert, "A Generalized Spectral Domain Analysis for Couple Suspended Microstrip Lines with Tuning Septums," IEEE Trans. Microwave Theory and Techniques, MTT-26, No. 10, pp. 820-826, October 1978.
- \*S.I. Marcus and K. Kohanbash, "Fourier Series and Estimation: An Application to Optical Phase Tracking," IEEE Transactions on Information Theory, <u>IT-24</u>, pp. 775-779, November 1978.
- R.J. Marks II, G.L. Wise, D.G. Haldeman, and J.L. Whited, "Detection in Laplace Noise," IEEE Transactions on Aerospace and Electronic Systems, AES-14, pp. 866-872, November 1978.
- A.B. Buckman and C. Kuo, "Fizeau Interferometry for Measuring Refractive Index and Thickness of Nearly Transparent Films," Applied Optics 17, No. 22, pp. 3636-3640, November 15, 1978.
- T. Itoh and A.S. Hebert, "Simulation Study of Electronically Scannable Antennas and Tunable Filters Integrated in a Quasi-Planar Dielectric Waveguide," IEEE Trans. Microwave Theory and Techniques, MTT-26, No. 12, pp.987-991, December 1978.
- \*H. Chang and J.K. Aggarwal, "Design of Two-Dimensional Semicausal Recursive Filters," IEEE Transactions on Circuits and Systems, CAS-25, No. 12, pp. 1051-1059, December 1978.
- \*K. Hirano and J.K. Aggarwal, "Design of Two-Dimensional Recursive Digital Filters," IEEE Transactions on Circuits and Systems, CAS-25, No. 12, pp. 1066-1076, December 1978.
- T. Itoh, "Generalized Spectrum Domain Method for Multi-Conductor Printed Lines and Its Application to Tunable Suspended Microstrips," IEEE Trans. Microwave Theory and Techniques, MTT-26, No. 12, pp. 983-987, December 1978.
- \*Steven M. Zwernemann and Michael F. Becker, "Enhancement of Third Harmonic Generation in Metal-Dielectric Waveguides," Applied Optics 18, pp. 728-732, 1979.
- Luc P. Devroye and T.J. Wagner, "Distribution-Free Inequalities for the Deleted and Holdout Error Estimates," IEEE Transactions on Information Theory <u>IT-25</u>, pp. 202-207, 1979.
- Luc P. Devroye and T.J. Wagner, "Distribution-Free Performance Bounds with the Resubstitution Error Estimate," IEEE Transactions on Information Theory, IT-25, pp. 208-210, 1979.

- \*M.H. Proffitt, L. Frommhold, "Concerning the Anisotropy of the Polarizability Tensor of Pairs of Methane Molecules," Chem. Phys. 36, 197-200, 1979.
- \*M.H. Proffitt, L. Frommhold, "Concerning the Instrumental Profile of a Double Monochromator," Rev. Sci. Instr. 50, pp. 666-668, 1979.
- \*L. Frommhold, M.H. Proffitt, "Concerning the Anisotropy of the Helium Diatom Polarizability," J. Chem. Phys. 70, pp. 4803-4804, 1979.
- \*M.H. Proffitt, L. Frommhold, "New Measurement of the Trace of the Helium Diatom Polarizability from the Collision-Induced, Polarized, Raman Spectrum," Phys. Rev. Letters 42, pp. 1473-1475, 1979.
- \*J.P. Stark, "Solute Indual Jump Correlations During Diffusive Processes," Journal of Applied Physics 50, pg. 285, 1979.
- L.P. Devroye and G.L. Wise, "On the Recovery of Discrete Probability Densities from Imperfect Measurements," Journal of the Franklin Institute 307, pp. 1-20, January 1979.
- A.B. Buckman and C. Kuo, "Excitation of Coupled-Surface-Plasmons in Structures Containing Very Thin Negative Permittivity Regions," Journal of the Optical Society of America 69, No. 2, pp. 343-347, February 1979.
- \*Y.C. Kim, W.F. Wong, E.J. Powers, and J.R. Roth, "Extension of the Coherence Function to Quadratic Models," Proceedings of the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, 67, pp. 428-429, March 1979.
- \*Y.C. Kim and E.J. Powers, "Digital Bispectral Analysis and Its Applications to Nonlinear Wave Interactions," to be published in June 1979 issue of IEEE Transactions on Plasma Science.
- \*L. Frommhold, "Recent Developments Concerning Diatom Polarizabilities", a review paper to be published in Advances in Chemical Physics 36, 1979.
- G.L. Wise, "The Effect of a Zero Memory Nonlinearity on the Bandlimitedness of Contaminated Gaussian Inputs," to appear in IEEE Transactions on Information Theory.

- \*L.P. Devroye and G.L. Wise, "Consistency of a Recursive Nearest Neighbor Regression Function Estimate," to appear in Journal of Multivariate Analysis.
- L.P. Devroye and G.L. Wise, "Detection of Abnormal Behavior via Nonparametric Estimation of the Support," to appear in SIAM Journal on Applied Mathematics.
- \*D.R. Halverson and G.L. Wise, "Discrete Time Detection in o-Mixing Noise," to appear in IEEE Transactions on Information Theory.
- \*J.W. Koto, F.K. Soley, R.E. Gleason and G.K. Walters," Exciton Lifetime in Electron Beam Excited Condensed Phases of Argon and Xenon," accepted for publication in J. Chem. Phys.
- \*L. Frommhold, M.H. Proffitt, "Raman Spectra and Polarizability of the Neon Diatom," Chem. Phys. Letters, in press.
- \*R.L. Remke, R.M. Walser, and R.W. Bene', "Transition Layers Between VO<sub>2</sub> Films and Oxide Substrates," to be published in Thin Solid Films (1978).
- \*M. Fink and C. Schmiedekamp, "Precise Determination of Differential Electron Scattering Cross Sections III. The Exchange Corrections," J. Chem. Phys., in press.
- \*M. Fink, C.W. Schmiedekamp, and D. Gregory, "Precise Determination of Differential Electron Scattering Cross Sections II.  $\mathrm{CH}_4$ ,  $\mathrm{CO}_2$  and  $\mathrm{CF}_4$ ," J. Chem. Phys, in press.
- \*M. Fink, P.G. Moore and D. Gregory, "Precise Determination of Differential Electron Scattering Cross Sections I. The Apparatus and the  $N_2$  Result," J. Chem. Phys., in press.
- \*J.P. Stark, "Field Induced Volume Diffusion in a Two Phase System," J. Appl. Physics, in press.
- \*J.P. Stark, "Evolution of Two Phase Dispersion of Volume Diffusion," J. Appl. Phys., in press.
- T.K.M. Agerwala, "Communication and Control Issues in Distributed Systems," submitted for publication.
- \*C. Liu and S.I. Marcus, "Estimator Performance for a Class of Nonlinear Estimation Problems," to appear in IEEE Transactions on Automatic Control.

- \*L. Frommhold and M.H. Proffitt, "The Collision-Induced Raman Spectra of Neon and the Diatom Polarizability," Phys. Rev., in press.
- \*M.H. Proffitt and L. Frommhold, "Collision-Induced Polarized and Depolarized Spectra of Helium and the Diatom Polarizability," to appear in J. Chem. Phys.
- J.L. Speyer, S.I. Marcus, and J. Krainak, "A Decentralized Team Decision Problem with an Exponential Cost Criterion," submitted to IEEE Transactions on Automatic Control.
- \*R. Remke, R.M. Walser, and R.W. Bene', "Transition Layers Between CVD-VO<sub>2</sub> and Oxide Substrates," submitted to Thin Solid Films.
- \*J.W. Keto, T.D. Raymond, and S.T. Walsh, "A Low Inductance Spark Gap Switch for Blumlein Driven Lasers," submitted to Rev. Sci. Inst.
- \*J.W. Kato and Chien-Yu Kuo, "Collisional Quenching of  $A_2$  (3p) 4p and  $A_2$  (3p) 3d in Electron Beam Excited Argon at High Densities, "in preparation.
- \*R.M. Walser and M.F. Becker, "Preemption of Semiconducting Metallic Phase Transition in VO<sub>2</sub> by Fast, Selective Optical Excitation," to be submitted to Solid State Comm.
- \*R.L. Remke, R.M. Walser, and R.W. Bene', "Effect of Transition Layers Between VO, Films and Oxide Substrates on Electrothermal Switching," to be submitted to Phys. Stat. Solidi
- A.B. Buckman and A.C. Kwok, "Diffraction from Photolysis Induced Dielectric Gratings in Thin PbI, Films," Journal of the Optical Society of America, in preparation.
- Chien-Yu Kuo and J.W. Keto, "Dissociative Recombination of Ions in Electron Beam Excited Argon at High Densities," in preparation.
- \*C.F. Hort, Chien-Yu Kuo, and J.W. Keto, "Production of 0(1so) in Mixtures of 02 in Argon Excited by an Electron Beam," in preparation.
- J.S. Turner, "Thermodynamics, Dissipative Structures, and Self-Organization in Nonequilibrium Chemistry," J. Nonequil. Thermodynamics, (invited review, to appear, 1979).

- PUBLICATIONS, TECHNICAL PRESENTATIONS, LECTURES AND REPORTS
- J.S. Turner, "Computer Simulation of Chemical Nucleation," Astrophysics and Space Science, in press.
- J.S. Turner, "On Higher-Order Critical Phenomena at Chemical Instabilities," submitted to Phys. Letters A.
- E.V. Mielczarek, J.S. Turner, D. Leiter, and L. Davis, "Chemical Clocks--A Set of Demonstrations Illustrating Nonlinear Phenomena," submitted to Amer. J. Phys.
- J.S. Turner, "Explanation of Bursts of Oscillation, Multiple Frequencies, and Chemical 'Chaos' in the Belousov-Zhabotinskii Reaction," submitted to J. Chem. Phys.
- J.S. Turner, "Homogeneous Bifurcation Phenomena in Oscillating Chemical Reactions. A Model Study of the Belousov-Zhabotinskii Reaction," J. Chem. Phys., in preparation.
- J.S. Turner, J.R. Greighton, and E.V. Mielczarek, "Homogeneous Bifurcation Phenomena in Oscillating Chemical Reactions. Closed System Observations of Belousov-Zhabotinskii (BZ)-Type Systems," J. Chemical Phys., in preparation.
- B.F. Dickens, C.E. Martin, G.P. King, J.S. Turner, and G.A. Thompson, Jr., "Fluorescence Polarization Measurements Correlating Specific Lipid Compositional Changes with Alterations in the Discontinuous Thermotropic Response of Tetrahymena Membrane Lipids," submitted to Biochem. Biophys. Acta.

## TECHNICAL PRESENTATIONS AND LECTURES

1978 IEEE International Conference on Acoustics, Speech, and Signal Processing Tulsa, Oklahoma April 10-12, 1978

> \*H. Chang and J.K. Aggarwal, "Design of Semicausal Two-Dimensional Recursive Filters."

IEEE Region V Annual Conference Tulsa, Oklahoma April 16-18, 1978

\*B.F. Womack and H.W. Lo, "Synthesis of Feedback Systems with Nonlinear Uncertain Plants."

Solid State Devices, Inc. Engineering Group Los Angeles, California April 19, 1978

R.W. Bene', "Schottky Barriers on Silicon Surfaces."

Target Modulated Signature Meeting U.S. Air Force Avionics Laboratory Wright Patterson Air Force Base, Ohio April 20, 1978

\*E.J. Powers, "Bispectral Analysis of Radar Data from Vibrating Targets."

1978 IEEE International Conference on Plasma Science Monterey, California May 15-17, 1978

> \*Y.C. Kim and E.J. Powers, "Application of Digital Complex Demodulation Techniques in Analyzing Nonlinear Wave Data."

\*Funded entirely or in part by the Joint Services Electronics Program.

1978 IEEE International Conference on Plasma Science (continued)

> J.R. Roth, W.M. Krawczonek, E.J. Powers, J.Y. Hong, and Y.C. Kim, "Functional Dependence of Radial Transport in a Toroidal Plasma Subject to Strong Radial Electric Fields."

1978 IEEE International Symposium on Circuits and Systems
New York, N.Y.
May 17-19, 1978

\*K. Hirano and J.K. Aggarwal, "Design of Two-Dimensional Recursive Digital Filters with Half-Plane Symmetry Characteristics."

1978 IEEE Minicourse on Modern Plasma Diagnostics Monterey, California May 17-19, 1978

E.J. Powers, "Fluctuation Diagnostics Based on Digital Time Series Analysis."

Topical Meeting on Picosecond Phenomena Hilton Head, South Carolina May 25, 1978

> \*M.F. Becker, R.M. Walser and R. Gunn, "Fast Laser Excitations in VO, at the Semiconducting-Metallic Phase Transitions.

Mt. Sinai Hospital Detroit, MI June 2, 1978

G.J. Lipovski, "Some Remarks on Microcomputers and Applications of Microcomputers."

T.J. Watson Research Laboratory Yorktown Heights, N.Y. June 12, 1978

\*R.M. Walser, "Recrystallization of Ion-Amorphitized Silicon."

Gordon Conference Plymouth State College Plymouth, N.Y. June 12-16, 1978.

M. Fink, "Charge Density Distributions in  ${\rm N}_2$  Determined by Electron Diffraction."

Fifth International Multivariate Analysis Symposium University of Pittsburgh June 14, 1978

\*T.J. Wagner and L.P. Devroye, "The Strong Uniform Consistency of Kernel Density Fatimatus"

The University of California at Berkeley
June 1978

T.K.M. Agerwala, "Communication Issues in Parallel Algorithms and Systems."

15th Design Automation Conference Las Vegas, Nevada une 1978

T.K.M. Agerwala, "A Synthesis Rule for Concurrent Systems."

Association of FALCOM Computer Users Osaka, Japan June 1978

R.T. Yeh, "A Perspective View of Software Methodology."

IEEE MTT Symposium Ottawa, Canada June 1978

> T. Itoh, D. Ratliff and A.S. Hebert, "Generalized Spectral Domain Method for Multi-conductor Printed Lines and Its Application to Tunable Suspended Microstrips."

T. Itoh and C. Chang, "Resonant Characteristics of Dielectric Resonators for Millimeter-wave Integrated Circuits."

T. Itoh and A.S. Hebert, "Simulation Study of Electronically Scannable Antennas and Tunable Filters Integrated in a Quasi-Planar Dielectric Waveguide."

National Taiwan University Taipei, Taiwan July 1978

R.T. Yeh, "Software Methodology."

Chinese Academy of Sciences Taipei, Taiwan July 1978

R.T. Yeh, "Data Base Design Methodology."

University of California at Berkeley Berkeley, California July 1978

R.T. Yeh, "Data Base Design Methodology."

Sperry Univac Blue Bell, PA. July 31, 1978

G.J. Lipovski, "Texas Reconfigurable Array Computer."

IBM Research Laboratory Yorktown Heights, N.Y. August 1978

R.T. Yeh, "Software Requirements Engineering."

1978 International Conference on Parallel Processing Michigan August 1978

T.K.M. Agerwala, "Loosely Coupled vs.
Tightly Coupled Processing," Panel Discussion.

T.K.M. Agerwala, "Communication in Parallel Algorithms for Boolean Matrix Multiplication."

Sperry Univac Roseville, MN August 15, 1978

G.J. Lipovski, "CASSM - A Context Addressed Segment Sequential Memory."

G.J. Lipovski, "Texas Reconfigurable Array Computer."

Bendix Research Labs Detroit, MI. August 21, 1978

G.J. Lipovski, "Texas Reconfigurable Array Computer."

Colorado State University Pinetree Park, CO. August 29, 1978

G.J. Lipovski, "On Conditional Moves in Control Processors."

International Conference on Analysis and Optimization of Stochastic Systems Oxford, England September 6-8, 1978

> \*S.I. Marcus, "Finite Dimensional Nonlinear Estimation in Continuous and Discrete Time."

International Conference on The Physics of Semiconductors Edinburgh, Scotland September 6, 1978

> \*R.W. Bene', R.M. Walser and James Hu, "Relationship of Metal-Semiconductor Transition To First Compound Nucleation at the Interface of A Thin Film Transition Metal on a Silicon Substrate."

AFOSR Workshop in Communication Theory and Applications Provincetown, Massachusetts September 17-20, 1978

T.J. Wagner and L.P. Devroye, "Distribution-Free Results in Error Estimation."

Millimeter-Wave Workshop Paris, France September 1978

T. Itoh, "Application of Grating Structures in Dielectric Waveguides for Millimeter-wave Integrated Circuits."

European Microwave Conference Paris, France September 1978

> T. Itoh, "Application of Inverted Strip Dielectric Waveguides for Measurement of Material Properties at Millimeter-Wave Frequencies."

AGARD/NATO Symposium on Millimeter-Wave Propagation and Circuits Munich, West Germany September 1978

T. Itoh, "Quasi-Planar Dielectric Waveguide Approach for Millimeter-Wave Integrated Circuits."

Sixteenth Annual Allerton Conference on Communication, Control and Computing Monticello, Illinois October 4, 1978

> \*D. Minoo-Hamedani, G.L. Wise, N.C. Gallagher, and T.E. McCannon, "A Novel Approach for Designing Nonlinear Discrete Time Filters: Part I."

\*T.E. McCannon, N.C. Gallagher, G.L. Wise, and D. Minoo-Hamedani, "A Novel Approach for Designing Nonlinear Discrete Time Filters: Part II."

1978 Joint Automatic Control Conference Philadelphia, Pennsylvania October 18-20, 1978

\*B.F. Womack and John P. Blanks, "New Control Algorithms via Brain Theory," pp. 205-214.

Dallas Section of IEEE
Antennas and Propagation Society
Dallas, Texas
October 19, 1978

T. Itoh, "Dielectric Waveguide Approach to Millimeter Wave Components and Antennas."

20th Annual Meeting of the Division of Plasma Physics American Physical Society Colorado Springs, Colorado October 30 - November 3, 1978

\*E.J. Powers, Y.C. Kim, and L. Khadra, "Utilization of Digital Complex Demodulation Techniques for Experimental Studies of Nonlinear Wave Modulation."

20th Annual Meeting of the Division of Plasma Physics (continued)

E.J. Powers, J.Y. Hong, Y.C. Kim, J.R. Roth, and W.M. Krawczonek, "An FFT Fluctuation-Induced Plasma-Transport Diagnostic."

Colloquium on Decision and Control University of Texas at Austin Austin, Texas November 1, 1978

G.L. Wise, "An Approach to Nonlinear Estimation."

COMPSAC Chicago, Illinois November 16, 1978

G.J. Lipovski, "On Some Parallel Programming Techniques."

1978 Annual Meeting of the Division Of Fluid Dynamics American Physical Society Los Angeles, California November 19-21, 1978

E.J. Powers, Y.C. Kim, and R.W. Miksad, "Digital Bispectral Analysis of Nonlinear Fluctuation Data."

Symposium on Computer Aided Design of Digital Electronic Circuits and Systems
Brussels, Belgium
November 27-29, 1978

S.A. Szigenda, "Simulation of Digital Systems: Where we are and where we may be headed."

Annual Meeting of the Optical Society of America San Francisco, California November 1978

\*M.F. Becker and Jerome Knopp, "Laser Bear Sampling with Grating Rhombs."

National Institute of Health Bethesda, Maryland November 1978

J.S. Turner, "Periodic and Nonperiodic Behavior in Oscillating Chemical Reactions.

Department of Physical Chemistry University of Leeds England November 1978

> J.S. Turner, "Periodic and Nonperiodic Oscillations in Nonequilibrium Chemistry."

Centre de Recharche Paul Pascal Talence, Bordeaux, France November 1978

> J.S. Turner, "Bursts of Oscillation, Multiple Frequencies, and Homogeneous Chemical Chaos in the Belousov-Zhabotinsk: Reaction."

Pharmakologisches Institut University of Bern Bern, Switzerland November 1978

J.S. Turner, "Complex Oscillatory Behavior in Chemistry and Biology."

Institute of Biochemistry Odense University Odense, Denmark November 1978

J.S. Turner, "Periodic and Nonperiodic Behavior in an Oscillatory Chemical Reaction."

Annual Meeting of the Materials Research Society Boston, Massachusetts December 1978

> \*R.M. Walser and M.F. Becker, "Fast Laser Kinetic Studies of the Semiconductor-Metal Phase Transition in VO<sub>2</sub> Thin Films."

Chemistry Laboratory H.C. Orsted Institute University of Copenhagen Copenhagen, Denmark December 1978

J.S. Turner, "Periodic and Nonperiodic Behavior in an Oscillating Chemical Reaction."

1979 Midwinter Solid State Research Conference Laguna Beach, California January 1979

J.S. Turner, "Nonlinear and Nonequilibrium Phenomena in Condensed Matter."

Symposium on Dissipative
Structures and Spatiotemporal
Organization in Biomedical Research
University of South Dakota
Sioux Falls, South Dakota
January 1979

J.S. Turner, "Thermodynamics, Dissipative Structures, and Self-Organization in Biology: Implications for Biomedical Research."

1979 IEEE Conference on Decision and Control San Diego, California January 10-12, 1979

\*S.I. Marcus, "Discrete Time Optimal Nonlinear Estimation."

University of Tennessee Knoxville, Tennessee February 13, 1979

> \*E.J. Powers, "Applications of Digital Time Series Analysis to Linear and Nonlinear Wave Phenomena."

Oak Ridge National Laboratory Oak Ridge, Tennessee February 14, 1979

E.J. Powers, "A Fluctuation-Induced Transport Diagnostic Based on Digital FFT Spectral Analysis Techniques."

IBM Research Laboratory San Jose, California February 1979

R.T. Yeh, "Conceptual Modelling as a Basis for Specifying Complex Systems."

General Motors Research Labs Warren, Michigan March 1979

J.S. Turner, "Discrete Event Simulation in Chemical Kinetics."

Electrical Engineering Seminar Rice University Houston, Texas March 20, 1979

G.L. Wise, "Nonlinear Transformation of Random Processes."

1979 Conference on Information
Sciences and Systems
Baltimore, Maryland
March 30, 1979
\*D.R. Halverson and G.L. Wise, "Asymptotically Optimum Zero Memory Detectors for Dependent Noise Processes."

#### CONFERENCE PROCEEDINGS

- B.F. Womack and H.W. Lo, "Synthesis of Feedback Systems with Nonlinear Uncertain Plants," <u>Proceedings of the IEEE Region V Annual Conference</u>, Tulsa, Oklahoma, 5 pp., April 16-18, 1978.
- \*H. Chang and J.K. Aggarwal, "Design of Semicausal Two-Dimensional Recursive Filters," <u>Proceedings of 1978 IEEE International Conference on Acoustics, Speech, and Signal Processing</u>, Tulsa, Oklahoma, April 1978.
  - G.J. Lipovski, "The Architectural Features of CASSM: A Context Addressed Segment Sequential Memory," <u>Proceedings of the 4th Symposium on Computer Architecture</u>, Palo Alto, California, pp. 31-38, April 1978.
  - R.M. Walser and R.W. Bene', "Membrane Effects at Silicon Interfaces," Proceedings of Conference on Thin Film Phenomena-Interfaces and Interactions 78-2, Electrochem. Soc. Publ., pp. 284-292, May 1978.
  - R.W. Bene' and R.M. Walser, "A Membrane Model for Interphases," Proceedings of Conference on Thin Film Phenomena Interfaces and Interactions 78-2, pp. 21-23, Electrochem. Soc. Publ., May 1978.
- \*K. Hirano and J.K. Aggarwal, "Design of Two-Dimensional Recursive Digital Filters with Half-Plane Symmetry Characteristics," Proceedings of the 1978 IEEE International Symposium on Circuits and Systems, New York, N.Y., pp. 474-479, May 1978.
- \*T.J. Wagner and L.P. Devroye, "The Strong Uniform Consistency of Kernel Density Estimates," Proceedings of the Fifth International Multivariate Analysis Symposium, University of Pittsburgh, June 14, 1978.
- \*T.K.M. Agerwala, "A Synthesis Rule for Concurrent Systems," Proceedings of the 15th Design Automation Conference, Las Vegas, Nevada, June 1978.
- G.J. Lipovski, "On Semantic Paging in Intelligent Discs," Proceedings Fourth Workshop on Computer Architecture for Non-numeric Processing, pp. 30-34, August 1-4, 1978.

<sup>\*</sup>Funded entirely or in part by the Joint Services Electronics Program.

- G.J. Lipovski and C.P. Chen, "On Conditional Moves in Control Processors," <u>Proceedings of the Second Rocky Mountain Symposition Microprocessors</u>, pp. 63-94, August 1978.
- T.K.M. Agerwala and B. Lint, "Communication in Parallel Algorithms for Boolean Matrix Multiplications," <u>Proceedings</u> 1978 International Conference on Parallel Processing, August 1978.
- R.W. Bene', R.M. Walser, and James C. Hu, "Relationship of Metal-Semiconductor Transition to First Compound Nucleation at the Interface of a Thin Film Transition Metal on a Silicon Substrate," <u>Proceedings of the 14th International Conference on the Physics of Semiconductors</u>, Edinburgh, Scotland, August 1978.
- \*D. Minoo-Hamedani, G.L. Wise, N.C. Gallagher, and T.E. McCannon, "A Novel Approach for Designing Nonlinear Discrete Time Filters: Part I," <u>Proceedings of the Sixteenth Annual Allerton Conference on Communication, Control, and Computing, Monticello, Illinois, pp. 117-126, October 4-6, 1978.</u>
- \*T.E. McCannon, N.C. Gallagher, G.L. Wise and D. Minoo-Hamedan.
  "A Novel Approach for Designing Nonlinear Discrete Time Filters: Part II," Proceedings of the Sixteenth Annual Allerton Conference on Communication, Control and Computing, Monticelle. Illinois, pp. 127-135, October 4-6, 1978.
- B.F. Womack and John P. Blanks, "New Control Algorithms via Brain Theory," Proceedings, 1978 Joint Automatic Control Conference, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, pp. 205-214, October 18-20, 1978.
- \*M.F. Becker and J. Knopp, "Laser Beam Sampling with Grating Rhombs," Abstracts of the 1978 Annual Meeting of the Optical Society of America, San Francisco, California, October 1978.
- G.J. Lipovski, "On Some Parallel Programming Techniques," Proceedings COMPSAC-78, pp. 781-789, November 13-16, 1978.
- S.A. Szygenda, "Simulation of Digital Systems: Where We Are and Where We May Be Headed," <u>Proceedings of Symposium on Computer Aided Design of Digital Electronic Circuits and Systems</u>, Brussels, Belgium, November 27-29, 1978.
- T.K.M. Agerwala and B. Lint, "Communication Issues in Parallel Algorithms and Systems," <u>Proc. IEEE Conference on Computer Software and Applications</u>, Chicago, November 1978.

- \*M.F. Becker, R.M. Walser and R.W. Gunn, "Fast Laser Excitations at the Semiconducting-Metallic Phase Transition in VO2," in Picosecond Phenomena, Springer Verlag, Berlin, 1978.
- R.W. Bene', R.M. Walser and James C. Hu, "Relationship of Metal-Semiconductor Transition to First Compound Nucleation at the Interface of a Thin Film Transition Metal on a Silicon Substrate," Proceedings of the 14th International Conference on The Physics of Semiconductors, Edinburgh, Scotland, 1978.
- \*M.F. Becker, R.M. Walser, and R.W. Gunn, "Fast Laser Excitations at the Semiconducting-Metallic Phase Transition in VO2," Technical Digest: Topical Meeting on Picosecond Phenomena, Optical Society of America, Hilton Head, South Carolina, 1978.
- R.M. Walser and M.F. Becker, "Fast Laser Kinetic Studies of the Semiconductor - Metal Phase Transition in VO, Thin Films," AIP Conf. Proc. on Laser-Solid Interactions, 1978.
- \*R.T.Yeh, "A Multi-Level Approach to Data Base Design," <u>Proc.</u>
  National Computer Symposium of Mexico, Monterey, Mexico, 1978.
- R.T. Yeh, "Da+a Base and Software Engineering A Design Viewpoint," Proc. 4th VLDB, Berlin, West Germany, 1978.
- R.T. Yeh, "Perspectives in Software Requirement Engineering,"

  Proc. Beyond Structured Programming, London, England, 1978.
- \*R.T. Yeh, "Data Base Design," <u>Proc. Nov. Computer Symposium</u>, Gottenberg, Sweden, 1978.
- J.S. Turner, "From Microphysics to Macrochemistry via Discrete Simulations," in "Simulation of Bulk Matter from a Molecular Perspective," P. Lykos, Ed., ACS Symposium (American Chemical Society, Washington, D.C., 1978), p. 231.
- J.S. Turner, "Self-Organization in Nonequilibrium Chemistry," Proceedings of a "Workshop on Dissipative Structures in the Social and Physical Sciences," September 25-27, 1978, Austin, Texas, (University of Texas Press, Austin, Texas, 1979).
- J.S. Turner, "Thermodynamics, Dissipative Structures, and Self-Organization in Biology: Some Implications for Biomedical Research," <u>Proceedings of the First John Lawrence Interdisciplinary Symposium on the Physics and Biomedical Sciences</u>, January 17, 1979, Sioux Falls, South Dakota.

- \* S.I. Marcus, "Discrete Time Optimal Nonlinear Estimation," Proceedings of the 1978 IEEE Conference on Decision and Control, New York, IEEE Press, pp. 274-279, January 1979.
- \* K. Hsu and S.I. Marcus, "A General Martingale Approach to Discrete Time Stochastic Control and Estimation," <u>Proceedings of the 1978 IEEE Conference on Decision and Control</u>, New York, IEEE Press, pp. 704-708, January 1979.
- \* D.R. Halverson and G.L. Wise, "Asymptotically Optimum Zero Memory Detectors for Dependent Noise Processes," <u>Proceedings of the 1979 Conference on Information Sciences and Systems</u>, Baltimore, Maryland, March 28-30, 1979.
- \* R.M. Walser and M.F. Becker, "Fast Laser Kinetic Studies of the Semiconductor-Metal Phase Transition in VO, Films," AIP Conference Proceedings on Laser-Solid Interactions and Laser Processing, American Institute of Physics, 1979.

1979 - 1980

#### JOURNAL ARTICLES

- \*Y.C. Kim, W.F. Wong, E.J. Powers, and J.R. Roth, "Extension of the Coherence Function to Quadratic Models," Proceedings of the IEEE (Letters), 67, 428-429, March 1979.
- T. Itoh and C. Chang, "Resonant Characteristics of Dielectric Resonators for Millimeter-Wave Integrated Circuits," Archi fur Elektronik und Unbertragungstechnik, 33, No. 4, 141-144, April 1979.
- \*S.I. Marcus, "Optimal Nonlinear Estimation for a Class of Discrete Time Stochastic Systems," IEEE Transactions on Automatic Control, AC-24, 297-302, April 1979.
- \*G.L. Wise and S.I. Marcus, "Stochastic Stability for a Class of Systems with Multiplicative State Noise," IEEE Transactions on Automatic Control, AC-24, 333-335, April 1979.
- J.K. Aggarwal and J.W. Roach, "Computer Tracking of Objects Moving in Space," IEEE Transactions on Pattern Analysis and Machine Intelligence, <u>PAMI-1</u>, No. 2, 127-135, April 1979.
- T. Itoh and F.J. Hsu, "Distributed Bragg Reflector Gunn Oscillators for Dielectric Millimeter-Wave Integrated Circuits," IEEE Transactions on Microwave Theory and Techniques," MTT-27, No. 5, 514-518, May 1979.
- J.K. Aggarwal, R. Jain and W.N. Martin, "Computer Analysis of Scenes with Curved Objects," Proceedings of the IEEE, 67, No. 5, 805-812, May 1979.
- J.K. Aggarwal and M. Knox, "Advanced Graphics Laboratory," Discovery, Vol. III, No. 4, 12-15, June 1979.
- \*Y.C. Kim and E.J. Powers, "Digital Bispectral Analysis and Its Applications to Nonlinear Wave Interactions," IEEE Transactions on Plasma Science, PS-7, 120-131, June 1979.
- J.K. Aggarwal, L. Davis and S. Johns, "Texture Analysis Using Generalized Cooccurrence Matrices," IEEE Transactions on Pattern Analysis and Machine Intelligence, PAMI-1, No. 3, 251-259, July 1979.

<sup>\*</sup>Funded entirely or in part by the Joint Services Electronics Program.

- \*K. Hsu and S.I. Marcus, "A General Martingale Approach to Discrete Time Stochastic Control and Estimation," IEEE Transactions on Automatic Control, AC-24, 580-583, August 1979.
- T. Itoh and F.J. Hsu, "Application of Inverted Strip Dielectric Waveguide for Measurement of the Dielectric Constant of Low-Loss Materials at Millimeter-Wave Frequencies," IEEE Transactions on Microwave Theory and Techniques, MTT-27, No. 10, 841-844, October 1979.
- B.S. Song and T. Itoh, "Distributed Bragg Reflection Dielectric Waveguide Oscillators," IEEE Transactions on Microwave Theory and Techniques, MTT-27, No. 12, 1019-1022, December 1979.
- \*J.W. Keto, F.K. Soley, R.E. Gleason and G.K. Walters, "Exciton Lifetime in Electron Beam Excited Condensed Phases of Argon and Xenon," J. Chem. Phys., 71, 2676, 1979.
- J.S. Turner, "Computer Simulation of Chemical Nucleation," Astrophysics and Space Science, 65, 383-395, 1979.
- Luc P. Devroye and T.J. Wagner, "Distribution-Free Inequalities for the Deleted and Holdout Error Estimates," IEEE Transactions on Information Theory, <u>IT-25</u>, 202-207, 1979.
- Luc P. Devroye and T.J. Wagner, "Distribution-Free Performance Bounds with the Resubstitution Error Estimate," IEEE Transactions on Information Theory, <u>IT-25</u>, 208-210, 1979.
- \*G.L. Wise and S.I. Marcus, "Stochastic Stability for a Class of Systems with Multiplicative State Noise," IEEE Transactions on Automatic Control, AC-24, 333-335, 1979.
- L.P. Devroye and T.J. Wagner, "The L<sub>1</sub> Convergence of Kernel Density Estimates," Annals of Statistics, 7, 1136-1139, 1979.
- \*C.S. Penrod and T.J. Wagner, "Risk Estimation for Nonparametric Discrimination and Estimation Rules," IEEE Transactions on Information Theory, IT-25, 753-758, 1979.
- \*L.P. Devroye and T.J. Wagner, "Distribution-Free Performance Bounds for Potential Function Rules," IEEE Transactions on Information Theory, IT-25, 601-604, 1979.
- \*J.P. Stark, "Field Induced Volume Diffusion in a Two Phase System," J. Appl. Physics, 50, 2771, 1979.

- \*J.P. Stark, "Evolution of Two Phase Dispersion of Volume Diffusion," J. Appl. Phys., 50, 5541, 1979.
- \*J.P. Stark, "Solute Induced Jump Correlations During Diffusive Processes," Journal of Applied Physics, 50, 285, 1979.
- \*M.H. Proffitt, L. Frommhold, "Concerning the Anisotropy of the Polarizability Tensor of Pairs of Methane Molecules," Chem. Phys., 36, 197-200, 1979.
- \*L. Frommhold, M.H. Proffitt, "Raman Spectra and Polarizability of the Neon Diatom," Chem. Phys. Letters, 66, 210, 1979.
- \*M.H. Proffitt, L. Frommhold, "New Measurement of the Trace of the Helium Diatom Polarizability from the Collision-Induced, Polarized, Raman Spectrum," Phys. Rev. Letters, 42, 1473-1475, 1979.
- \*L. Frommhold, M.H. Proffitt, "Concerning the Anisotropy of the Helium Diatom Polarizability," J. Chem. Phys., 70, 4803-4804, 1979.
- \*M.H. Proffitt, L. Frommhold, "Concerning the Instrumental Profile of a Double Monochromator," Rev. Sci. Instr., 50, 666-668, 1979.
- \*Steven M. Zwernemann and Michael F. Becker, "Enhancement of Third Harmonic Generation in Metal-Dielectric Waveguides," Applied Optics, 18, 728-732, 1979.
- \*M. Fink, P.G. Moore and D. Gregory, "Precise Determination of Differential Electron Scattering Cross Sections I. The Apparatus and the N<sub>2</sub> Result," J. Chem. Phys., <u>71</u>, 5221,1979.
- \*M. Fink, C.W. Schmiedekamp, and D. Gregory, "Precise Determination of Differential Electron Scattering Cross Sections II. CH<sub>4</sub>, CO<sub>2</sub>, and CF<sub>4</sub>," J. Chem. Phys., <u>71</u>, 5238, 1979.
- \*M. Fink and C. Schmiedekamp, "Precise Determination of Differential Electron Scattering Cross Sections III. The Exchange Corrections," J. Chem. Phys., 71, 5243, 1979.
- \*K.M. Chung, G.J. Stevens, and M.F. Becker, "Investigation of Multiphoton Absorption in SF, by Third Harmonic Generation," IEEE Journal of Quantum Electronics, QE-15, 874-878, 1979.

- \*Michael F. Becker, "Correcting Inherent Aberrations in the Grating Rhomb Beam Sampler," Applied Optics, 18, 4178-4181, 1979.
- Y.C. Kim, E.J. Powers, J.Y. Hong, J.R. Roth and W.M. Krawczonek, "The Effects of a Weak Vertical Magnetic Field on Fluctuation-Induc d Transport in a Bumpy-Torus Plasma," <u>Nuclear Fusion</u>, Vol. 20, 171-176, February 1980.
- \*Y.C. Kim, J.M. Beall, E.J. Powers, and R.W. Miksad, "The Bi-spectrum and Nonlinear Wave Coupling," Phys. Fluids, 23, 258-263, February 1980.
- \*D.R. Halverson and G.L. Wise, "Discrete Time Detection in \$\phi\$-Mixing Noise," to appear in IEEE Transactions on Information Theory, March 1980.
- \*C. Liu and S.I. Marcus, "Estimator Performance for a Class of Nonlinear Estimation Problems," to appear in IEEE Transactions on Automatic Control, April 1980.
- G.L. Wise, "The Effect of a Zero Memory Nonlinearity on the Bandlimitedness of Contaminated Gaussian Inputs," to appear in IEEE Transactions on Information Theory, May 1980.
- \*L.P. Devroye and G.L. Wise, "Consistency of a Recursive Nearest Neighbor Regression Function Estimate," to appear in Journal of Multivariate Analysis, June 1980.
- L.P. Devroye and G.L. Wise, "Detection of Abnormal Behavior via Nonparametric Estimation of the Support," to appear in SIAM Journal of Applied Mathematics, June 1980.
- J.P. Stark, "Concentration of Vacancies in a Temperature Gradient," Phys. Rev., <u>B21</u>, 556, 1980.
- K. Araki and T. Itoh, "Hankel Transform Domain Analysis at Open Circular Microstrip Radiating Structures," IEEE Trans. Antennas and Propagation, AP-28, 1980.
- T. Itoh and W. Menzel, "A High Frequency Analysis Method for Open Microstrip Structures," IEEE Trans. Antennas and Propagation, AP-28, 1980.
- L.P. Schmidt and T. Itoh, "Spectral Domain Analysis of Dominant and Higher Order Modes in Fin-Lines," IEEE Trans. Microwave Theory and Techniques, MTT-28, 1980.

- T. Itoh, "Spectral Domain Immittance Approach for Dispersion Characteristics of Generalized Printed Transmission Lines," IEEE Trans. Microwave Theory and Techniques," MTT-28, 1980.
- \*J.W. Keto, T.D. Raymond, and S.T. Walsh, "A Low Inductance Spark Gap Switch for Blumlein Driven Lasers," Rev. Sci. Inst., 51, 42, 1980.
- \*M.H. Proffitt and L. Frommhold, "Collision-Induced Polarized and Depolarized Spectra of Helium and the Diatom Polarizability," J. Chem. Phys., 72, No. 2, 1377, 1980.
- L.P. Devroye and T.J. Wagner, "Distribution-Free Consistency Results in Nonparametric Discrimination and Regression Functions Estimation," Annals of Statistics 8, 231-239, 1980.
- \*A.B. Buckman and S. Chao, "Ellipsometric Characterization of the Glassy Layer at Metal/Semiconductor Interfaces," Surface Science 96, 1980.
- J.L. Speyer, S.I. Marcus, and J. Krainak, "A Decentralized Team Decision Problem with an Exponential Cost Criterion," to appear in IEEE Transactions on Automatic Control.
- \*L.W. Frommhold, "Recent Developments Concerning Diatom Polarizabilities," Adv. Chem. Phys., Vol. 46, in press.
- \*L.W. Frommhold and M.H. Proffitt, "The Collision-Induced Raman Spectra of Neon and the Diatom Polarizability," Phys. Rev., in press.
- L.P. Devroye and T.J. Wagner, "On the L<sub>1</sub> Convergence of Kernel Regression Function Estimators with Applications in Discrimination," to appear in Zeitschrift fur Wahrscheinlichkeitstheorie und Verwandte Geibiete.
- \*D.R. Halverson and G.L. Wise, "A Detection Scheme for Dependent Noise Processes," to appear in Journal of the Franklin Institute.
- B.F. Dickens, C.E. Martin, G.P. King, J.S. Turner, and G.A. Thompson, Jr., "Fluorescence Polarization Measurements Correlating Specific Lipid Compositional Changes with Alterations in the Discontinuous Thermotropic Response of Tetrahymena Membrane Lipids," Biochem. Biophys. Acta, in press.

- \*C.H. Holder, Jr., D. Gregory and M. Fink, "Data Correlation Analysis Applied to Electron Diffraction," J. Chem. Phys., accepted for publication.
- \*C.H. Holder and M. Fink, "Structure Determination of SO, by Electron Diffraction," J. Chem. Phys., accepted for publication.
- \*B. Miller and M. Fink, "Mean Amplitudes of Vibration of SF and Intramolecular Multiple Scattering," J. Chem. Phys., accepted for publication.
- \*J.Y. Hong, Y.C. Kim, and E.J. Powers, "On Modelling the Nonlinear Relationship Between Fluctuations with Nonlinear Transfer Functions," accepted for publication.
- \*J.W. Keto, C.F. Hart, and Chien-Yu Kuo, "Electron Beam Excited Mixtures of O, in Argon, I. Spectroscopy," accepted for publication in J. Chem. Phys.
- \*J.W. Keto, "Electron Beam Excited Mixtures of 0, in Argon, II. Electron Distributions and Excitation Rates," accepted for publication in J. Chem. Phys.
- \*J.W. Keto, C.F. Hart, and Chien-Yu Kuo, "Electron Beam Excited Mixtures of  $\rm O_2$  in Argon, III. Energy Transfer Rates, accepted for publication in J. Chem. Phys.
- J.S. Turner, "Explanation of Bursts of Oscillation, Multiple Frequencies, and Chemical 'Chaos' in the Belousov-Zhabotinskii Reaction," submitted to J. Chem. Phys.
- E.V. Mielczarek, J.S. Turner, D. Leiter, and L. Daris, "Chemical Clocks--A Set of Demonstrations Illustrating Nonlinear Phenomena," submitted to Amer. J. Phys.
- \*R.W. Bené, R.M. Walser, G.S. Lee and K.C. Chen," Is First Phase Nucleation at Metal-Semiconductor Interfaces a Electronically Induced Instability?", submitted to J. Vac. Soc. Technol., 1980.
- \*Y.C. Kim, L. Khadra, and E.J. Powers, "On Wave Modulations in a Nonlinear Dispersive Medium," submitted for publication.
- J.W. Keto, F.K. Soley, and R.E. Gleason, "Response to 'Comment on Exciton Lifetime in Electron Beam Excited Condensed Phases of Argon and Xenon'," submitted to J. Chem. Phys.

- \*M.F. Becker, R.M. Walser, J.G. Ambrose, and D.Y. Sheng, "Picosecond, 1.06 Micron Laser-Induced Amorphous Phases in Thin, Single Crystal Silicon Membranes," submitted for publication.
- \*K.M. Chung, G.J. Mauger, and M.F. Becker, "Third Harmonic Generation and Multiphoton Absorption in SF<sub>6</sub> at 193K," submitted for publication.
- \*S.N. Ketkar, J.W. Keto, and C.H. Holder, "Correlation for Measuring Picosecond Pulses-A New Design," submitted for publication.
  - J.P. Stark, "Thermodynamic Evolution During Diffusion," Met. Trans., in review.
- J.P. Stark, "An Approximate Analytical Demonstration of the Famous Darken Experiment," Met. Trans., in review.
- \*J.W. Keto and Chien-Yu Kuo, "Collisional Quenching of A (3p) 4 and A (3p) 3d in Electron Beam Excited Argon at High Densities," in preparation.
- \*Chien-Yu Kuo and J.W. Keto, "Dissociative Recombination of Ions in Electron Beam Excited Argon at High Densities," in preparation.
- \*L.W. Frommhold, J.W. Keto, and M.H. Proffitt, "Collision-Induced Light Scattering by the 3He Diatom," in preparation for Phys. Rev. Letters.
- J.S. Turner, "Homogeneous Bifurcation Phenomena in Oscillating Chemical Reactions. A Model Study of the Belousov-Zhabotinskii Reaction," J. Chem. Phys., in preparation.
- J.S. Turner, "Thermodynamics, Dissipative Structures, and Self-Organization in Nonequilibrium Chemistry," J. Nonequil. Thermodynamics, invited review, in preparation.
- J.S. Turner, "Order and Chaos in Nonequilibrium Chemical Dynamics," Topics in Current Chemistry, invited review, in preparation.
- \*B.S. Song and T. Itoh, "An Analysis of Planar Distributed Gunn Devices," IEEE Trans. Microwave Theory and Techniques, in preparation.
- \*L.W. Frommhold, J.W. Keto, and M.H. Proffitt, "The Diatom Polarizability from Collision, Induced Scattering Measurements of the Helium Isotopes, He-He, He-He," in preparation.

#### TECHNICAL PRESENTATIONS AND LECTURES

1979 IEEE International Conference on Acoustics, Speech and Signal Processing Washington, D.C. April 2-4, 1979

\*J.K. Aggarwal and H. Chang, "Stabilization of Two-Dimensional Recursive Filters."

Workshop on Computer Analysis of Time-Varying Imagery Philadelphia, PA. April 5-6, 1979

J.K. Aggarwal and J. Roach, "On the Ambiguity of Three-Dimensional Analysis of a Moving Object from Its Images."

J.K. Aggarwal, R. Jain and W. Martin, "Segmentation Through the Detection of Changes Due to Motion."

J.K. Aggarwal and W. Martin, "Occlusion in Dynamic Scene Analysis."

Texas Systems Workshop Dallas, Texas April 21, 1979

G.L. Wise, "Nonlinear Transformations of Random Processes."

IEEE MTT Symposium Orlando, Florida April 29-May 2, 1979

B.S. Song and T. Itoh, "A Distributed Feedback Dielectric Waveguide Oscillator with a Built-in Leaky-Wave Antenna."

C. Chang and T. Itoh, "Spectral Domain Analysis of Dominant and Higher Order Modes in Fin-Lines."

<sup>\*</sup>Funded entirely or in part by the Joint Services Electronics Program.

1979 IEEE International Conference on Plasma Science Montreal, Quebec, Canada June 4-6, 1979

Y.C. Kim, E.J. Powers, J.Y. Hong, J.R. Roth, and W.M. Krawczonek, "Fluctuation-Induced Transport in a Bumpy Torus Plasma."

Y.C. Kim, E.J. Powers, R.O. Withrow, and J.R. Roth, "Spectral Index Determination of Dispersive Fluctuations."

J.R. Roth, W.M. Krawczonek, E.J. Powers, J.Y. Hong, and Y.C. Kim, "The Role of Fluctuation-Induced Transport in a Toroidal Plasma with Strong Radial Electric Fields."

Twenty-Second Midwest Symposium on Circuits and Systems Philadelphia, Pennsylvania June 17-19, 1979

\*D.R. Halverson and G.L. Wise, "On Polynomial Nonlinearities for Detection in \$\phi\$-Mixing Noise."

1979 International IEEE/APS Symposium and National Radio Science Meeting Seattle, Washington June 18-22, 1979

\*Y.C. Kim and E.J. Powers, "Amplitude and Phase Modulation of a Wave due to Nonlinear Wave-Wave Interactions."

\*E.J. Powers and Y.C. Kim, "Bispectral Study of Nonlinear Wave-Wave Interactions."

IEEE International Symposium on Information Theory Grignano, Italy June 25-29, 1979

T.J. Wagner and L.P. Devroye, "The Asymptotic Convergence of Kernel Rules."

IEEE International Symposium on
 Information Theory
(continued)

T.J. Wagner and L.P. Devroye, "Distribution-Free Performance Bounds for Potential Function Rules."

Technical University of Darmstadt Darmstadt, West Germany June 26, 1979

T. Itoh, "New Millimeter-Wave Circuit Approach."

Technical University of Aachen Aachen, West Germany June 28, 1979

T. Itoh, "Dielectric Waveguide Techniques for Millimeter-Wave Integrated Circuits."

University of Duisburg Duisburg, West Germany June 29, 1979

T. Itoh, "Quasi-Optical Techniques for Millimeter-Wave Integrated Circuits."

Euro-Physics Study Conference on Multiphoton Processes Benodet, France June 1979

> \*M.F. Becker, K.M. Chung, and G.J. Stevens, "Investigation of Multiphoton Absorption in SF<sub>6</sub> by Third Harmonic Generation."

Joint Automatic Conference of Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers Denver, Colorado June 1979

J.K. Aggarwal and N. Huang, "On Linear Shift-Variant Digital Filters."

Symposium on Machine Processing of Remotely Sensed Data Purdue University June 1979

J.K. Aggarwal and D. Williams, "Computer Recognition of Citrus Infestations."

Swiss Federal Institute of Technology Zurich, Switzerland July 3, 1979

T. Itoh, "Dielectric Waveguide Approach for Millimeter-Wave Integrated Circuits."

Selenia S.P.A. Rome, Italy July 11, 1979

T. Itoh, "Dielectric Waveguide Type Millimeter-Wave Components."

IEEE South Central Italy Section University of Rome Rome, Italy July 22, 1979

T. Itoh, "Millimeter Wave Circuits."

Herzberg International Conference on van der Walls Molecules Universite Laval Quebec, Canada August 1-3, 1979

\*L.W. Frommhold and M.H. Proffitt, "Collision-Induced Scattering of Light."

Ninth Conference on Stochastic Processes and their Applications Evanston, Illinois August 6-10, 1979

G.L. Wise, "The Non-Bandlimitedness of a Class of Random Processes."

Sagamore Conference VI Mont Tremplant Quebec, Canada August 19-25, 1979

M. Fink, "Charge Densities of Free Molecules."

Fourth International Conference on Ellipsometry Berkeley, California August 20-22, 1979

> \*A.B. Buckman, "Ellipsometric Characterization of the Glassy Lager at Metal/ Semiconductor Interfaces."

International Conference on the Physics of Atomic Collisions Kyoto, Japan August 29-September 6, 1979

\*L.W. Frommhold and M.H. Proffitt, "Collision-Induced Scattering of Light."

International Conference on Artificial Intelligence Tokyo, Japan August 1979

J.K. Aggarwal, W. Martin, and R. Jain, "Extraction of Moving Object Images Through Change Detection."

9th European Microwave Conference Brighton, England September 17-21, 1979

> T. Itoh, "Spectral Domain Immittance Approach for Dispersion Characteristics of Shielded Microstrips with Tuning Systems."

International Discussion Meeting on Kinetics of Physico-Chemical Oscillations Aachen, Germany September 1979

Jack Turner, "Periodic and Nonperiodic Oscillations in the Belousov-Zhabotinskii Reaction."

Seventeenth Annual Allerton Conference on Communication, Control, and Computing Monticello, Illinois October 10-12, 1979

> \*D.R. Halverson and G.L. Wise, "On the Performance of a Modified Sign Detector for M-Dependent Data."

G.L. Wise and N.C. Gallagher, "On the Determination of Regression Functions."

Workshop on Printed Circuit
Antenna Technology
Las Cruces, New Mexico
October 17-19, 1979

T. Itoh and W. Menzel, "A High Frequency Analysis for Open Microstrip Structures."

National Radio Science Meeting Boulder, Colorado November 5-8, 1979

T. Itoh and D. Zimmerman, "Characteristics of Microstrip Slot Lines."

Twenty-First Annual Meeting of the Division of Plasma Physics of The American Physical Society Boston, Massachusetts November 12-16, 1979

> \*E.J. Powers, Y.C. Kim, and J.M. Beall, "Experimental Study of Nonlinear Wave Coupling of Drift Waves."

Twenty-First Annual Meeting of the Division of Plasma Physics of The American Physical Society (continued)

Y.C. Kim, L. Khadra, and E.J. Powers, "Nonlinear Wave Modulation in a Weakly Ionized Plasma."

T.P. Kochanski, R.D. Bengtson, Y.C. Kim, L. Khadra, and E.J. Powers, "Mirnov Oscillations and Other MHD Fluctuating Phenomena on PRETEXT."

Purdue University School of Electrical Engineering West Lafayette, Indiana November 28, 1979

G.L. Wise, "Noise, Nonlinearities, and Bandlimitedness."

Colloquium
Texas A&M University
College Station, Texas
December 7, 1979

J.W. Keto, "Two Photon Spectroscopy of Xenon."

1979 IEEE Conference on Decision and Control Ft. Lauderdale, Florida December 10-12, 1979

> K. Hsu and S.I. Marcus, "Decentralized Control of Finite State Markov Decision Processes."

\*C.H. Liu and S.I. Marcus, "Estimator Performance for a Class of Nonlinear Estimation Problems."

1979 International Colloquium on Circuits and Systems Taipei, Taiwan 1979

J.K. Aggarwal, "Dynamic Scene Analysis."

International Conference on Nonlinear Dynamics New York Academy of Sciences New York December 1979

Jack Turner, "Two Paths to Chaos in the Belousov-Zhabotinskii Reaction."

U.S. Air Force Aero Propulsion Laboratory Wright Patterson Air Force Base Dayton, Ohio January 3, 1980

J.W. Keto, "Dissociative Recombination of Electrons and Ions in Electron Beam Excited Argon at High Density."

University of Muenster Muenster, Germany January 7, 1980

M.F. Fink, "Images of Atoms and Molecules."

University of Marburg Germany January 8, 1980

M.F. Fink, "Images of Atoms and Molecules"

Free University of Berlin Germany January 10, 1980

M.F. Fink, "Images of Atoms and Molecules"

University of Kaiserslautern Germany January 14, 1980

M.F. Fink, "Images of Atoms and Molecules."

University of Tuebingen Germany January 17, 1980

M.F. Fink, "Images of Atoms and Molecules."

Seventh Annual Conference on Physics of Compound Semiconductor Interfaces Estes Park, Colorado January 29-31, 1980

R.W. Bené, R.M. Walser, G.S. Lee and K.C. Chen, "Is First Phase Nucleation at Metal Semiconductor Interfaces an Electronically Induced Instability?"

Department of Mathematics Seminar University of Groningen Groningen, The Netherlands February 5, 1980

S.I. Marcus, "Modeling and Analysis of Stochastic Differential Equations."

Workshop on Compound Semiconductors for Microwave Materials and Devices San Francisco, California February 11-12, 1980

> \*B.S. Song and T. Itoh, "Comparative Study of Microstrip and Coplanar Type Planar Gunn Devices."

Laboratoire des Signaux et Systems Ecole Superieure d'Electricite Gif Sur-Yvette, France February 20, 1980

\*S.I. Marcus, "Modeling and Approximation of Stochastic Differential Equations Driven by Semimartingales."

Lehigh University Colloquium Bethlehem, PA. March 3, 1980

T. Itoh, "Millimeter Wave Integrated Circuits."

8th Austin Symposium on Molecular Structure Austin, Texas March 3-5, 1980

M. Fink and M. Kelley, "Current Electron Diffraction Studies on SF<sub>6</sub>."

The American Physical Society
Third Topical Conference on
High Temperature Plasma Diagnostics
Los Angeles, California
March 17-19, 1980

Y.C. Kim, L. Khadra, E.J. Powers, T. Kochanski, and R.D. Bengtson, "Utilization of Complex Energy Density Functions in the Analysis of Nonstationary Fluctuations in Tokamak Plasmas."

1980 March Meeting of the APS New York March 24-28, 1980

M.H. Kelley and M. Fink, "The Importance of Vibrational Anharmonicity in SF<sub>6</sub>."

Fourteenth Annual Conference on Information Sciences and Systems Princeton, New Jersey March 26-28, 1980

\*D.R. Halverson and G.L. Wise, "Zero Memory Detection of Random Signals in  $\phi$ -Mixing Noise."

N.C. Gallagher and G.L. Wise, "Passband and Stopband Properties of Median Filters."

\*G.L. Wise and H.V. Poor, "Stochastic Convergence Under Nonlinear Transformations on Metric Spaces."

Workshop on Instabilities, Bifurcations, and Fluctuations in Chemical Systems Austin, Texas March 1980

Jack Turner, "Bifurcations Leading to Chemical Chaos: Theory and Experiment."

Twelfth Southeastern Symposium on System Theory Virginia Beach, Virginia May 19-20, 1980

> G.L. Wise, "Recent Results Concerning the Effects of Nonlinearities on Random Inputs."

### CONFERENCE PROCEEDINGS

- \*J.K. Aggarwal and H. Chang, "Stabilization of Two-Dimensional Recursive Filters," Proceedings of the 1979 IEEE International Conference on Acoustics, Speech and Signal Processing, Washington, D.C., pp. 9-12, April 2-4, 1979.
- J.K. Aggarwal and W. Martin, "Occlusion in Dynamic Scene Analysis," Proceedings of the Workshop on Computer Analysis of Time-Varying Imagery, Philadelphia, PA., April 5-6, 1979.
- J.K. Aggarwal, R. Jain and W. Martin, "Segmentation Through the Detection of Changes Due to Motion," <u>Proceedings of the Workshop on Computer Analysis of Time-Varying Imagery</u>, Philadelphia, PA., April 5-6, 1979.
- J.K. Aggarwal and J. Roach, "On the Ambiguity of Three-Dimensional Analysis of a Moving Object from its Images," <u>Proceedings of the Workshop on Computer Analysis of Time-Varying Imagery</u>, Philadelphia, PA., April 5-6, 1979.
- B.S. Song and T. Itoh, "A Distributed Feedback Dielectric Waveguide Oscillator with a Built-in Leaky-Wave Antenna," International Microwave Symposium Digest, Orlando, Florida, pp. 217-219, April-May 1979.
- C. Chang and T. Itoh, "Spectral Domain Analysis of Dominant and Higher-Order Modes in Fin-Lines," International Microwave Symposium Digest, Orlando, Florida, pp. 344-346, April-May 1979.
- \*D.R. Halverson and G.L. Wise, "On Polynomial Nonlinearities for Detection in  $\phi$ -Mixing Noise," <u>Proceedings of the Twenty-Second Midwest Symposium on Circuits and Systems</u>, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, pp. 504-508, June 17-19, 1979.
- \*J.K. Aggarwal and N. Huang, "On Linear Shift-Variant Digital Filters," Proceedings of the Joint Automatic Control Conference of Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Denver, Colorado, June 1979.
- J.K. Aggarwal and D. Williams, "Computer Recognition of Citrus Infestations," Proceedings of the Symposium on Machine Processing of Remotely Sensed Data, Purdue University, West Lafayette, Indiana, June 1979.
- \*Funded entirely or in part by the Joint Services Electronics Program.

- \*M.F. Becker, K.M. Chung, and J.G. Stevens, "Investigation of Multiphoton Absorption in SF, by Third Harmonic Generation," Proceedings of the Euro-physics Study Conference on Multiphoton Processes, Benodet, France, p. 93, June 1979.
- J.K. Aggarwal, W. Martin and R. Jain, "Extraction of Moving Object Images Through Change Detection," Proceedings of the International Joint Conference on Artificial Intelligence, Tokyo, Japan, August 1979.
- T. Itoh, "Spectral Domain Immittance Approach for Dispersion Characteristics of Shielded Microstrips with Tuning Septums," Proceedings of the 9th European Microwave Conference, Brighton, England, pp. 435-439, September 1979.
- \*D.R. Halverson and G.L. Wise, "On the Performance of a Modified Sign Detector for M-Dependent Data," <u>Proceedings of the Seventeenth Annual Allerton Conference on Communication, Control, and Computing</u>, Monticello, Illinois, pp. 143-151, October 10-12, 1979.
- G.L. Wise and N.C. Gallagher, "On the Determination of Regression Functions," Proceedings of the Seventeenth Annual Allerton Conference on Communication, Control, and Computing, Monticello, Illinois, pp. 616-623, October 10-12, 1979.
- T. Itoh and W. Menzel, "A High Frequency Analysis Method for Open Microstrip Structures," <u>Proceedings of Workshop on Printed Circuit Antenna Technology</u>, Las Cruces, New Mexico, October 1979.
- \*J.W. Keto and Chien-Yu Kuo, "Dissociative Recombination Rates for Ar," Proceedings of the 32nd Annual Gaseous Electronics Conference, October 1979.
- \*J.W. Keto, Chien-Yu Kuo, and C.F. Hart, "Production of O('S) in Electron Beam Excited O, Doped Argon," invited paper,

  Proceedings of the 32nd Annual Gaseous Electronics Conference,
  October 1979.
  - K. Hsu and S.I. Marcus, "Decentralized Control of Finite State Markov Decision Processes," <u>Proceedings of the 1979 IEEE</u> Conference on Decision and Control, New York, IEEE Press, December 1979.
- \*C.H. Liu and S.I. Marcus, "Estimator Performance for a Class of Nonlinear Estimation Problems," <u>Proceedings of the 1979</u>

- IEEE Conference on Decision and Control, New York, IEEE Press, pp. 518-522, December 1979.
- J.L. Speyer, S.I. Marcus, and J. Krainak, "A Decentralized Team Decision Problem with an Exponential Cost Criterion," Proceedings of the 1979 IEEE Conference on Decision and Control, New York, IEEE Press, pp. 952-957, December 1979.
- J.K. Aggarwal, "Dynamic Scene Analysis," <u>Proceedings of the 1979 International Colloquium on Circuits and Systems</u>, Taipei, Taiwan, 1979.
- \*L. Frommhold and M.H. Proffitt, "The Scattering of Light by Collisionally Interacting Pairs of Atoms," Proceedings of the Society for Atomic Collision Research, Japan, pp. 922-923, 1979.
- \*J.K. Aggarwal and H. Chang, "Implementation of Two-Dimensional Semicausal Recursive Filters," Proceedings of the International Symposium on Circuits and Systems, Tokyo, Japan, 1979.
- \*G.L. Wise and H.V. Poor, "Stochastic Convergence Under Non-linear Transformations on Metric Spaces," Proceedings of the Fourteenth Annual Conference on Information Sciences and Systems, Princeton, New Jersey, March 26-28, 1980.
- N.C. Gallagher and G.L. Wise, "Passband and Stopband Properties of Median Filters," Proceedings of the Fourteenth Annual Conference on Information Sciences and Systems, Princeton, New Jersey, March 26-28, 1980.
- \*D.R. Halverson and G.L. Wise, "Zero Memory Detection of Random Signals in φ-Mixing Noise," Proceedings of the Fourteenth Annual Conference on Information Sciences and Systems, Princeton, New Jersey, March 26-28, 1980.
- G.L. Wise, "Recent Results Concerning the Effects of Nonlinearities on Random Inputs," Proceedings of the Twelfth Southeastern Symposium on System Theory, Virginia Beach, Virginia, May 19-20, 1980.
- T. Itoh and B. Adelseck, "Trapped Image Guide for Millimeter-Wave Circuits," International Microwave Symposium Digest, Washington, D.C., May 1980.
- L.P. Schmidt, T. Itoh and H. Hofmann, "Characteristics of Unilateral Fin-Line Structures with Arbitrarily Located Slots,"

International Microwave Symposium Digest, Washington, D.C., May 1980.

- K. Araki, B.S. Song and T. Itoh, "Nonreciprocal Effects in an Open Dielectric Waveguide with Grating Structures," International Microwave Symposium Digest, Washington, D.C., May 1980.
- T. Itoh and B. Adelseck, "Trapped Image Guide Leaky-Wave Antennas for Millimeter-Wave Applications," IEEE/AP-S International Symposium Digest, Quebec, Canada, June 1980.
- T. Itoh and L.P. Schmidt, "Characteristics of a Generalized Fin-Line for Millimeter-Wave Integrated Circuits," International URSI Symposium Digest, Munich, W. Germany, August 1980.
- \*T.J. Wagner and L.P. Devroye, "The Strong Uniform Consistency of Kernel Density Estimates," Proceedings of the Fifth International Symposium on Multivariate Analysis (P.R. Krishnaiah, Ed.), North Holland Publishing Co., pp. 59-77, 1980.
- J.S. Turner, "Thermodynamics, Dissipative Structures, and Self-Organization in Biology: Some Implications for Biomedical Research," Proceedings of the "First John Lawrence Interdisciplinary Symposium on the Physical and Biomedical Sciences," G.P. Scott, Ed., in press.
- J.S. Turner, "Self-Organization in Nonequilibrium Chemistry,"

  Proceedings of a Workshop on Dissipative Structure in the Social and Physical Sciences," P.M. Allen and W.C. Schieve, Eds.,
  University of Texas Press, Austin, in press.
- J.S. Turner, "Bifurcations Leading to Chemical Chaos: Theory and Experiment," Proceedings of a Workshop on "Instabilities, Bifurcations, and Fluctuations in Chemical Systems," invited paper, in preparation.

### BOOKS

- \*Digital Signal Processing, edited by J.K. Aggarwal, Western Periodicals Co., North Hollywood, California, 91605, 1979. (Includes an article by Hyokang Chang and J.K. Aggarwal, "Fundamentals of Two-Dimensional Recursive Filtering."
- J.K. Aggarwal and N.I. Badler edited the Abstracts of the Workshop on Computer Analysis of Time-Varying Imagery, April 1979, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

1980 - 1981

### JOURNAL ARTICLES

- \*M.F. Becker, R.M. Walser, J.G. Ambrose, and D.Y. Sheng, "Picosecond 1.06µm Laser-Induced Amorphous Phase in Thin Single Crystal Silicon Membranes," in Picosecond Phenomena, II, R.M. Hockstrasser et al eds., Springer Verlag, New York, 1980.
- \*C.H. Liu, and S.I. Marcus, "The Lie Algebraic Structure of a Class of Finite Dimensional Nonlinear Filters," in Algebraic and Geometric Methods in Linear Systems Theory, Lectures in Applied Mathematics, Vol. 18, C.I. Byrnes, and C.F. Martin (eds.), American Mathematical Society, Providence, 1980, pp. 277-297.
- \*S.I. Marcus, S.K. Mitter, and D. Ocone, "Finite Dimensional Nonlinear Estimation for a Class of Systems in Continuous and Discrete Time," in Analysis and Optimization of Stochastic Systems, O.L.R. Jacobs et al (eds.), Academic Press, New York, 1980, pp. 387-406.
- G. Praline, B.E. Koel, H.-I. Lee, and J.M. White, "Incorporation of Oxygen Chemisorbed on Ru(001)," Applic. of Surf. Sci. 5, 296 (1980).
- L.P. Devroye and T.J. Wagner, "Distribution-Free Consistency Results in Nonparametric Discrimination and Regression Functions Estimation," Annals of Statistics, 8, 231-239, 1980.
- F. Tseng and J.M. White, "Titration of Oxygen Chemisorbed on Platinum: Experiment and Simulation," Int. J. Chem. Kinetics, 12, 417, 1980.
- J.K. Aggarwal and D.H. Williams, "Computer Detection and Classification of Three Citrus Infestations," Computer Craphics and Image Processing, 14, 1980, pp. 373-390.
- H.J. Kimble, "Calculated Enhancement for Intracavity Spectroscopy with a Single-Mode Laser," IEEE J. Quantum Electron. QE-16, 455, 1980.

<sup>\*</sup>Funded entirely or in part by the Joint Services Electronics Program.

- D.W. Goodman, R.D. Kelly, T.E. Madey and J.M. White, "The Kinetics of Carbon Deposition from CO on Ru(110) and Ni(100)," J. Vac. Sci. Technol., 17, 143, 1980.
- S. Sato and J.M. White, "Photocatalytic Production of Hydrogen from Water and Texas Lignite using a Platinized Titania Catalyst," I & E C Prod, Res. & Dev., 19, 542 (1980).
- B.E. Koel, G. Praline, H.-I. Lee, J.M. White, and R.L. Hance, "X-ray Photoelectron Study of the Reaction of Water with Cerium," J. Electron Spectry. and Related Phenom., 21, 31 (1980).
- \*L.W. Frommhold and M.H. Proffitt, "The Collision-Induced Raman Spectra of Neon and the Diatom Polarizability," Phys. Rev., 21, 1249-55, 1980.
- \*Michael H. Proffitt, J.W. Keto, and Lothar Frommhold, "Collision Induced Spectra of the Helium Isotopes," Phys. Rev. Lett., 45, 1843 (1980).
- W. Eberhardt, E.W. Plummer, K. Horn, and J.L. Erskine, "Magnetic Exchange Splitting of Electronic Surface States on Ni(110)," Phys. Rev. Letters, 45, 273, 1980.
- \*S.N. Ketkar and M. Fink, "Effects of Vibration in Electron Scattering in H<sub>2</sub> and D<sub>2</sub>," Phys. Rev. Letters, <u>45</u>, 1561-1563 (1980).
- L.P. Devroye and T.J. Wagner, "On the  $L_1$  Convergence of Kernel Regression Function Estimators with Applications in Discrimination," Zeitschrift fur Wahrscheinlichkeitstheorie und Verwandte Geibiete, 51, 15-25, 1980.
- \*J.W. Keto, T.D. Raymond and S.T. Walsh, "A Low Inductance Spark Gap Switch for Blumlein Driven Lasers," Rev. Sci. Inst., 51, 42, 1980.
- J.M. White and C.T. Campbell, "Surface Science in Heterogeneous Catalysis: An Emerging Discipline," J. Chem. Educ., 57, 471, 1980.
- Ho-In Lee and J.M. White, "Carbon Monoxide Oxidation over Ru(001)," J. Catal., 63, 261, 1980.

- J.L. Erskine and A.M. Bradshaw, "The Electronic Structure and Orientation of the Surface Methroxy Species on Ni(111)," Chem. Phys. Letters, 72, 260, 1980.
- S. Sato and J. M. White, "Photodecomposition of Water over Pt/TiO2 Catalysts," Chem. Phys. Letters, 72, 83, 1980.
- S.-K. Shi and J.M. White, "Adsorption of O<sub>2</sub> and N<sub>2</sub>O on Carbon-covered Ru(001) Surfaces," J. Che. Phys.,  $\frac{73}{2}$ , (11), 5889, 1980.
- S.-K. Shi, J.M. White and R.L. Hance, "Properties of Oxygen Adsorption of Pt at 160 K," J. Phys. Chem.,  $\underline{84}$  (19), 2441 (1980).
- \*A.B. Buckman and S. Chao, "Ellipsometric Characterization of the Glassy Layer at Metal/Semiconductor Interfaces," Surface Science, 96, 346, 1980.
- J.L. Erskine, "Surface States and the Photoelectron Spin Polarization of Ni(001)," Phys. Rev. Letters,  $\underline{45}$ , 1446, (1980).
- H.J. Kimble, "Near-Field Emission of Lead-Sulfide-Selenide Homojunction Lasers," IEEE J. Quantum Electron. QE-16, 740, 1980.
- \*J.K. Aggarwal and Nian-Chyi Huang, "Frequency Domain Considerations of LSV Digital Filters," IEEE Transactions on Circuits and Systems, CAS-28, no. 4. April, 1980.
- \*C. Liu and S.I. Marcus, "Estimator Performance for a Class of Nonlinear Estimation Problems," IEEE Transactions on Automatic Control, Vol. AC-25, 299-302, April 1980.
- \*D.R. Halverson and G.L. Wise, "A Detection Scheme for Dependent Noise Processes," <u>Journal of the Franklin Institute</u>, Vol. 309, pp. 287-300, May 1980.
  - G.L. Wise, "The Effect of a Zero Memory Nonlinearity on the Bandlimitedness of Contaminated Gaussian Inputs," IEEE Transactions on Information Theory, Vol. <u>IT-26</u>, pp. 345-347, May 1980.

- L.P. Devroye and G.L. Wise, "Detection Abnormal Behavior via Nonparametric Estimation of the Support," SIAM Journal of Applied Mathematics, Vol. 38, 480-488, June 1980.
- T. Itoh, "Spectral Domain Immittance Approach for Dispersion Characteristics of Generalized Printed Transmission Lines," IEEE Trans. Microwave Theory and Techniques, Vol. MTT-28, 733-736, July 1980.
- \*J.K. Aggarwal and N.C. Huang, "On Linear Shift Variant Digital Filters," IEEE Transactions on Circuits and Systems," CAS-27, no. 8, 672-679, August 1980.
- \*J.Y. Hong, Y.C. Kim and E.J. Powers, "On Modeling the Non-linear Relationship Between Fluctuations with Nonlinear Transfer Functions," Proc. IEEE (Letters), 68, 1026-27, August 1980.
- L.P. Schmidt and T. Itoh, "Spectral Domain Analysis of Dominant and Higher Order Modes in Fin-Lines," IEEE Trans. Microwave Theory and Techniques, Vol. MTT-28, 981-985, September 1980.
- \*R.W. Bené, R.M. Walser, G.S. Lee, and K.C. Chen, "Is First Phase Nucleation at Metal-Semiconductor Interfaces an Electronically Induced Instability?", J. Vac. Soc. Technol., 17 (5), 911-915, Sept/Oct 1980.
- J. Speyer, S. Marcus, and J. Krainak, "A Decentralized Team Decision Problem with An Exponential Cost Criterion," in IEEE Transactions on Automatic Control, Vol. AC-25, No. 5, 919-924, October 1980.
- J. Speyer, S. Samn, and R. Albanese, "A Stochastic Differential Game Theory Approach to Human Operators in Adversary Tracking Encounters," in IEEE Transactions on Systems, Man, and Cybernetics, Vol. <u>SMC-10</u>, No. 11, November 1980.
- J.K. Aggarwal and J. Roach, "Determining the Movement of Objects from a Sequence of Images," IEEE Transactions on Pattern Analysis and Machine Intelligence, Vol. PAMI-2, no. 6, 554-562, November 1980.
- \*Y.C. Kim, L. Khadra, and E.J. Powers, "Wave Modulation in a Nonlinear Dispersive Media," Phys. Fluids, 23, 2250-2257, November 1980.

- \*M.F. Becker, G.J. Mauger, and Y. Twu, "Raman-Resonance Enhanced Third-Harmonic Generation in CD<sub>4</sub>," in J. Optical Soc. Am., Vol. 70, 1582-1583, December 1980.
- \*L.P. Devroye and G.L. Wise, "Consistency of a Recursive Nearest Neighbor Regression Function Estimation," in Journal of Multivariate Analysis, Vol. 10, 539-550, December 1980.
- T. Itoh and B. Adelseck, "Trapped Image Guide for Millimeter-Wave Circuits," IEEE Transactions Microwave Theory and Tech., Vol. MTT-28, 1433-1436, December 1980.
- \*A.B. Buckman and R.A. Montgelas, "Waveguiding Surface Damage Layer in LiTaO $_3$ ," Applied Optics,  $\underline{20}$ , 6 (1980).
- \*L.W. Frommhold, J.W. Keto, and M.H. Proffitt, "Collision-Induced Spectra of the Helium Isotopes," Phys. Rev. Letters, 45, 1843-6, (1981).
- \*L.W. Frommhold, "Collision-Induced Scattering of Light and the Diatom Polarizabilities," Adv. Chem. Phys., Vol. 46, 1-72, 1981.
- \*L.W. Frommhold, M.H. Proffitt, "The Polarized Raman Spectrum of the Argon Diatom," J. Chem. Phys., 72, 1512-13 (1981).
- S.-K. Shi, H.-I. Lee and J.M. White, "O and N O Chemisorption on Cu/Ru (001)," Surface Science,  $\frac{102}{56}$ , (1981).
- \*R.M. Walser, M.F. Becker, J.G. Ambrose, and D.Y. Sheng,
  "Heterogeneous Nucleation of Spatially Coherent Damage Structures in Crystalline Silicon with Picosecond 1.06µm and
  0.53µm Laser Pulses," in Laser and Electron Beam Solid Interactions and Materials Processing, AIP, New York, 1981.
- \*S.I. Marcus, "Modeling and Approximation of Stochastic Differential Equations Driven by Semimartingales," in Stochastics, Vol. 9, 223-245, 1981.
- J.L. Erskine, "Auger and Photoelectron Emission Study of Xenon on W(001)," Bull. Am. Physical Society, 26, 1981.
- \*S.N. Ketkar, J.W. Keto and C.H. Holder, "Correlator for Measuring Picosecond Pulses-A New Design," Rev. Sci. Inst., 52, 405, 1981.

- \*J.W. Keto, C.F. Hart, and Chien-Yu Kuo, "Electron Beam Excited Mixtures of Argon Doped with O<sub>2</sub>: I. Spectroscopy," J. Chem. Phys. 74, 4433, 1981.
- \*J.W. Keto, "Electron Beam Excited Mixtures of Argon Doped with  $O_2$ : II. Electron Distributions and Excitation Rates," J. Chem. Phys.,  $\underline{74}$ , 4445, 1981.
- \*J.W. Keto, C.F. Hart, and Chien-Yu Kuo, "Electron Beam Excited Mixtures of Argon Doped in O<sub>2</sub>: III. Energy Transfer Rates," J. Chem. Phys., 74, 4450, 1981.
- \*J.W. Keto and Chien-Yu Kuo, "Cascade Production of AR(3p<sup>5</sup>4p) Following Electron Bombardment," J. Chem. Phys., 74, 6188, 1981.
- T. Itoh and W. Menzel, "A High Frequency Analysis Method for Open Microstrip Structures," IEEE Trans. Antennas and Propagation, Vol. AP-29, 63-68, January 1981.
- K. Araki and T. Itoh, "Hankel Transform Domain Analysis of Open Circular Microstrip Radiating Structures," IEEE Trans. Antennas and Propagation, Vol. AP-29, 84-89, January 1981.
- I. Awai and T. Itoh, "Multilayered Open Dielectric Waveguide with a Gyrotropic Layer," <u>International J. Infared and Millimeter Waves</u>, Vol. 2, 1-14, <u>January 1981</u>.
- J.K. Aggarwal, B. Clearman, and L.S. Davis, "An Empirical Evaluation of Generalized Cooccurrence," IEEE Transactions on Pattern Analysis and Machine Intelligence, Vol. PAMI-3, no. 2, 214-221, March 1981.
- J.K. Aggarwal, L.S. Davis and W. Martin, "Correspondence Processes in Motion Analysis," Proceedings of the IEEE, Vol.  $\underline{69}$ , no. 5, 562-572, May 1981.
- \*A.B. Buckman and S. Chao, "Optical Evidence for an Electronic Transition at the Co/Si Interface," Journal of the Optical Society of America, Vol. 71, no. 8, 928-931, August 1981.
- \*I. Awai and T. Itoh, "Analysis of Distributed Gunn Effect Devices with Subcritical Doping," in International J. Infared and Millimeter Waves, Vol. 2, no. 5, September 1981.

- \*F. Barocchi, M. Zoppi, M.H. Proffitt, and L. Frommhold, "Determinination of the Collision-Induced Depolarized Raman Light Scattering Cross Section of Argon Diatom," Cana. J. Physics, September, 1981.
- \*G. Birnbaum, M.F. Brown, L. Frommhold, "Lineshapes and Dipole Moments in Collision-Induced Absorption," Canad. J. Physics, September, 1981.
- \*Michael H. Proffitt, J.W. Keto, and Lothar Frommhold, "Collision Induced Raman Spectra and Diatom Polarizabilities of the Rare Gases--an Update," Cana. J. Phys. <u>59</u>, to appear in September 1981.
- G.L. Wise and N.C. Gallagher, "A Novel Approach for the Computation of Orthogonal Polynomial Coefficients," to appear in Journal of Computational and Applied Mathematics.
- \*F. Kuhlmann and G.L. Wise, "On Second Moment Properties of Median Filtered Sequences of Independent Data," to appear in IEEE Trans. on Communications.
- N.C. Gallagher and G.L. Wise, "A Theoretical Analysis of the Properties of Median Filters," to appear in IEEE Trans. or Acoustics, Speech and Signal Processing.
- \*D.R. Halverson and G.L. Wise, "On the Performance of a Nonparametric Detection Scheme," to appear in IEEE Trans. Information Theory.
- D.R. Halverson and G.L. Wise, "Asymptotic Memoryless Detection of Random Signals in Dependent Noise," to appear in Journal of the Franklin Institute.
- T.E. McCannon, N.C. Gallagher, D. Minoo-Hamedani, and G.L. Wise, "On the Design of Nonlinear Discrete Time Predictors," to appear in IEEE Trans. Information Theory.
- \*C.H. Holder and M. Fink, "Structure Determination of  $SO_2$  by Electron Diffraction," J. Chem. Phys., in press.
- \*C.H. Holder, Jr., D. Gregory and M. Fink, "Data Correlation Analysis Applied to Electron Diffraction," J. Chem, Phys., in press.

- S.N. Ketkar, M. Fink, M. Kelley and R.C. Ivey, "On An Electron Diffraction Study of the Structure of Anthraquinone and Anthracene," J. Mol. Struct., in press.
- S.N. Ketkar and M. Fink, "The Molecular Structure of Naphthalene by Electron Scattering," J. Mol. Struct., in press.
- \*Chien-Yu Kuo and J.W. Keto, "Dissociative Recombination of Ions in Electron Beam Excited Argon at High Densities," in press.
- \*B. Miller and M. Fink, "Mean Amplitudes of Vibration of SF and Intramolecular Multiple Scattering," J. Chem. Phys., in press.
- J.L. Erskine, "Angle Resolved Photoelectron Emission from Xenon on W(100)," Phys. Rev., B24, 2236 (1981).
- G.K. Ovrebo and J.L. Erskine, "Angle-Resolving Photoelectron Energy Analyzer Designed for Synchrotron Radiation Spectroscopy," J. Electron Spectroscopy and Related Phenom., 24, 189 (1981).
- M.H. Kelley and M. Fink, "The Molecular Structure of Dimolybdenum Tetraacetate," J. Chem. Phys., accepted for publication.
- M.H. Kelley and M. Fink, "The Temperature Dependence of the Molecular Structure Parameters of  $SF_6$ ," J. Chem. Phys., accepted for publication.
- \*E.J. Powers, J.Y. Hong and Y.C. Kim, "Cross Sections and Radar Equation for Nonlinear Scatterers," IEEE Trans. on Aerospace and Electronic Systems, Vol. AES-17, 602-605, July 1981.
- J.R. Roth, W.M. Krawczonek, E.J. Powers, Y.C. Kim, and Jae Y. Hong, "Fluctuations and Turbulence in an Electric Field Bumpy Torus Plasma," accepted for publication in Journal of Applied Physics.
- J.R. Roth, W.M. Krawczonek, E.J. Powers, Jae Y. Hong, and Y.C. Kim, "The Role of Fluctuation-Induced Transport in a Toroidal Plasma with Strong Radial Electric Fields," accepted for publication in Plasma Physics.

- \*D.Y. Sheng, R.M. Walser, M.F. Becker, and J.G. Ambrose, "Heterogeneous Nucleation of Damage in Crystalline Silicon with Picosecond Laser Pulses," <u>Applied Physics Letters</u>, Vol. 39, pp. 99-101, July 1981.
- J. Krainak, J. Speyer and S. Marcus, "Static Team Problems, Part I: Sufficient Conditions and the Experimental Cost Criterion," accepted for publication in the IEEE Transactions on Automatic Control.
- J. Krainak, J. Speyer and S. Marcus, "Static Team Problems, Part II: Affine Control Laws, Projections, Algorithms, and the LEGT Problem," accepted for publication in the IEEE Transactions on Automatic Control.
- J. Krainak, F. Machell, S. Marcus and J. Speyer, "The Dynamic Linear Exponential Gaussian Team Problem," accepted for publication in the IEEE Transactions on Automatic Control.
- J.J. McClelland, J.M. Ratliff and M. Fink, "Measurements and Calculations of the Anomalous Energy Broadening of a 300 eV Electron Beam," accepted for publication in the J. App. Phys.
- L. Frommhold, G. Birnbaum, "Collision-Induced Absorption and the Repulsive Ne-Ar Potential." accepted for publication.
- \*J.G. Ambrose, M.F. Becker, R.M. Walser and D.Y. Sheng, "Spatially Coherent Damage Structures in Crystalline Silicon Produced by Picosecond Laser Pulses," submitted to Journal Appl. Phys.
- \*M.F. Becker, Y.C. Kim, S.R. Gautam and E.J. Powers, "Three Wave Optical Nonlinear Interactions in Dispersive Media," accepted for publication in IEEE J. Quant. Electron.
- A.M. Turner and J.L. Erskine, "Exchange Splitting and Critical Point Energies for Ferromagnetic Iron," submitted to Phys. Rev. B.
- L. Lancaster, R.M. Walser and R.W. Bené, "Compound Formation in Annealed Sputter Deposited Thin Vanadium Films on Single Crystal Substrates," in preparation.

## TECHNICAL PRESENTATIONS AND LECTURES

International Conference on Plasma
 Physics
Nagoya, Japan
April 7-11, 1980

E.J. Powers, Y.C. Kim, J.Y. Hong, J.R. Roth and W.M. Krawczonek, "Radially Inward Fluctuation-Induced Transport in a Bumpy-Torus Plasma."

\*E.J. Powers, Y.C. Kim and J.M. Beall, "Nonlinear Wave Coupling and Bispectral Analysis."

Oklahoma State University Stillwater, Oklahoma April 8, 1980

J.M. White, "Photoassisted Reactions at the Gas-Solid Interface."

Phillips Petroleum Co. Bartlesville, Oklahoma April 9, 1980

J.M. White, "Photoassisted Reactions at the Gas-Solid Interface."

New Mexico AVS Symposium Santa Fe, New Mexico May 6-8, 1980

> R.L. Hance, P.D. Schulze, H.-I. Lee and J.M. White, "Chemisorption of Nitric Oxide on Rhenium Studies by XPS."

J.M. White, "Photoassisted Catalysis Using  ${\rm TiO}_2$  Substrates."

<sup>\*</sup>Funded entirely or in part by the Joint Services Electronics Program.

1980 IEEE International Conference on Plasma Science Madison, Wisconsin May 19-20, 1980

\*E.J. Powers, Y.C. Kim and J.M. Beall, "Bispectral Study of Drift Wave Turbulence."

Twelfth Southeastern Symposium on System Theory Virginia Beach, Virginia May 19-20, 1980

G.L. Wise, "Recent Results Concerning the Effects of Nonlinearities on Random Inputs."

IEEE Mini-course on Modern Plasma Diagnostics Madison, Wisconsin May 21-23, 1980

\*E.J. Powers and Y.C. Kim,
"Digital Time Series Analysis
of Plasma Fluctuation Data."

Pattern Recognition in Practice Conference Amsterdam, Holland May 21-23, 1980

J.K. Aggarwal and W. Martin, "The Implications of Occlusion on Motion Analysis in Dynamic Scenes."

1980 IEEE International Microwave Symposium Washington, D.C. May 28-30, 1980.

T. Itoh and B. Adelseck, "Trapped Image Guide for Millimeter-wave Circuits."

1980 IEEE International Microwave Symposium Washington, D.C.
May 28-30, 1980 (continued)

L.F. Schmidt, T. Itoh and H. Hofmann, "Characteristics of Unilateral Fin-line Structures with Arbitrarily Located Slots."

K. Araki, B.S. Song and T. Itoh,
"Non-reciprocal Effects in an Open
Dielectric Waveguide with Grating
Structures."

Laboratory for Information and Decision Systems, Massachusetts Institute of Technology Cambridge, Massachusetts June 2, 1980

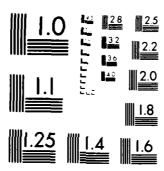
\*S.I. Marcus, "Some Examples of Lie Algebras and Nonlinear Estimation."

1980 IEEE AP-S/URSI Meeting Quebec, Canada June 2-6, 1980

T. Itoh and B. Adelseck, "Trapped Image Guide Leaky-wave Antennas for Millimeter-wave Applications."

K. Araki, T. Itoh and Y. Naito, "Hankel Transform Domain Analysis of Open Circular Microstrip Radiating Structures."

ELECTRONICS RESEARCH AT THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT AUSTIN(U) TEXAS UNIV-AT AUSTIN ELECTRONICS RESEARCH CENTER E J POWERS 15 SEP 82 AFOSR-TR-82-1035 2/3 AD-A122 219 UNCLASSIFIED F49620-77-C-0101 F/G 9/5 ΝL



MICROCOPY RESOLUTION TEST CHART NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS 1963 4

VI International Conference on Vacuum Ultraviolet Radiation Physics University of Virginia Charlottesville, Virginia June 2-6, 1980

J.L. Erskine, "Surface States and the Photoelectron Spin Polarization of Ni(100)."

Southwest Electron Spectroscopy Users Group Meeting Rice University Houston, Texas June 6, 1980

> J.L. Erskine, "Probing Surface Electronic Structure Using Angle Resolved Photoelectron Emission Spectroscopy."

Tamkang Chair Lectures Tamkang College Tamsui, Taipei, Taiwan June 16-18, 1980

J.M. White, "Kinetic Studies of CO Oxidation Over Transition Metals."

J.M. White, "The Surface Chemistry of Ruthenium."

J.M. White, "Electron Spectroscopy and its Applications."

National Taiwan University Taipei, Taiwan June 17, 1980

> J.M. White, "Kinetic Studies of Carbon Monoxide Oxidation Over Transition Metals."

U.S. Army Missile Research and Development Command Redstone Arsenal, Alabama June 17, 1980

> \*E.J. Powers, "Applications of Digital Bispectral Analysis to Nonlinear Wave Fluctuation Data."

Tsing Hua University Taiwan June 19, 1980

\*J.M. White, "The Surface Chemistry of Ruthenium."

NATO Advanced Study Institute on Stochastic Systems June 20, 1980

M. Hazewinkel and S.I. Marcus, "On Lie Algebras and Nonlinear Estimation."

Optical Society of America Topical Meeting on Picosecond Phenomena Falmouth, Massachusetts June 20, 1980

> \*M.F. Becker, R.M. Walser, J.G. Ambrose, and D.Y. Sheng, "Picosecond 1.06 Micron Laser-Induced Amorphous Phases in Thin Single-Crystal Silicon Membranes."

NATO Advanced Study Institute on Stochastic Systems Les Arcs, France June 25, 1980 June 26, 1980 (Two lectures)

S.I. Marcus, "An Introduction to Non-linear Filtering."

National Cheng Kung University Taiwan June 27, 1980

\*J.M. White, "Electron Spectroscopy and its Applications."

NATO Advanced Study Institute on Digital Image Processing and Analysis Bonas, France June 1980

J.K. Aggarwal and W. Martin, "Tracking of Curvilinear Figures."

J.K. Aggarwal, "Motion and Image Analysis."

The 7th International Congress in Catalysis Tokyo, Japan July 1, 1980

J.M. White, "Photoassisted Catalysis Using Platinized Titania."

Gordon Conference on Electron Charge Densities Plymouth, New Hampshire July 1-4, 1980

> M. Fink, "Electron Charge Densities in Small Molecules Derived From Electron Diffraction Results."

NATO Advanced Study Institute on Stochastic Systems Les Arcs, France July 3, 1980

\*S.I. Marcus, "Modeling and Approximation of Stochastic Differential Equations Driven by Semimartingales."

Research Institute for Catalysis Sapporo, Japan July 7, 1980

\*J.M. White, "Chemisorption on Ru(001)."

Twenty-Third Midwest Symposium on Circuits and Systems Toledo, Ohio August 4-5, 1980

\*D.R. Halverson and G.L. Wise,
"Some Results on Asymptotic
Memoryless Detection in Strong
Mixing Noise."

Joint Automatic Control Conference San Francisco, California August 14, 1980

\*M. Hazewinkel, C.-H. Liu and S.I. Marcus, "Some Examples of Lie Algebras in Nonlinear Estimation."

XVth International Congress of Theoretical and Applied Mechanics Teronto, Canada August 17-23, 1980

> R.W. Miksad, F.L. Jones, Y.C. Kim, E.J. Powers and L. Khadra, "Experiments on Spectral Broadening During Transition to Turbulence."

Hughes Aircraft Company Project Meeting Torrance, California August 21, 1980

T. Itoh, "Millimeter Wave Research at the University of Texas."

International URSI Electromagnetic Symposium Munich, W. Germany August 26-29, 1980

T. Itoh and L.P. Schmidt, "Characteristics of a Generalized Fin-Line for Millimeter-wave Integrated Circuits."

National ACS Meeting Las Vegas, Nevada August 27, 1980

> J.M. White, "Transient Low Pressure Studies of Catalytic Carbon Monoxide Oxidation."

Huntsville Sections Control Systems Society Meeting Huntsville, Texas September 24, 1930

J.L. Speyer, "Linear-Quadratic-Gaussian(LQG);
Past, Present, Future."

AEI Limited Seminar Lincoln, England October 3, 1980

T. Itoh, "Dielectric Millimeter-Wave Circuits."

5th International Symposium on Infrared and Millimeter Wave Würzburg, W. Germany October 6-10, 1980

I. Awai and T. Itoh, "Multilayered Open Dielectric Waveguide with a Gyrotropic Layer."

EXPOCHEM 80 Houston, Texas October 8, 1980

> \*J.M. White, "Electron Spectroscopy as a Tool for Studying Chemisorption and Catalytic Reactions on Ru(001)."

Eighteenth Annual Allerton Conference on Communication, Control, and Computing Monticello, Illinois October 8-10, 1980

\*D.R. Halverson and G.L. Wise,
"On the Performance of a Modified
Sign Detector for Strong Mixing Noise."

J.A. Bucklew and G.L. Wise,
"A Note on Multidimensional
Asymptotic Quantization Theory."

\*F. Kuhlmann and G.L. Wise,
"On Spectral Characteristics of
Median Filtered Independent Data."

Workshop on Modern Millimeter Wave Systems Estes Park, Colorado October 22-24, 1980

\*T. Itoh, "Millimeter Waveguiding Structures."

Optical Society of America Annual Meeting Chicago, Illinois October 1980

\*M.F. Becker, M.G. Mauger and Y. Twu, "Raman Enhanced Third-Harmonic Generation in CD<sub>A</sub>."

22nd Annual Meeting of the Division of Plasma Physics San Diego, California November 10-14, 1980

T. Kochanski, R.D. Bengtson, G. Kochanski, Y.C. Kim, L. Khadra and E.J. Powers, "Observation of Mirnov Type Oscillations on PRETEXT with Magnetic and Photon Detectors."

Y.C. Kim, L. Khadra, E.J. Powers, T.P. Kochanski and R.D. Bengtson, "Spectral Characteristics of MHD Fluctuations on PRETEXT."

C.M. Surko, R.E. Slusher, R.D. Bengtsor, S.E. Mahajan, M.E. Oakes, T.E. Evans, Y.M. Li and E.J. Powers, "An Experiment to Study Kinetic Alfvén Waves Using CO<sub>2</sub> Laser Scattering."

J.M. Beall, Y.C. Kim and E.J. Powers, "Experimental Study of Drift Wave Turbulence."

33rd Annual Meeting of the Division of Fluid Dynamics Ithaca, New York November 23, 1980

> R.W. Miksad, F.L. Jones, Y.C. Kim, E.J. Powers and L. Khadra, "Experiments on Wave-Wave Interactions During Transition to Turbulence."

University of Miami Miami, Florida November 24, 1980

J.A. Schreifels, S.-K. Shi and J.M. White, "Temperature Dependence of Electron Beam Damage During the Titration of Adsorbed Oxygen with Hydrogen on Ru(001) Surface."

Materials Research Society Annual Meeting Boston, Massachusetts November 1980

> \*R.M. Walser, M.F. Becker, J.G. Ambrose, and D.Y. Sheng, "Heterogeneous Nucleation of Spatially Coherent Damage Structures in Crystalline Silicon with Picosecond 1.06µm and 0.53µm Laser Pulses."

University of Southern California EE Seminar Los Angeles, California December 3, 1980

\*T. Itoh, "Microwave and Millimeter-wave Research at University of Texas."

Colloquium-Presented to the Physics Department Texas A&M University College Station, Texas December 7, 1980

J.W. Keto, "Two Photon Spectroscopy of Xenon."

5th International Conference on Pattern Recognition Miami Beach, Florida December 1980

J.K. Aggarwal and J. Webb, "Observing Jointed Objects."

19th IEEE Conference on Decision and Control Albuquerque, New Mexico December 10, 1980

\*J.K. Aggarwal and Nian-Chyi Huang,
"Time-Varying Digital Signal Processing."

5th International Conference on Pattern Recognition Miami Beach, Florida December 1980

J.K. Aggarwal, W. Martin and S. Yalamanchili, "Image Differencing for Moving Object Extraction in Dynamic Scenes."

Physical Electronics Industries Eden Prairie, Minnesota February 4, 1981

J.M. White, "XPS Studies of the Oxidation of Cerium."

Arizona State University Tempe, Arizona February 10, 1981 (condensed matter seminars)

> \*J.L. Erskine, "Magnetic Dead Layers and the Surface Electronic Structure of Nickel."

University of Arizona Tucson, Arizona February 13, 1981 (condensed matter seminars)

> \*J.L. Erskine, "Magnetic Dead Layers and the Surface Electronic Structure of Nickel."

Colloquium-Presented to the Physics Department Texas A&M University College Station, Texas February 13, 1981

L. Frommhold, "Intermolecular Spectroscopy."

International Solid State Circuit Conference Panel Session New York, New York February 18-20, 1981

> \*T. Itoh, "Distributed Millimeterwave Components."

Dept. of Electrical Engineering and Computer Science Seminar Polytechnic Institute of New York Brooklyn, New York February 20, 1981

> \*T. Itoh, "Microwave and Millimeterwave Research at University of Texas."

University of Missouri St. Louis, Missouri February 29, 1981

J.A. Schreifel, S.-K. Shi, and J.M. White, "Temperature Dependence of Electron Beam Damage During the Titration of Adsorbed Oxygen with Hydrogen on a Ru(001) Surface."

Cornell University Surface Physics/Condensed Matter Seminar Ithaca, New York March 6, 1981

\*J.L. Erskine, "Surface Magnetic Properties of Magnetic Metals."

Seminar-Texas A&M University March 6, 1981

Dr. J. Kimble, "Stability and Instability in Optical Bistability."

Free University Berlin-Colloquium Berlin, Germany March 17, 1981

Dr. M. Fink, "Electron Scattering From H<sub>2</sub> and He."

1981 Conference on Information Sciences and Systems Baltimore, Maryland March 25-27, 1981

\*D.R. Halverson and G.L. Wise,
"On the Performance of Approximately
Optimal Memoryless Detectors for Signals
in Dependent Noise."

F. Kuhlmann, J.A. Bucklew and G.L. Wise, "Nonuniform Quantization and Transmission of Generalized Gaussian Signals Over Noisy Channels."

Dr. S.I. Marcus, "Modeling of Nonlinear Systems Driven by Semimartingales With Applications to Nonlinear Filtering."

American Cyanamid Co. Stanford, Connecticut March 30, 1981

Bor-Her Chen and J.M. White, "Photoassisted Water Decomposition by Pt-TiO2."

IEEE International Conference on Acoustics, Speech, and Signal Processing Atlanta, Georgia March 30-April 1, 1981

- \*J.K. Aggarwal and Nian-Chyi Huang,
  "Spectral Modifications Using Linear
  Shift-Varying Digital Filters."
- \*Hyokang Chang and J.K. Aggarwal,
  "Implementation of Two-Dimensional
  Semicausal Recursive Digital Filters."

ACS National Meeting Atlanta, Georgia April 2-3, 1981

J.M. White, S. Sato and S.-M. Fang, "Photoassisted Reactions Involving Modified Titanium Dioxide Surfaces."

W.M. Daniel, Y.C. Kim, H. Peebles, and J.M. White, "Adsorption of  $\rm N_2O$  and  $\rm O_2$  on Ag/Rh(100)."

B.E. Koel and J.M. White, "X-ray Excited Auger Electron Spectroscopy of Ethylene and Acetylene on Ni(100)."

J.A. Schreifles, S.-K. Shi and J.M. White, "Temperature Dependence of Electron Beam Damage During the Titration of Adsorbed Oxygen with Hydrogen on a Ru(001) Surface."

Rice University Houston, Texas April 14, 1981

\*S.I. Marcus, "Nonlinear Filtering: Pathwise Solution, Finite Dimensional Filters, and Approximations."

Lawrence Berkeley Laboratory Berkeley, California April 21, 1981

J.M. White, "Coadsorption of CO/H  $_2$  and CO/H  $_2$  O on Group VIII Metals."

New Mexico AVS Symposium Albuquerque, New Mexico April 29, 1981

B.E. Koel, D.E. Peebles, J.A. Schreifels and J.M. White, "Coadsorption of CO and  $\rm H_2$  on Ni(100) and Ru(001)."

W.M. Daniel, Y.C. Kim, H.C. Peebles and J.M. White, "Adsorption of Ag,  $\rm O_2$  and  $\rm N_2O$  on Ag/Rh(100)."

IEEE International Conference on Circuits and Systems Chicago, Illinois April 1981

Nian-Chyi Huang, Sunghan Park and J.K. Aggarwal, "One Dimensional Linear Time-Varying Digital Filtering Using Two-Dimensional Techniques."

Nian-Chyi Huang and J.K. Aggarwal, "Synthesis of Recursive Linear Shift-Variant Digital Filters."

EXXON Linden, New Jersey May 20, 1981

J.M. White, "Photoassisted Reactions."

The University of Marburg-Colloquium Marburg, Germany May 22, 1981

M. Fink, "Potentials and Limitations of High Precision Scattering Data."

XXth General Assembly of URSI Washington, D.C. August 10-19, 1981

J.M. Beall, Y.C. Kim and E.J. Powers, "Experimental Estimation of Spectral Densities of Plasma Wave Turbulence."

T. Itoh, "Planar Dielectric Waveguides and Other Surface-Wave Structures."

### CONFERENCE PROCEEDINGS

- \*E.J. Powers, Y.C. Kim and J.M. Beall, "Nonlinear Wave Coupling and Bispectral Analysis," <u>Proceedings of the International Conference on Plasma Physics</u>, Nagoya, Japan, April 7-11, 1980.
- E.J. Powers, Y.C. Kim, J.Y. Hong, J.R. Roth and W.M. Krawczonek, "Radially Inward Fluctuation-Induced Transport in a Bumpy Torus Plasma," Proceedings of the International Conference on Plasma Physics, Nagoya, Japan, April 7-11, 1980.
- G.L. Wise, "Recent Results Concerning the Effects of Non-linearities on Random Inputs," Proceedings of the Twelfth Southeastern Symposium on System Theory, Virginia Beach, Virginia, pp. 290-294, May 19-20, 1980.
- J.K. Aggarwal and W.N. Martin, "The Implications of Occlusion on Motion Analysis in Dynamic Scenes," <u>Proceedings of Pattern Recognition on Practice Conference</u>, Amsterdam, Holland, May, 1980.
- K. Araki, B.S. Song and T. Itoh, "Nonreciprocal Effects in Open Dielectric Waveguide with Grating Structures," International Microwave Symposium Digest, Washington, D.C., May 1980.
- L.P. Schmidt, T. Itoh and J. Hofmann, "Characteristics of Unilateral Fin-Line Structures with Arbitrarily Located Slots," International Microwave Symposium Digest, Washington, D.C., May 1980.
- T. Itoh and B. Adelseck, "Trapped Image Guide for Millimeter-Wave Circuits," International Microwave Symposium Digest, Washington, D.C., May 1980.
- \*M.F. Becker, J.G. Ambrose, R.M. Walser, D.Y. Sheng, "Picosecond 1.06 m Laser-Induced Amorphous Phases in Thin Single Crystal Silicon Membranes," Picosecond Phenomena, Falmouth, Massachusetts, June, 1980.
- \*Funded entirely or in part by the Joint Services Electronics Program

- K. Araki, T. Itoh and Y. Naito, "Hankel Transform Domain Analysis of Open Circular Microstrip Radiating Structures," IEEE AP-S, International Symposium, Quebec, Canada, June 1980.
- T. Itoh and B. Adelseck, "Trapped Image Guide Leaky-Wave Antennas for Millimeter-Wave Applications," IEEE/AP-S International Symposium Digest, Quebec, Canada, June 1980.
- \*D.R. Halverson and G.L. Wise, "Some Results on Asymptotic Memoryless Detection in Strong Mixing Noise," Proceedings of the 23rd Midwest Symposium on Circuits and Systems, Toledo, Ohio, August 4-5, 1980.
- J. Speyer, D. Dannemiller and D. Walker, "Periodic Optimal Cruise of a Hypersonic Vehicle," <u>Proceedings of the 1980 AIAA Guidance and Control Conference</u>, Danvers, Massachusetts, August 12-13, 1980.
- J. Speyer and D. Hull, "Comparison of Several Extend Kalman Filter Formulations for Homing Missile Guidance," <u>Proceedings of the 1980 AIAA Guidance and Control Conference</u>, Danvers, Massachusetts, August 12-13, 1980.
- \*M. Hazewinkel, C.-H. Liu and S.I. Marcus, "Some Examples of Lie Algebras in Nonlinear Estimation," Proceedings of Joint Automatic Control Conference, San Francisco, California, August 14, 1980.
- T. Itoh and L.P. Schmidt, "Characteristics of a Generalized Fin-Line for Millimeter-Wave Integrated Circuits," International URSI Symposium Digest, Munich, W. Germany, August 1980.
- L.W. Frommhold and M.H. Proffitt, "Collision-Induced Light Scattering and Diatom Polarizabilities-An Overview," International Conference of Collision-Induced Phenomena, Florence, Italy, September 2-6, 1980.
- L.W. Frommhold and M.H. Proffitt, "New Measurements of Collision-Induced Scattering in the Rare Gases," International Conference of Collision-Induced Phenomena," Florence, Italy, September 2-6, 1980.

- I. Awai and T. Itoh, "Multilayered Open Dielectric Waveguide With a Gyrotropic Layer," 5th International Symposium on Infrared and Millimeter Waves, Würzburg, W. Germany, October 6-10, 1980.
- \*F. Kuhlmann and G.L. Wise, "On Spectral Characteristics of Median Filtered Independent Data," <u>Proceedings of the Eigh-</u> teenth Annual Allerton Conference on Communication, Control,
- A. Bucklew and G.L. Wise, "A Note on Multidimensional Asymptotic Quantization Theory," Proceedings of the Eighteenth Annual Allerton Conference on Communication, Control, and Computing, Monticello, Illinois, October 8-10, 1980.
- \*D.R. Halverson and G.L. Wise, "On the Performance of a Modified Sign Detector for Strong Mixing Noise," Proceedings of the Eighteenth Annual Allerton Conference on Communication, Control, and Computing, Monticello, Illinois, October 8-10, 1980.
- \*J.K. garwal and Nian-Chyi Huang, "Time-Varying Digital Signal Locessing," Proceedings of the 19th IEEE Conference on Decision and Control, pp. 586-587, Albuquerque, New Mexico, December 10, 1980.
- S.I. Marcus, "Modeling of Nonlinear Systems Driven by Semi-martingales with Application to Nonlinear Filtering," IEEE Conference on Decision and Control, Albuquerque, New Mexico, December 10, 1980.
- \*J.C. Krainak, J.C. Speyer and S.I. Marcus, "Static Decentralized Team Problems: Sufficient Conditions, Algorithms and the Exponential Cost Criterion," Proceedings of the 19th IEEE Conference on Decision and Control, Albuquerque, New Mexico, December 10, 1980, pp. 1191-1196.
- \*K. Hsu and S.I. Marcus, "Decentralized Control of Finite State Markov Processes," Proceedings of the 19th IEEE Conference on Decision and Control, Albuquerque, New Mexico, pp. 1191-1196, December 10, 1980.
- \*M. Hazewinkel and S.I. Marcus, "On the Relationship Between Lie Algebras and Nonlinear Estimation," Proceedings of the 19th IEEE Conference on Decision and Control, Albuquerque, New Mexico, December 10, 1980, pp. 60-71.

- J. Krainak, J. Speyer and S. Marcus, "Static Decentralized Team Problems: Sufficiency Condition, Algorithms and the Exponential Cost Criteria," Proceedings of the 19th IEEE Conference on Decision and Control, Albuquerque, New Mexico, December 10-12, 1980, p. 1191.
- J.K. Aggarwal, W. Martin and S. Yalamanchili, "Image Differencing for Moving Object Extraction in Dynamic Scenes," <u>Proceedings of the 5th International Conference on Pattern Recognition</u>, Miami Beach, Florida, pp. 1239-1242, December 1980.
- J.K. Aggarwal and J. Webb, "Observing Jointed Objects," Proceedings of the 5th International Conference on Pattern Recognition, Miami Beach, Florida, December 1980, pp. 1246-1250.
- \*M.F. Becker, G.J. Mauger and Y. Twu, "Raman Resonance Enhanced Third-Harmonic Generation in CD<sub>4</sub>," Abstracts from the Meeting of the Optical Society of America, 1980.
- \*M.F. Becker, R.M. Walser, J.G. Ambrose and D.Y. Sheng, "Picosecond, 1.06 micron Laser-Induced Amorphous Phases in Thin, Single-crystal Silicon Membranes," Abstracts from the Topical Meeting Picosecond Phenomena, Optical Society of America, 1980.
- \*R.M. Walser, M.F. Becker, J.G. Ambrose and D.Y. Sheng, "Heterogeneous Nucleation of Spatially Coherent Damage Structures in Crystalline Silicon With Picosecond 1.06µm and 0.53µm Laser Pulses," Abstracts from the Annual Meeting of the Materials Research Society, 1980.
- \*F. Kuhlmann, J.A. Bucklew and G.L. Wise, "Nonuniform Quantization and Transmission of Generalized Gaussian Signals Over Noisy Channels," Proceedings of the 1981 Conference on Information Sciences and Systems, Baltimore, Maryland, March 25-27, 1981.
- \*S.I. Marcus, "Modeling of Nonlinear Systems Driven by Semi-martingales With Applications to Nonlinear Filtering," Proceedings of Johns Hopkins Conference on Information Sciences and Systems, Baltimore, Maryland, March 25-27, 1981.

- \*Hyokang Chang and J.K. Aggarwal, "Implementation of Two-Dimensional Semicausal Recursive Digital Filters," Proceedings of IEEE International Conference on Acoustics, Speech, and Signal Processing, Atlanta, Georgia, pp. 995-999, March 30-April 1, 1981.
- \*J.K. Aggarwal and Nian-Chyi Huang, "Spectral Modifications Using Linear Shift-Varying Digital Filters," Proceedings of IEEE International Conference on Acoustics, Speech and Signal Processing, Atlanta, Georgia, pp. 73-77, March 30-April 1, 1981.
- \*D.R. Halverson and G.L. Wise, "On the Performance of Approximately Optimal Memoryless Detectors for Signals in Dependent Noise," Proceedings of the 1981 Conference on Information Sciences and Systems, Baltimore, Maryland, March 25-27, 1981.

Nian-Chyi Huang, Sunghan Park and J.K. Aggarwal, "One Dimensional Linear Time-Varying Digital Filtering Using Two-Dimensional Techniques," Proceedings of the IEEE International Conference on Circuits and Systems, Chicago, Illinois, April 1981, pp. 217-220.

Nian-Chyi Huang and J.K. Aggarwal, "Synthesis of Recursive Linear Shift-Variant Digital Filters," <u>Proceedings of the</u> <u>IEEE International Conference on Circuits and Systems</u>, <u>Chicago</u>, Illinois, April 1981, pp. 439-442.

- T. Itoh, "Open Guided Wave Structures for Millimeter-wave Circuits," Proceedings of the 1981 IEEE International Microwave Symposium, Los Angeles, California, June 15-19, 1981, p. 3-4.
- \*Y. Shih, J. Rivera and T. Itoh, "Millimeter Wave Planar Slot Antennas With Dielectric Feeds," Proceedings of the 1981 IEEE International Microwave Symposium, Los Angeles, California, June 15-19, 1981, p. 5-7.
- P. Yen, J.A. Paul and T. Itoh, "Millimeter Wave Planar Slot Antennas With Dielectric Feeds," <u>Proceedings of the 1981 IEEE International Microwave Symposium</u>, Los Angeles, California, June 15-19, 1981, pp. 14-16.

- I. Awai and T. Itoh, "Coupled-Mode Theory Analysis of Distributed Nonreciprocal Devices," Proceedings of the 1981 IEEE International Microwave Symposium, Los Angeles, California, June 15-19, 1981, pp. 22-24.
- D.C. Chang and T. Itoh, "Guiding Mechanisms on Open, Planar Structures," Proceedings of the 1981 IEEE AP-S/URSI Meeting, Los Angeles, California, June 16-19, 1981, pp. 27-29.
- J. Rivera and T. Itoh, "Suspended and Inverted Microstrips for Millimeter-Wave Applications," Proceedings of the 1981 IEEE AP-S/URSI Meeting, Los Angeles, California, June 16-19, 1981, pp. 31-32.
- \*T. Itoh, "Planar Dielectric Waveguides and Other Surface-Wave Structures," Proceedings of the URSI General Assembly, Washington, D.C., August 10-19, 1981, pp. 39-45.
- D. Hull and J. Speyer, "Optimal Reentry and Plane-Change Trajectories," Proceedings of the AAD/AIAA Astrodynamic Conference, Lake Tahoe, Nevada, August 3-5, 1981.
- D. Hull and J. Speyer, "Maximal Information Trajectories for Homing Missiles," Proceedings of the AIAA Guidance and Control Conference, Albuquerque, New Mexico, August 18, 1981, p. 71.
- J. Speyer, J. White and D. Hull, "Modern Control Synthesis Applied to the Longitudinal Decoupled Motion of an Aircraft," Proceedings of the AIAA Guidance and Control Conference, Albuquerque, New Mexico, August 18, 1981, p. 378.
- J.L. Erskine, "Auger and Photoelectron Emission Study of Xenon on W(001)," Bulletin Am Physical Society, Vol. 26, 1981, p. 259.
- \*R.M. Walser, M.F. Becker, D.Y. Sheng and J.G. Ambrose, "Heterogeneous Nucleation of Spatially Coherent Damage Structures in Crystalline Silicon with Picosecond 1.06µm and 0.53µm Laser Pulses," Laser-Solid Interactions and Laser Processing, to be published by North-Holland 1981.

1981 - 1982

## JOURNAL ARTICLES

- \*F. Barocchi, M. Zoppi, M.H. Proffitt and L. Frommhold, "Determination of the Collision-Induced Depolarized Raman Light Scattering Cross Section of Argon Diatom," Canad. J. Physics, 59, 1418 (1981).
- \*Michael H. Proffitt, J.W. Keto and Lothar Frommhold, "Collision Induced Raman Spectra and Diatom Polarizabilities of the Rare Gases-- An Update," Canad. J. Phys. 59, 1459 (1981).
- \*P.D. Dacre, L. Frommhold, "Spectroscopic Examination of Ab Initio Neon Diatom Polarizability Invariants," J. Chem. Phys. 75, 4159 (1981).
- S.N. Ketkar, M. Fink, M. Kelley and R.C. Ivey, "On An Electron Diffraction Study of the Structure of Anthraquinone and Anthracene," J. Mol. Struct. 77, 127-138 (1981).
- J.W. Keto, T.D. Raymond and Chien-Yu Kuo, "Two Photon Spectroscopy of Xenon," Bull. Am. Phys. Soc. 26, 1306 (1981).
- \*J.W. Keto, C.F. Hart and Chien-Yu Kuo, "Electron Beam Excited Mixtures of Argon Doped with O2: I. Spectroscopy," J. Chem. Phys. 74, 4433 (1981).
- \*J.W. Keto, "Electron Beam Excited Mixtures of Argon Doped with O: II. Electron Distribution Functions and Excitation Rates," J. Chem. Phys. 74, 4445 (1981).
- \*J.W. Keto, C.F. Hart and Chien-Yu Kuo, "Electron Beam Excited Mixtures of Argon Doped with O<sub>2</sub>: III. Energy Transfer Reactions," J. Chem. Phys. 74, 4450 (1981).
- \*J.W. Keto and Chien-Yu Kuo, "Cascade Production of Ar(3p<sup>5</sup>4p) Following Electron Bombardment," J. Chem. Phys. <u>74</u>, 6188 (1981).
- \*B. Miller and M. Fink, "Mean Amplitudes of Vibration of SF and Intramolecular Multiple Scattering," J. Chem. Phys. 75, 5326-5328 (1981).
- \*C.H. Holder and M. Fink, "Structure Determination of SO<sub>2</sub> by Electron Diffraction," J. Chem. Phys. <u>75</u>, 5323-5325 (1981).
- \*Funded entirely or in part by the Joint Services Electronics Program.

- S.N. Ketkar and M. Fink, "The Molecular Structure of Naphthalene by Electron Scattering," J. Mol. Struct. 77, 139-147 (1981).
- \*C.H. Holder, Jr., D. Gregory and M. Fink, "Data Correlation Analysis Applied to Electron Diffraction," J. Chem. Phys. 75, 5318-5322 (1981).
- \*G. Birnbaum, M.F. Brown and L. Frommhold, "Lineshapes and Dipole Moments in Collision-Induced Absorption," Canad. J. Phys. 59, 1544 (1981).
- \*J.J. McClelland, J.M. Ratliff and M. Fink, "Measurements and Calculations of the Anomalous Energy Broadening of a 300 eV Electron Beam," J. App. Phys. 52, 7039-7043 (1981).
- \*S.I. Marcus, "Modeling and Approximation of Stochastic Differential Equations Driven by Semimartingales," Stochastics, vol. 4, 223-245 (1981).
- \*W.M. Daniel, Y. Kim, H.C. Peebles and J.M. White, "Adsorption of Ag,  $O_2$ , and  $N_2O$  on Ag/Rh(100)," Surface Sci. 111, 189 (1981).
- \*J.A. Schriefels, S.-K Shi and J.M. White, "The Effect of Electron Beam and Surface Diffusion on the Kinetics of Adsorbed Oxygen Reacting with Hydrogen on Ru(001)," Appl. Surface Sci. 7, 312 (1981).
- S. Sato and J.M. White, "Photocatalytic Water Decomposition and Water-Gas Shift Reaction over NaOH-Coated, Platinized TiO2," J. Catalysis 69, 128 (1981).
- J.R. Creighton, F.-H. Tseng, J.M. White and J.S. Turner, "Numerical Modeling of Steady-State Carbon Monoxide Oxidation on Pt and Pd," J. Phys. Chem. 85, 703 (1981).
  - B.E. Koel, D.E. Peebles and J.M. White, "The Interaction of Coadsorbed Hydrogen and Carbon Monoxide on Ni(001)," Surface Sci. 107, L367 (1981).
  - S.-K. Shi, J.A. Schreifels, and J.M. White, "Titration of Chemisorbed Oxygen by Hydrogen on Ru(001)," Surface Sci. 1, 105 (1981).

- S. Sato and J.M. White, "On the Photoassisted Hydrogen Production from Titania and Water," J. Phys. Chem. 85, 592 (1981).
- B.E. Koel and J.M. White, "Interference of O K-a Ghost Features in X-ray Excited Auger Spectra," J. Electron Spectry and Rel. Phenom. 22, 237 (1981).
- S. Sato and J.M. White, "Photocatalytic Reaction of Water with Carbon over Platinized Titania," J. Phys. Chem. 85, 336 (1981).
- J.M. White, <u>Catalyst Chemistry</u>, Tamkang Univ. Press, Taipei (1981).
- R.M. Walser, M.F. Becker, J.G. Ambrose and D.Y. Sheng, "Heterogeneous Nucleation of Spatially Coherent Damage Structures in Crystalline Silicon with Picosecond 1.06µm and 0.53µm Laser Pulses," Laser and Electron-Beam Solid Interactions and Materials Processing, Eds., J.F. Gibbons, et. al., Elsevier North-Holland, Inc., 177-184 (1981).
- \*D.Y. Sheng, R.M. Walser, M.F. Becker and J.G. Ambrose, "Heterogeneous Nucleation of Damage in Crystalline Silicon with Picosecond 1.06µm Laser Pulses," Appl. Phys. Lett. 39, 99, (1981).
  - G.K. Ovrebo and J.L. Erskine, "Angle-Resolving Photoelectron Energy Analyzer Designed for Synchroton Radiation Spectroscopy," J. Electron Spectroscopy and Related Phenom., 24, 189 (1981).
  - J.L. Erskine, "Angle Resolved Photoelectron Emission from Xenon on W(100)," Phys. Rev., B24, 2236 (1981).
  - J.R. Roth, W.M. Krawczonek, E.J. Powers, Y.C. Kim and Jae Y. Hong, "Fluctuations and Turbulence in an Electric Field Bumpy Torus Plasma," Journal of Applied Physics, vol. 54, 2705-2713 (April 1981).
  - L.P. Schmidt, T. Itoh and H. Hofmann, "Characteristics of Unilateral Finline Structures with Arbitrarily Located Slots," IEEE Trans. Microwave Theory and Techniques, vol. MTT-29, no. 4, 352-355 (April 1981).
- \*J.K. Aggarwal and N.C. Huang, "Frequency-Domain Considerations of LSV Digital Filters," IEEE Transactions on Circuits

- and Systems, vol. CAS-28, no. 4, 279-287 (April 1981).
- J.K. Aggarwal, L.S. Davis and W. Martin, "Correspondence Processes in Motion Analysis," Proceedings of the IEEE, vol. 69, no. 5, 562-572 (May 1981).
- L.P. Schmidt and T. Itoh, "Characteristics of a Generalized Fin-Line for Millimeter-Wave Integrated Circuits," International J. Infrared and Millimeter Waves, vol. 2, no. 3, 427-436 (May 1981).
- J.R. Roth, W.M. Krawczonek, E.J. Powers, Jae Y. Hong, and Y.C. Kim, "The Role of Fluctuation-Induced Transport in a Toroidal Plasma with Strong Radial Electric Fields," Plasma Physics, vol. 23, 509-516 (June 1981).
- \*E.J. Powers, J.Y. Hong and Y.C. Kim, "Cross Sections and Radar Equation for Nonlinear Scatterers," IEEE Trans. on Aerospace and Electronic Systems, vol. AES-17, 602-605, (July 1981).
- \*D.Y. Sheng, R.M. Walser, M.F. Becker and J.G. Ambrose, "Heterogeneous Nucleation of Damage in Crystalline Silicon with Picosecond Laser Pulses," Applied Physics Letters, vol. 39, 99-101 (July 1981).
- \*A.B. Buckman and S. Chao, "Optical Evidence for an Electronic Transition at the Co/Si Interface," Journal of the Optical Society of America, vol. 71, no. 8, 928-931 (August 1981).
- J.K. Aggarwal and Jon Webb, "Visually Interpreting the Motion of Objects in Space," IEEE Computer Society Computer, 40-46, (August 1981).
- \*I. Awai and T. Itoh, "Analysis of Distributed Gunn Effect Devices with Subcritical Doping," International J. Infrared and Millimeter Waves, vol. 2, no. 5 (September 1981).
- K. Araki and T. Itoh, 'Analysis of Periodic Ferrite Slab Waveguides by Means of Improved Perturbation Method," IEEE Trans. Microwave Theory and Techniques, vol. MTT-29, no. 9, 911-916 (September 1981).
- \*I. Awai and T. Itoh, "Coupled-Mode Theory Analysis of Distributed Non-Reciprocal Structure," IEEE Trans. Microwave Theory and Techniques, vol. MTT-29, no. 10, 1079-1087 (October 1981).

- \*M.F. Becker, Y.C. Kim, S.R. Gautam and E.J. Powers, "Three Wave Nonlinear Optical Interactions in Dispersive Media," IEEE J. Quantum Electronics, QE-18, 113-123 (1982).
  - M.H. Kelley and M. Fink, "The Molecular Structure of Dimolybdenum Tetraacetate," J. Chem. Phys., 76, 1407-1416 (1982).
  - A.M. Turner and J.L. Erskine, "Exchange Splitting and Critical Point Energies for Ferromagnetic Iron, " Phys. Rev. B25, 1 (1982).
- \*A.M. Turner, Y. Jeng Chang and J.L. Erskine, "Surface States and the Photoelectron Spin Polarization of Fe(100)", Phys. Rev. Letters 48, 348 (1982).
- \*L. Lancaster, R.M. Walser and R.W. Bene', "Compound Formation in Annealed Sputter Deposited Thin Vanadium Films on Single Crystal Substrates," in preparation.
- \*M. Fink, H.J. Kimble, J.V. Hertel and G. Jamieson, "Alignment and Orientation of the Hyperfine Levels of a Laser Excited Na-beam," in preparation.
- \*R.L. Remke, R.M. Walser, and R.W. Bene', "The Effect of Interfaces on the Stability of Electronic Switching in VO<sub>2</sub> Thin Films," submitted to Thin Solid Films.
- \*L. Frommhold, G. Birnbaum, "Collision-Induced Absorption and the Repulsive Ne-Ar Potential," submitted for publication.
- \*S.N. Ketkar and M. Fink, "High Energy Electron Scattering from Helium," Phys. Rev., submitted.
- \*D.E. Grant and H.J. Kimble, "Optical Bistability for Two-Level Atoms in a Standing-Wave Cavity," submitted to Optics Letters.
- J.L. Erskine and R.L. Strong, "High Resolution Electron Energy Loss Spectroscopy Studies of the Oxidation of Al(111)," in press.
- \*Yu-Jeng Chang and J.L. Erskine, "Electronic Structure of NiSi2," submitted to Phys. Rev. B.
- J. Krainak, F. Machell, S. Marcus and J. Speyer, "The Dynamic Linear Exponential Gaussian Team Problem," accepted for

- publication in the IEEE Transactions on Automatic Control, (1982).
- R.W. Miksad, F.L. Jones, E.J. Powers, Y.C. Kim and L. Khadra, "Experiments on the Role of Amplitude and Phase Modulation During Transition to Turbulence," accepted for publication in Journal of Fluid Mechanics.
- \*J.M. Beall, Y.C. Kim and E.J. Powers, "Estimation of Wavenumber and Frequency Spectra Using Fixed Probe Pairs," accepted for publication in Journal of Applied Physics.
- J. Krainak, J. Speyer and S. Marcus, "Static Team Problems, Part I: Sufficient Conditions and the Experimental Cost Criterion," accepted for publication in the IEEE Transactions on Automatic Control.
- D. Hull and J. Speyer, "Optimal Reentry and Plane-Change Trajectories, accepted for publication in Journal of Astronautical Sciences.
- J. Krainak, J. Speyer and S. Marcus, "Static Team Problems, Part II: Affine Control Laws, Projections, Algorithms, and the LEGT Problem," accepted for publication in the IEEE Transactions on Automatic Control.
- \*R.J. Mawhorter, M. Fink and B.T. Archer, "An Experimental Determination of the Vibrationally-Averaged, Temperature-Dependent Structure of CO<sub>2</sub>," accepted in J. Chem. Phys.
- M.H. Kelley and M. Fink, "The Temperature Dependence of the Molecular Structure Parameters of  $SF_6$ ," accepted in J. Chem. Phys.
- \*K. Hsu and S.I. Marcus, "Decentralized Control of Finite State Markov Processes," accepted for publication in IEEE Transactions on Automatic Control (1982).
- \*M. Hazewinkel and S.I. Marcus, "On Lie Algebras and Finite Dimensional Filtering," accepted for publication in <a href="Stochastics">Stochastics</a>, (1982).
- \*L.W. Frommhold, J.W. Keto and Michael H. Proffitt, "Diatom Polarizabilities from New Measurements of Collision-Induced Raman Spectra of the Noble Gases," J. Can. Phys. 59, in press.

- \*Chien-Yu Kuo and J.W. Keto, "Dissociative Recombination of Electrons in Electron Beam Excited Argon and High Densities, in press.
- Y. Kim, J.A. Schreifels and J.M. White, "Adsorption of  $N_2^{\,\,0}$  on  $Ru\,(001)$ ," Surface Sci., in press.
- H.-I. Lee, B.E. Koel, W.M. Daniel and J.M. White, "Water-Induced Effects on CO Adsorption on Ru(001)," J. Catalysis, in press.
- J.R. Creighton and J.M. White, "Transient Low Pressure Studies of Catalytic Carbon Monoxide Oxidation: A Brief Review," ACS Monograph Series, in press.
- B.E. Koel, D.E. Peebles and J.M. White, "An Electron Spectroscopic Investigation of Coadsorbed  $\rm H_2$  and CO on Ni(109)," J. Vac. Sci. Tech., in press.
- D.E. Peebles, J.A. Schreifels and J.M. White, "The Interaction of Coadsorbed Hydrogen and Carbon Monoxide on Ru(001)," Surface Sci., in press.
- \*Y. Kim, H.C. Peebles and J.M. White, "Adsorption of  $D_2$ , CO and the Interaction of Coadsorbed  $D_2$  and CO on Rh(100)," Surface Sci., in press.
- J.A. Schreifels, J.E. Deffeyes, L.D. Neff and J.M. White, "An X-ray Photoelectron Spectroscopic Study of the Adsorption of N $_2$ , NH $_3$ , NO and N $_2$ O on Dysprosium," J. Electron Spectry, in press.
- \*S.R. Federman, L. Frommhold, "Recombination of Hydrogen Atoms via Free-to-Bound Raman Transitions," Phys. Rev. A, to appear.
- \*P.D. Dacre, L. Frommhold, "Rare Gas Diatom Polarizabilities," J. Chem. Phys., to appear.
- \*A.B. Buckman, "Polarization-Selective Lateral Waveguiding in Layered Dielectric Structures," Journal of the Optical Society of America, to appear.

## TECHNICAL PRESENTATIONS

IEEE International Conference on Circuits and Systems Chicago, Illinois April 1981

Nian-Chyi Huang, Sunghan Park and J.K. Aggarwal, "One Dimensional Linear Time-Varying Digital Filtering Using Two-Dimensional Techniques."

Nian-Chyi Huang and J.K. Aggarwal, "Synthesis of Recursive Linear Shift-Variant Digital Filters."

ACS National Meeting Atlanta, Georgia April 2-3, 1981

J.M. White, S. Sato and S.-M. Fang, "Photoassisted Reactions Involving Modified Titanium Dioxide Surfaces."

W.M. Daniel, Y.C. Kim, H. Peebles, and J.M. White, "Adsorption of  $\rm N_2^{\,0}$  and  $\rm O_2$  on Ag/Rh(100)."

B.E. Koel and J.M. White, "X-Ray Excited Auger Electron Spectroscopy of Ethylene and Acetylene on Ni(100)."

J.A. Schreifles, S.-K. Shi and J.M. White, "Temperature Dependence of Electron Beam Damage During the Titration of Adsorbed Oxygen with Hydrogen on a Ru(001) Surface."

<sup>\*</sup>Funded entirely or in part by the Joint Services Electronics Program.

Physics Department University of Bielefeld Bielefeld, Fed. Republic of Germany April 11, 1981

L. Frommhold, "Collision-Induced Spectroscopy."

Deutsche Gesellschaft fur Schwerionenforschung G.M.B.H. Garmstadt, Fed. Republic of Germany April 13, 1981

L. Frommhold, "Collision-Induced Spectroscopy."

Rice University Houston, Texas April 14, 1981

> \*S.I. Marcus, "Nonlinear Filtering: Pathwise Solution, Finite Dimensional Filters, and Approximations."

IEEE Antennas and Propagation Society Dallas Section April 16, 1981

T. Itoh, "Antenna Research at University of Texas."

Lawrence Berkeley Laboratory Berkeley, California April 21, 1981

J.M. White, "Coadsorption of CO/H and CO/H 0 on Group VIII Metals."  $^2$ 

Physics Colloquium North Texas State University Denton, Texas April 24, 1981

R.M. Walser, "Heterogeneous Nucleation of Pulsed Laser Damage in Crystalline Silicon."

New Mexico AVS Symposium Albuquerque, New Mexico April 29, 1981

B.E. Koel, D.E. Peebles, J.A. Schreifels and J.M. White, "Coadsorption of CO and H<sub>2</sub> on Ni(100) and Ru(001)."

W.M. Daniel, Y.C. Kim, H.C. Peebles, and J.M. White, "Adsorption of Ag,  $^{\rm O}_{\rm 2}$  and N $_{\rm 2}$ O on Ag/Rh (100)."

Solid State Physics Seminar University of Texas at Austin May 7, 1981

\*R.M. Walser, "Picosecond Laser Damage of Crystal Silicon."

1981 IEEE International Conference on Plasma Science Santa Fe, New Mexico May 18-20, 1981

G.A. Hallock, R.L. Hickok, W.C. Jennings, E.B. Hooper, Jr., E.J. Powers, Y.C. Kim and J.Y. Hong, "Low Frequency Fluctuation Measurements in the Central Cell of TMX."

Y.C. Kim, T.P. Kochanski, L. Khadra, R.F. Gandy, E.J. Powers and R.D. Bengtson, "Characteristics of Low Frequency MHD Oscillations in the PRETEXT."

EXXON Linden, New Jersey May 20, 1981

J.M. White, "Photoassisted Reactions."

ONR Conference Renssalaer Polytechnic Institute Troy, N.Y. May 21, 1981

J.M. White, "Photoassisted Reactions."

The University of Marburg-Colloquium Marburg, Germany May 22, 1981

M. Fink, "Potentials and Limitations of High Precision Scattering Data."

Massachusetts Institute of Technology Cambridge, MA. May 28, 1981

> \*S.I. Marcus, "Nonlinear Filtering: Pathwise Solution, Finite Dimensional Filters and Approximations."

Microwave Symposium
Los Angeles, California
June 15-19, 1981

- P. Yen, J.A. Paul and T. Itoh, "Millimeter Wave Planar Slot Antennas with Dielectric Feeds."
- T. Itoh, "Open Guided Wave Structures for Millimeter-Wave Circuits."
- \*Y. Shih, J. Rivera and T. Itoh, "Millimeter Wave Planar Slot Antennas with Dielectric Feeds."
- I. Awai and T. Itoh, "Coupled-Mode Theory Analysis of Distributed Nonreciprocal Devices."

1981 National Radio Science Meeting Los Angeles, California June 16-19, 1981

- \*J.Y. Hong, Y.C. Kim and E.J. Powers,
  "Modelling of Nonlinear Scatterers with
  Nonlinear Radar Cross Sections."
- D.C. Chang and T. Itoh, "Guiding Mechanisms on Open, Planar Structures."

1981 National Radio Science Meeting (continued)

J. Rivera and T. Itoh, "Suspended and Inverted Microstrips for Millimeter-Wave Applications."

ACS N.W. Regional Meeting Bozeman, Montana June 19, 1981

J.M. White, "Coadsorbed CO and  $\rm H_{2}$  on Ni(100)."

Joint ASME/ASCE Bioengineering, Fluids Engineering and Applied Mechanics Conference Boulder, Colorado June 22-24, 1981

Y.C. Kim, E.J. Powers, F.L. Jones and R.W. Miksad, "Digital Bispectral Analysis of Nonlinear Wave Couplings in Fluids."

Workshop/Conference on Heterogeneous Catalysis SUNY Albany, N.Y. June 30, 1981

J.M. White, "Photoassisted Reactions on Doped Metal Oxide Particles."

Electrical Engineering Seminar University of California-Irvine Irvine, California July 2, 1981

\*T. Itoh, "Open Guided Wave Structures for Millimeter-Wave Circuits."

Dow Freeport, Texas July 21, 1981

J.M. White, "Photoassisted Reactions."

Hughes Aircraft Company
Electron Dynamics Division
Project Meeting
Torrance, California
July 23, 1981

\*T. Itoh, "Distributed Nonreciprocal Structures."

Seventh International Joint Conference on Artificial Intelligence Vancouver, Canada August 1981

J.K. Aggarwal and Jon Webb, "Structure from Motion of Rigid and Jointed Objects."

URSI General Assembly Washington, D.C. August 1981

\*T. Itoh, "Planar Dielectric Waveguides and Other Surface-Wave Structures."

IEEE Pattern Recognition
Image Processing Conference
Dallas, Texas
August 1981

J.K. Aggarwal and Sudhakar Yalamanchili, "Motion and Image Differencing."

J.K. Aggarwal and W.N. Martin, "Occluding Contours in Dynamic Scenes."

Advanced Flight Control Symposium Air Force Academy Colorado August 4, 1981

> J.L. Speyer, "Linear-Quadratic-Gaussian Synthesis with Application to the Longitudinal Decoupler Motion of an Aircraft."

XXth General Assembly of URSI Washington, D.C. August 10-19, 1981

> J.M. Beall, Y.C. Kim and E.J. Powers, "Experimental Estimation of Spectral Densities of Plasma Wave Turbulence."

NASA/DoD Meeting on Near Millimeter Waves and Their Applications Goddard Space Flight Center Greenbelt, MD. August 11-13, 1981

> \*T. Itoh, "Distributed Concepts in Millimeter-Wave Circuits."

11th European Microwave Conference Amsterdam, The Netherlands September 7-10, 1981

> K. Araki, N. Camilleri and T. Itoh, "Dielectric Waveguide with a Ferrite Layer and Periodic Metal Strips."

International Symposium on Offshore Engineering Rio de Janeiro, Brazil September 14-19, 1981

R.W. Miksad, E.J. Powers, Y.C. Kim, F.L. Jones, R.S. Solis and F.J. Fischer, "Applications of Digital Time Series Techniques to Determine Monlinear Drift Forces."

Department of Chemistry University of Arizona Tucson, Arizona September 17, 1981

J.M. White, "Photoassisted Reactions on Transition Metal Doped Semiconducting Oxides."

7th Biennial Symposium on Turbulence University of Missouri-Rolla Rolla, Missouri September 21-23, 1981

R.W. Miksad, F.L. Jones, and E.J. Powers, "An Approach to Estimating Spectral Energy Transfer Due to Nonlinear Interactions."

EXXON Linden, N.J. September 30, 1981

J.M. White, "Coadsorption of H<sub>2</sub> and CO on Ni, Rh and Ru Single Crystal Surfaces."

N.Y. Catalysis Society New York September 30, 1981

> J.M. White, "Photoassisted Reactions Over Transition Metal Doped Titania."

Optical Society of America National Meeting Orlando, Florida October 1981

> \*A.B. Buckman, "Polarization-Selective Lateral Waveguiding in Layered Dielectric Structures."

23rd Annual Meeting Division of Plasma Physics New York, N.Y. October 12-16, 1981

Todd Evans, Y.-M. Li, R.D. Bengtson and E.J. Powers, "Study of Driven Alfven Waves Using a CO<sub>2</sub> Laser Interferometer."

7th North American Catalysis Society Meeting Boston, MA. October 13, 1981

Y. Kim, B.E. Koel, H.C. Peebles, D.E. Peebles and J.M. White, "Interaction of H<sub>2</sub> and CO on Ni(100) and Rh(100)."

1981 Annual Meeting of the Optical Society of America Orlando, Florida October 26-30, 1981

\*H.J. Kimble and D.E. Grant, "Observations of Optical Bistability in an Atomic Beam Apparatus."

Society of Photooptical
Instrumentation Engineers Conference
on Integrated Optics and Millimeter
and Microwave Integrated Circuits
Huntsville, AL.
November 1981

\*A.B. Buckman, "Mode Selection with a Three-Layer Dielectric Waveguide."

Army Research Office Workshop on Short Millimeter Wave Nonreciprocal Materials and Devices Research Triangle Park, N.C. November 9-10, 1981

\*T. Itoh, "Distributed Nonreciprocal Structures."

IEEE Antennas and Propagation Society Atlanta Chapter Atlanta, Georgia November 10, 1981

\*T. Itoh, "Dielectric Waveguide Techniques for mm-Wave Circuits."

Atomic and Molecular Physics Seminar University of Texas at Austin November 10, 1981

\*H.J. Kimble, "Nonlinear Absorption and Dispersion with Atomic Beams."

Georgia Institute of Technology Engineering Experiment Station Atlanta, Georgia November 11, 1981

\*T. Itoh, "Dielectric Waveguide Techniques."

Texas A&M University Physics Department College Station, Texas November 13, 1981

L. Frommhold, "New Results of Collision-Induced Spectroscopy."

Winter Annual Meeting of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers Washington, D.C. November 15-20, 1981

L. Khadra, Y.C. Kim, E.J. Powers, F.L. Jones and R.W. Miksad, "Digital Complex Demodulation of Unsteady Fluid Flow Measurements."

SPIE Symposium on Integrated Optics and Microwave Integrated Circuits Huntsville, Alabama November 16-19, 1981

\*T. Itoh, "Recent Advances in Dielectric Millimeter-Wave Integrated Circuits."

13th Laser Damage Symposium Boulder, Colorado November 17-18, 1981

\*R.M. Walser, M.F. Becker and D.Y. Sheng, "Laser Damage of Crystalline Silicon by Multiple 1.06µm Picosecond Pulses."

Texas A&M University College Station, Texas November 19, 1981

J.M. White, "Coadsorption of  ${\rm H_2}$  and CO on Transition Metals."

Vanderbilt University Electrical Engineering Seminar Nashville, Tennessee November 20, 1981

\*T. Itoh, "Millimeter-Wave Integrated Circuits."

34th Meeting of the American Physical Society Division of Fluid Dynamics Monterey, California November 22-24, 1981

R.W. Miksad, F.L. Jones and E.J. Powers, "Experiments on the Role of Phase Modulation During Transition to Turbulence."

1981 Biannual Meeting of the Division of Electron and Atomic Physics of APS December 3-5, 1981

S.N. Ketkar and M. Fink, "High Energy Electron Scattering from Helium."

\*J. Kimble, M. Fink and I. Hertel, "Optical Pumping of the Hyperfine Levels of Na and Li with High Laser Intensities."

B.R. Miller, J. Fink and L.S. Bartel, "Intra Molecular Multiple Scattering in Medium Energy Electron Diffraction."

R.J. Mawhorter and M. Fink, "An Experimental Determination of the Vibrationally-Averaged Temperature-Dependent Structures of CO<sub>2</sub> and SO<sub>2</sub>."

6th International Conference on Infrared and Millimeter Waves Miami Beach, Florida December 6-11, 1981

\*T. Itoh and J. Rivera, "A Comparative Study of Millimeter-Wave Transmission Lines."

W.O. Milligan Symposium Houston, Texas December 15, 1981

J.M. White, "Recent Advances in Surface Chemistry."

IEEE Conference on Decision and Control San Diego, California December 16-18, 1981

- \*S.I. Marcus, "An Introduction to Nonlinear Filtering and Functional Integration."
- \*J.W. Grizzle, S.I. Marcus and K. Hsu, "Decentralized Control of a Multiaccess Broadcast Network."
- \*D.L. Ocone, J.S. Baras and S.I. Marcus, "Filtering and Smoothing Equations for The Filtering Problem of Benes."

Reuniones de Invierno Cocoyoc, Mexico January 12-13, 1982

> J.M. White, "Photoassisted Reactions at the Gas-Solid Interface," and "Coadsorption of CO/H, on Transition Metals."

Los Alamos National Lab Los Alamos, N.M. January 20, 1982

J.M. White, "Photoassisted Reactions at the Gas-Solid Interface."

Applied Physics Seminar Stanford University Stanford, California January 25, 1982

\*M.F. Becker, "Picosecond Laser Damage Mechanisms at Semiconductor Surfaces."

SPIE Conference on Picosecond Lasers and Applications Los Angeles, California January 26-27, 1982

\*M.F. Becker, R.M. Walser, Y.K. Jhee and D.Y. Sheng, "Picosecond Laser Damage Mechanisms at Semiconductor Surfaces."

IFIP Working Conference on Accent Advances in Filtering and Optimization Cocoyoc, Mexico February 1-6, 1982

> \*S.I. Marcus, C.H. Liu and G.L. Blankenship, "Lie Algebraic and Approximation Methods in Nonlinear Filtering."

Texas A&M University-Colloquium College Station, Texas February 9, 1982

M. Fink, "Molecular Force Constances and Electron Diffraction."

Electrical Engineering Seminar UCLA Los Angeles, California February 24, 1982

\*T. Itoh, "Microwave Research at The University of Texas at Austin."

Sandia National Lab Albuquerque, N.M. March 2, 1982

J.M. White, "Chemisorption on Cu/Ru and Ag/Rh."

Workshop on Irreversible Processes in Quantum Mechanics and Quantum Optics San Antonio, Texas March 15-18, 1982

\*H.J. Kimble, "Observation of Optical Bistability with Two-Level Atoms."

# CONFERENCE PROCEEDINGS

- J.L. Erskine, "Auger and Photoelectron Emission Study of Xenon on W(001)," Bull. Am. Physical Society, vol. 26, p. 259, 1981.
- \*R.M. Walser, M.F. Becker, J.G. Ambrose and D.Y. Sheng, "Heterogeneous Nucleation of Spatially Coherent Damage Structures in Crystalline Silicon with Picosecond 1.06µm and 0.53µm Laser Pulses," Laser and Electronic-Beam Solid Interactions and Materials Processing, Eds., J.F. Gibbons, et. al., Elsevier North-Holland, Inc., pp. 177-184, 1981.
- P. Yen, J.A. Paul and T. Itoh, "Millimeter Wave Planar Slot Antennas with Dielectric Feeds," <u>Proceedings of the 1981 IEEE International Microwave Symposium</u>, Los Angeles, California, pp. 14-16, June 15-19, 1981.
- T. Itoh, "Open Guided Wave Structures for Millimeter-Wave Circuits," Proceedings of the 1981 IEEE International Microwave Symposium, Los Angeles, California, June 15-19, 1981.
- \*Y. Shih, J. Rivera and T. Itoh, "Millimeter Wave Planar Slot Antennas with Dielectric Feeds," <u>Proceedings of the 1981 IEEE International Microwave Symposium</u>, Los Angeles California, p. 5-7, June 15-19, 1981.
- I. Awai and T. Itoh, "Coupled-Mode Theory Analysis of Distributed Nonreciprocal Devices," <u>Proceedings of the 1981</u>
  IEEE International Microwave Symposium, Los Angeles, California, pp. 22-24, June 15-19, 1981.
- D.C. Chang and T. Itoh, "Guiding Mechanisms on Open, Planar Structures," Proceedings of the 1981 IEEE AP-S/URSI Meeting, Los Angeles, California, pp. 27-29, June 16-19, 1981.
- J. Rivera and T. Itoh, "Suspended and Inverted Microstrips for Millimeter-Wave Applications," <u>Proceedings of the 1981 IEEE AP-S/URSI Meeting</u>, Los Angeles, California, pp. 31-32, June 16-19, 1981.
- J.L. Speyer, "A Sufficiency Condition for Optimal Periodic Processes," Proceedings of the Joint Automatic Control Conference, University of Virginia, Charlottesville, Va., June 17-19, 1981.

<sup>\*</sup>Funded entirely or in part by the Joint Services Electronics Program.

- Y.C. Kim, E.J. Powers, F.L. Jones, and R.W. Miksad, "Digital Bispectral Analysis of Nonlinear Wave Couplings in Fluids," Proceedings of the Joint ASME/ASCE Bioengineering, Fluids Engineering and Applied Mechanics Conference, Boulder, Colorado, June 22-24, 1981.
- J.K. Aggarwal and Sudhakar Yalamanchili, "Motion and Image Differencing," Proceedings of the IEEE-Pattern Recognition and Image Processing Conference, Dallas, Texas, pp. 211-216, August 1981.
- J.K. Aggarwal and Jon Webb, "Structure from Motion of Rigid and Jointed Objects," Proceedings of the Seventh International Joint Conference on Artificial Intelligence, Vancouver, Canada, pp. 686-691, August 1981.
- J.K. Aggarwal and Jon Webb, "Visual Interpretation of the Motion of Objects in Space," Proceedings of the IEEE-Pattern Recognition and Image Processing Conference, Dallas, Texas pp. 516-521, August 1981.
- J.K. Aggarwal and W.N. Martin, "Occluding Contours in Dynamic Scenes," Proceedings of the IEEE-Pattern Recognition and Image Processing Conference, Dallas, Texas, pp. 189-192, August 1981.
- D. Hull and J. Speyer, "Optimal Reentry and Plane-Change Trajectories," Proceedings of the AAD/AIAA Astrodynamic Conference, Lake Tahoe, Nevada, August 3-5, 1981.
- \*T. Itoh, "Planar Dielectric Waveguides and Other Surface-Wave Structures," Proceedings of the URSI General Assembly, Washington, D.C., pp. 39-45, August 1981.
- D. Hull and J. Speyer, "Maximal Information Trajectories for Homing Missiles," Proceedings of the AIAA Guidance and Control Conference, Albuquerque, New Mexico, p. 71, August 1981.
- J. Speyer, J. White and D. Hull, "Modern Control Synthesis Applied to the Longitudinal Decoupled Motion of an Aircraft," Proceedings of the AIAA Guidance and Control Conference, Albuquerque, New Mexico, p. 378, August 1981.
- K. Araki, N. Camilleri and T. Itoh, "Dielectric Waveguide with a Ferrite Layer and Periodic Metal Strips," Proceedings of the 11th European Microwave Conference, Amsterdam, The Netherlands, September 7-10, 1981.

- \*T. Itoh, "Recent Advances in Dielectric Millimeter-Wave Integrated Circuits," Proceedings of the SPIE Symposium on Integrated Optics and Microwave Integrated Circuits, Huntsville, Alabama, November 16-19, 1981.
- R.M. Walser, M.F. Becker and D.Y. Sheng, "Laser Damage of Crystalline Silicon by Multiple 1.06µm Picosecond Pulses," 13th Laser Damage Symposium, Boulder, Colorado, November 17-18, 1981.
- \*T. Itoh and J. Rivera, "A Comparative Study of Millimeter-Wave Transmission Lines," Digest of the 6th International Conference on Infrared and Millimeter Waves, Miami Beach, Florida, December 6-11, 1981.
- \*D.L. Ocone, J.S. Baras and S.I. Marcus, "Filtering and Smoothing Equations for the Filtering Problems of Benes," Proceedings of the 20th IEEE Conference on Decision and Control, San Diego, California, pp. 90-96, December 16-18, 1981.
- \*J.W. Grizzle, S.I. Marcus and K. Hsu, "Decentralized Control of a Multiaccess Broadcast Network," Proceedings of the 20th IEEE Conference on Decision and Control, San Diego, California, pp. 390-391, December 16-18, 1981.
- \*S.I. Marcus, "An Introduction to Nonlinear Filtering and Functional Integration," <u>Proceedings of the 20th IEEE Conference on Decision and Control</u>, San Diego, California, pp. 573-574, December 16-18, 1981.
- J.L. Speyer and Evans, "A Shooting Method for the Numerical Solution of Optimal Periodic Control Problems," Proceedings of the 20th IEEE Conference on Decision and Control, December 16-18, 1981.
- J. Speyer and Song, "A Comparison Between the Pseudo-Measurement and Extended Kalman Observers," Proceedings of the 20th IEEE Conference on Decision and Control, December 16-18, 1981.
- R.L. Strong and J.L. Erskine, "Off-Specular EELS Studies of Adsorbates on Ni(100)," Bull. Am. Phys. Soc. 27, 372 (1982).
- \*A.M. Turner, Yu Jeng Chang and J.L. Erskine, "Bulk and Surface Electronic Structure of Iron," Bull. American Phys. Soc. 27. 210 (1982).

PUBLICATIONS, TECHNICAL PRESENTATIONS, LECTURES AND REPORTS

M.F. Becker, R.M. Walser, Y.K. Jhee and D.Y. Sheng, "Picosecond Laser Damage Mechanisms at Semiconductor Surfaces," SPIE Conference on Picosecond Lasers and Applications, Los Angeles. January 26-27, 1982.

I. INFORMATION ELECTRONICS

THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT AUSTIN ELECTRONICS RESEARCH CENTER INFORMATION ELECTRONICS

Research Unit IE81-1 NONLINEAR DETECTION AND ESTIMATION

Principal Investigators: Professor S.I. Marcus (471-3265) Professor J.L. Speyer (471-1356)

Graduate Students: Jessy Grizzle, Chang-Huan Liu and John White

A. OBJECTIVES AND PROGRESS: This research unit is concerned with several aspects of the statistical properties of nonlinear systems. Specifically, the design and analysis of optimal and suboptimal nonlinear estimators, the modeling of nonlinear systems driven by general noise processes, and the problem of detecting and identifying failure modes in fault tolerant systems have been investigated.

#### 1. Nonlinear Estimation:

The area of nonlinear state estimation is concerned with the extraction of information about the state of a stochastic system from nonlinear noisy measurements. The state estimate is generated by passing the measurements through a nonlinear system. Optimal state estimators have been derived for very general classes of nonlinear systems, but these are in general infinite dimensional. That is, it is usually not possible to recursively generate the optimal minimum variance estimate (the conditional mean) of the system state given the past observations. The basic objective here is the design, analysis, and implementation of highperformance optimal and suboptimal estimators which operate recursively in real time. There are few known cases aside from the linear (Kalman) filtering problem in which the conditional mean (the minimum variance estimate) of the system state given the past observations can be computed recursively in real time with a filter of fixed finite dimension. However, in [1] we have proved that for certain classes of discrete-time and continuous-time systems, described either by a finite Volterra series or by certain types of state-affine realizations, the minimum variance estimator is recursive and of fixed finite dimension. This was accomplished by relating these problems to the homogeneous chaos of Wiener and to orthogonal expansions of Gaussian processes.

Benes [2] has recently given an explicit solution for the conditional density for a class of nonlinear filtering problems with nonlinear state equations and linear observations. In [3] we have extended his results and our results of [1] in the following way. In [1] we found finite dimensional filters for the conditional moments for problems in-

(Page 2, Res. Unit IE81-1 "Nonlinear Detection and Estimation")

volving linear systems feeding forward into nonlinear systems; in [3], we have studied problems in which systems of Benes type feed forward into nonlinear systems of the type considered in [1]. We have derived recursive filtering equations for the conditional moments of Benes problem and used these to derive new finite dimensional optimal filters for the class of nonlinear systems described above.

In a Lie algebraic approach to nonlinear filtering, we have studied the (Zakai) stochastic partial differential equation for an unnormalized conditional density  $\rho(t,x)$  of the state  $x_t$  given the past observations  $\{z_s, 0 \le s \le t\}$ :

$$d\rho(t,x) = L_0 \rho(t,x) dt + L_1 \rho(t,x) dz_t$$
 (1)

where  $\mathbf{L}_0$  and  $\mathbf{L}_1$  are certain differential operators. The major idea of the approach is that, if  $\boldsymbol{l}$  is the lie algebra

generated by  $L_0 - \frac{1}{2} L_1^2$  and  $L_1$ , and if a recursive finite di-

mensional estimator for some statistic of the state exists, then there should be a Lie algebra homomorphism from l to the Lie algebra F of the finite dimensional filter. F is a Lie algebra of vector fields on a finite dimensional manifold, so the representability of l or quotients of l by vector fields on a finite dimensional manifold is closely related to the existence of finite dimensional recursive filters.

The structure and representability properties of L are analyzed for several interesting classes of problems in [4]. It is shown that, for certain nonlinear filtering problems, L is given by the Weyl algebra  $W_n = \mathbb{R} < x_1, \dots, x_n$ ,

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x_1}$$
 ,..., $\frac{\partial}{\partial x_n}$  > of all polynomial differential operators.

These problems include the cubic sensor problem (linear system with cubic observations) and some examples of mixed linear-bilinear type. It is proved that neither W nor any quotient of W can be realized with C or analytic vector fields on a finite dimensional manifold, thus suggesting that for these problems, no statistic of the conditional density can be computed with a finite dimensional recursive filter. This work, together with some results of Sussmann, implies that for some problems (including the cubic sensor), no nontrivial statistics can be computed recursively with finite dimensional

(Page 3, Res. Unit IE81-1 "Nonlinear Detection and Estimation")

filters; this is the first such result in the literature. For another class of problems, it is shown that L is a certain type of filtered Lie algebra. The algebras of this class are of a type which suggests that many statistics are exactly computable.

In [5], we have studied the modeling and approximation of stochastic differential equations driven by semimartingale noise containing both continuous and jump components. We have defined for the first time the analog of the Stratonovich differential equations when the noise has both jump and continuous components. It is proved that the models defined here possess a number of approximation and continuity properties. The importance of this work is related to the fact that, for models to be faithful representations of physical systems, the system variables should not be affected significantly by small changes in the noise processes driving the system. The results presented show that our models are, under certain hypotheses, consistent in this sense.

The work of [5] is used in conjunction with Lie algebraic methods in [6] and [7] to find low dimensional filters for a class of estimation problems with Poisson observations. In this problem, a finite state Markov process x taking values in  $S = \{s_1, \ldots, s_n\}$  is the rate of an observed doubly stochastic Poisson process z, and it is desired to re-

cursively estimate the rate  $\mathbf{x}_{t}$ . This can be accomplished with an n-dimensional recursive nonlinear filter derived by Segall and Van Schuppen. However, there are two problems: this filter is highly nonlinear, and its dimension may be very large. In [6] and [7] we eliminate the first objection by deriving a bilinear equation for an unnormalized conditional probability vector. We then study the Lie algebraic structure of this bilinear filter and find a class of problems for which the conditional probability vector (and hence the conditional mean) can be computed with a <u>two-dimensional</u> filter, for <u>any n.</u> This is, of course, a considerable computational saving if n is large.

The negative results of [4] are interesting, but it is much more useful to design high-performance suboptimal estimators for systems which have no exact finite dimensional filters for conditional statistics. In [8] estimation problems for systems involving small parameters have been studied via both analytical and Lie algebraic approximation techniques. The typical system considered is of the form

(Page 4, Res. Unit IE81-1 "Nonlinear Detection and Estimation")

$$dx_{t} = ax_{t}dt + dw_{t}$$

$$dz_{t}^{\epsilon} = [x_{t} + \epsilon(x_{t})^{k}]dt + dv_{t} , k \ge 1$$
(2)

-- i.e., it is a "weak polynomial sensor" problem. We have first expanded the unnormalized conditional density  $\rho(t,x)$  satisfying (1) powers of  $\epsilon$ 

$$\rho^{\varepsilon}(t,x) = \rho_{0}(t,x) + \varepsilon \rho_{1}(t,x) + \varepsilon^{2} \rho_{2}(t,x) + \dots$$
 (3)

and have for the first time showed that

$$\rho^{\varepsilon}(t,x) - \sum_{i=0}^{n} \varepsilon^{i} \rho_{i}(t,x)$$

is actually  $O(\varepsilon^{n+1})$  in a suitable norm; i.e., (3) is a true asymptotic expansion. In addition, we have shown similar results for the normalized conditional density and conditional mean.

Even if (3) is an asymptotic expansion, it is not of much use in nonlinear estimation unless each term in (3) can be computed with a finite dimensional recursive filter. This is shown in [8] by Lie algebraic techniques. By substituting the expansion (3) into (1) and truncating after n terms, we obtain a set of coupled stochastic partial differential equations; however, each equation is coupled only to lower order, not higher order equations. In addition, the Lie algebra of these equations up to order n is solvable and finite dimensional; hence the equations can be solved by the Wei-Norman method. This method results in a recursive finite dimensional filter for a set of sufficient statistics, from which the expansions of the conditional density and conditional mean can be computed by a memoryless operation.

The research in this area is continuing and has been complemented by Grant AFOSR-79-0025 from the Air Force Office of Scientific Research and Grant ECS-8022033 from the National Science Foundation.

## 2. Fault Detection and Identification:

An essential aspect in the design of fault tolerant digital flight control systems is the design of fault detection systems. Design considerations are concerned with

the trade-off between the cost of hardware redundance and the complexity and robustness of the software for analytic redundancy. In analytic redundancy dissimilar instruments are combined through analytic relations to achieve redundancy. Since these relations contain system parameters, additional uncertainty may be introduced beyond that present in the sensors. The processing of the outputs of these relations to produce adequate fault detection and isolation performances may require complex decision and estimation software. In [12], we have developed a particular decision rule which seems simple to implement on flight computers, yet sensitive enough to produce adequate performance. This decision rule, based upon the results of Shiryayev [9] and suggested to us by Deyst [10], has application to fault detection for both similar instruments and dissimilar instruments through analytic redundancy.

Given a sequence of independent measurements, the Shiryayev sequential probability ratio test (SSPRT) will detect a disruption (or fault) in the data sequence in minimum time with certain conditions. This (SPRT) differs from the Wald SPRT since there is no need to mechanize a "trigger" [11]. In fact, the SSPRT can be reduced to the Wald SPRT when the publishing of change in state (the transition probability is made zero. One objective is to investigate the robustness of the SSPRT in that we require that it be a continuous fault monitor. Attention is given to its response time in detecting a fault and to the frequency of false alarms.

The likelihood ratio of the SSPRT is derived explicitly in [12]. We assume that the measurements are independent and of known probability densities (the fault bias is known), and the transition probability, the a priori probability and the threshold values are given. For a scalar data sequence and two hypotheses (the measurement sequences are governed by either of two probability laws), a scalar linear difference equation with state dependent noise is propagated. The multiplicative noise term is composed of the ratio of the probability laws, which is a function of the present measurement. A dynamic programming analysis shows the optimality of the SSPRT. In [9], Shiryayev shows that a cost function composed of the probability of false alarm summed with the cost of average delay of detecting the occurrance of the disruption is directly related to the optimal stopping problem with a given threshold. In [12], the threshold for the likelihood ratio has been chosen as a given ratio of the probability that the fault has occurred in the data sequence to the probability that it has not. This threshold

can be related to the cost of false alarms by the dynamic programming analysis.

Although the Wald SPRT used in [11] requires the uncertainty in the data sequence to be Gaussian, the probabilistic description can be quite general for the SSPRT. This generality is used to advantage in our results for the case where the sign of the bias is unknown. Since the Wald SPRT depends explicitly on the sign of the bias, two Wald SPRT's are propagated in [11]. However, the absolute value of the data sequence, which is non-Gaussian, even if the original data sequence is Gaussian, can be processed in the SSPRT. The resulting SSPRT is not increased in complexity. On the contrary, whereas an exponential function of the data had to be calculated, a cosh function of the data is calculated at each sample point. The cosh function, being an even function, can be calculated numerically more efficiently.

To gain insight into the performance of this test, two problems are chosen in [12]. Since the <u>sequential</u> tests are more efficient in detecting a fault than <u>fixed interval</u> schemes such as sliding window averages and consistency tests, the SSPRT is used in direct redundancy tests between two like instruments. Here, two rate gyros are modeled and the SSPRT is applied. Performance is compared with the standard tests with regard to detection time and false alarm rate. Furthermore, the mechanization of the SSPRT with regard to processing time and computational complexity is compared with that of standard tests.

The second experiment is to form a parity relation among various instruments. The particular test chosen is the translational kinematic redundancy test described in [11]. One objective is to show how the SSPRT can be used to detect accelerometer or rate gyro failures without a redundancy trigger, i.e., only one instrument is necessary. This circumstance occurs when the instruments are very expensive. This test was chosen since some results are already reported [11].

In [11], an open loop dynamic comparison test is developed. In this test, the measured acceleration is integrated and compared with the difference between the initial measured velocity and the present measured velocity. The effect of this test is to improve the signal-to-noise ratio since the design bias is increasing with time and the dominant noise variance associated with the measured velocity, although large, remains fixed. However, since no trigger is available for the SSPRT, this open loop dynamic comparison cannot be used. Rather, the data sequence for the SSPRT is

(Page 7, Res. Unit IE81-1 "Nonlinear Detection and Estimation")

obtained by integrating the measured acceleration over a number of sample times and comparing this velocity with the difference between the measured velocity at the end and the beginning of this interval. In this way, the signal-tonoise ratio is improved at the expense of a reduced data sequence. To improve performance, we suggest using two tests. in which one test will rapidly detect hard over faults, while the other will be adjusted to detect more subtle faults. In the experiments of [12], the data sequence is constructed as described above, using the sensor models for the translational kinematics given in [11]. However, the given variance associated with the angle-of-attach meter was reduced by an order of magnitude. These variances were kept artificially high in [11] so as not to produce false alarms near the beginning of the test. Since we process information at a slower rate, more realistic variances are used. In our study a design bias of .2 g's is used. For an ensemble average of 30 runs, the average detection time was 4.2 sec. using an integration interval of ten times the sample time of .0625 sec. This is compared with 2.2 sec. (one run) of [11] to detect a failure after the trigger was tripped. This study shows the tradeoffs between integration intervals and bias levels with regard to detection times and false alarm frequency. Furthermore, increasing the integration interval has the effect of reducing the influence of wind shear on the detection process when the correlation times are small enough.

The research in this area is continuing and is complemented by a grant from General Dynamics, Fort Worth Division.

## B. REFERENCES

- 1. S.I. Marcus, S.K. Mitter, and D. Ocone, "Finite-Dimensional Nonlinear Estimation for a Class of Systems in Continuous and Discrete Time," in Analysis and Optimization of Stochastic Systems, O.L.R. Jacobs, et. al. (eds.), Academic Press, New York, pp. 387-406, (1980).
- V.E. Benes, "Exact Finite Dimensional Filters for Certain Diffusions with Nonlinear Drift," Stochastics, vol. 5, pp. 65-92, (1981).
- 3. D.C. Ocone, J.S. Baras, and S.I. Marcus, "Filtering and Smoothing Equations for the Filtering Problems of Benes," Proc. 20th IEEE canf. on Decision and Control, San Diego, pp. 90-96, (December 16-18).

(Page 8, Res. Unit IE81-1 "Nonlinear Detection and Estimation")

- 4. M. Hazewinkel and S.I. Marcus, "On Lie Algebras and Finite Dimensional Filtering," accepted for publication in Stochastics, (1982).
- 5. S.I. Marcus, "Modeling and Approximation of Stochastic Differential Equation Driven by Semimartingales," Stochastics, vol. 4, pp. 223-245, (1981).
- 6. S.I. Marcus, "Modeling of Nonlinear Systems Driven by Seminartingales with Applications to Nonlinear Filtering,"

  Proc. of Johns Hopkins Conf. on Information Sciences and Systems, Baltimore, MD., (March 25-27, 1981).
- 7. S.1. Marcus, "Low Dimensional Filters for a Class of Finite State Estimation Problems with Poisson Observations,"

  Systems and Control Letters, vol. 1, pp. 237-241, (January 1982).

1

- 8. S.I. Marcus, C.-H. Liu, and G.L. Blankenship, "Lie Algebraic and Approximation Methods for Some Nonlinear Filtering Problems," to appear in Proc. IFIP Working Conf. on Recent Advances in Filtering and Optimization, Cocoyoc, Mexico, (February 1-6, 1982).
- 9. A.M. Shiryayev, Optimal Stopping Rules, Springer-Verlag, New York, (1977).
- 10. J.J. Deyst, private communication.
- 11. J.C. Deckert, M.N. Desai, J.J. Deyst and A.S. Willsky, "A Dual-Redundant Sensor Failure Detection Algorithm for the F8 Aircraft," IEEE Trans. Auto. Control, Vol. AC-22, no. 5, (October 1977).
- 12. J.L. Speyer and J.E. White, "Fault Detection Using the Shiryayev Test," to be presented at the AIAA Guidance and Control Conference, (August 1982).

THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT AUSTIN ELECTRONICS RESEARCH CENTER INFORMATION ELECTRONICS

Research Unit 1E81-2 ELECTRONIC MULTI-DIMENSIONAL SIGNAL PROCESSING

Principal Investigator: Professor J.K. Aggarwal (471-1369)

Graduate Students: N. Huang, S. Park and T. Leou

A. PROGRESS: The basic objective of the research unit is to develop efficient techniques for processing multi-dimensional signals and the analysis, synthesis and implementation of linear time-varying (LTV) digital filters. Linear time-varying digital filters are important in processing signals where frequency content changes significantly with time. The use of LTV digital filters to process nonstationary sequences has received considerable attention in many applications such as geophysics, communication systems, speech analysis and synthesis [1]. Our research has been directed toward the development of new techniques to synthesize and implement LTV digital filters.

We have investigated the interrelationships among three characterizations of LTV digital filters; the impulse response, the generalized transfer function and the time-varying difference equation [1]. Specifically, we have proven that an impulse response is realizable as a recursive time-varying difference equation if and only if it is expressed as a degenerate sequence. In the frequency domain, the short-time spectrum is a useful measure of the frequency content of nonstationary sequences. In [2], [3], we have proposed an efficient technique to determine the generalized frequency function of an LTV digital filter from the shorttime Fourier transform of an input sequence. The technique allows spectral modification to vary with the changing frequency content of a desired sequence and the resultant bandwidth of LTV digital filter to be much narrower than that of a linear time-invariant (LTI) digital filter.

Motivated by the above property of the impulse response of a time-varying difference equation, we have developed two synthesis techniques which approximate a given impulse response by a degenerate sequence [4], [5]. Both techniques use a least squares error criterion to minimize the difference between the given and the approximated impulse responses. The first technique is formulated as an approximation of an arbitrary function of two integer variables by sums of separable functions. The filter synthesized by this technique is optimal for the given criterion. However, the implementation of the resultant filters needs to store a

(Page 2, Res. Unit IE81-2 "Electronic Multi-Dimensional Signal Processing")

large number of filter coefficients. In order to circumvent this difficulty, the degenerate impulse response is represented in terms of simple functions with unknown parameters. These unknown parameters are determined by a nonlinear optimization method which minimizes the distance function. This second technique is more efficient in implementation but may yield suboptimal filters. In addition, several recursive structures for implementing degenerate impulse responses have been investigated.

In [6], we have developed a new technique to implement a one-dimensional (1-D) LTV digital filter with a two-dimensional (2-D) linear time-invariant (LTI) recursive digital filter. By appropriately mapping 1-D input/output sequences into 2-D sequences, 1-D LTV digital filtering may be carried out by a 2-D LTI convolution. In doing so, synthesis techniques developed in LTI digital filters have been applied. The use of this technique has eliminated certain difficulties encountered in implementing LTV digital filters such as the storage of a large number of filter coefficients and the updating of LTV recursive filter coefficients at each sampling instant, but at the expense of more computation time.

A conventional time-domain technique to characterize an optimal filter is based on the least mean squares (LMS) error criterion. In general, it requires a large amount of computation time to obtain the impulse response. We have compared the filter performance and the computation requirements of the time- and frequency-domain techniques based on the mean-squared difference between the actual and desired output sequences when a nonstationary input sequence contains Gaussian noise [7]. Our result demonstrates that the frequency-domain technique is efficient but yields suboptimal filters.

As it has been reported earlier, significant progress has been made in the stabilization and synthesis of 2-D semicausal recursive filters. However, the use of semicausal filters requires a large amount of extra grid points to process a 2-D image. In [8], we presented a method to reduce the size of the output frame. This is done by augmenting the input image with the state-control signal; this prohibits propagation of the state vector beyond the prescribed frame. Our implementation technique provides a desirable means to get an output image without computing the states outside the prescribed rectangular

We plan to continue the present research efforts on problems associated with the synthesis and implementation of LTV digital filters and multi-dimensional signal processing.

(Page 3, Res. Unit IE81-2 "Electronic Multi-Dimensional Signal Processing")

In one of our current research programs, we are pursuing methods to realize a generalized transfer function as an LTV recursive difference equation. The synthesis of LTV digital filters has been difficult due to the absence of a correspondence between the coefficients in a time-varying difference equation and the generalized transfer function. With this observation, we propose to develop synthesis techniques which minimize the mean squared error between the impulse responses of a given generalized transfer function and the synthesized LTV recursive difference equation. The determination of filter coefficients in this technique may require large storage and computation time, especially in the case of filtering an input sequence with long duration. Therefore, it is desirable to consider an approximate technique which may yield Locally optimal filters which are more efficient in computation. In another project, we are considering the efficient synthesis and implementation of multi-dimensional filters.

#### B. REFERENCES

- 1. N.C. Huang and J.K. Aggarwal, "On Linear Shift-Variant Digital Filters," IEEE Transactions on Circuits and Systems, vol. CAS-27, no. 8, pp. 672-679, (August 1980).
- 2. N.C. Huang and J.K. Aggarwal, "Frequency Domain Considerations of LSV Digital Filters," IEEE Transactions on Circuits and Systems, vol. CAS-28, no. 4, pp. 279-287, (April 1981).
- 3. N.C. Huang and J.K. Aggarwal, "Spectral Modifications Using Linear Shift-Variant Digital Filters," Proc. of IEEE International Conference on Acoustics, Speech and Signal Processing, Atlanta, Georgia, pp. 73-76, (March 30-April 1, 1981).
- 4. N.C. Huang and J.K. Aggarwal, "Synthesis of Recursive Linear Shift-Variant Digital Filters," Proc. IEEE International Symposium on Circuits and Systems, Chicago, Illinois, pp. 439-442, (April 27-29, 1981).
- N.C. Huang, "Analysis and Synthesis of Linear Shift-Variant Digital Filters," Ph.D. Dissertation, The University of Texas at Austin (1981).

- (Page 4, Res. Unit IE81-2 "Electronic Multi-Dimensional Signal Processing")
- 6. S.H. Park, N.C. Huang and J.K. Aggarwal, "One-Dimensional Linear Time-Varying Digital Filtering Using Two-Dimensional Techniques," Proc. of IEEE International Symposium on Circuits and Systems, Chicago, Illinois, pp. 217-220, (April 27-29, 1981).
- 7. N.C. Huang and J.K. Aggarwal, "On Linear Shift-Variant Digital Signal Processing," Proc. of IFAC, New Delhi, India, pp. 6-10, (January 5-7, 1982).
- 8. H. Chang and J.K. Aggarwal, "Implementation of Two-Dimensional Semicausal Recursive Digital Filters," Proc. of IEEE International Conference on Acoustics, Speech and Signal Processing, Atlanta, Georgia, pp. 995-999, (March 30-April 1, 1981).

II. SOLID STATE ELECTRONICS

THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT AUSTIN ELECTRONICS RESEARCH CENTER SOLID STATE ELECTRONICS

Research Unit SSE81-1 INTERFACE REACTIONS, INSTABILITIES AND TRANSPORT

Principal Investigators: Professor M.F. Becker (471-3628)
Professor R.W. Bene' (471-1225)
Professor R.M. Walser (471-5733)
Professor A.B. Buckman (471-4893)

Graduate Students: M. Bordolon, H.K. Chung, Y.-K. Jhee, G.S. Lee, S. Park, D.Y. Sheng, and H.Y. Yang

A. RESEARCH OBJECTIVES: The overall objective of this research is to expand on our understanding of fundamental processes at the interfaces of electronic structures. The interface structures of interest are contacts and or barriers whose stability determines the overall lifetime and reliability of electronic devices and circuits. The fundamental information gained in these studies is also expected to be potentially useful for synthesizing new and improved electronic devices and materials.

In our previous research we have shown that electronic instabilities may drive the solid phase surface chemical modifications that alter the properties of electronic interface structures. Many surface chemical kinetic paths are available for relieving the instabilities, but the actual path selected may depend upon a large number of experimental parameters and selective chemical kinetic paths cannot generally be predicted. At present our work is being concentrated on (1) understanding the fundamental, and possibly universal origin of the electronic instabilities and (2) experimentally exploring their relaxation in specific important electronic systems.

In the past year our research has been focused on two general problem areas. The first area concerns the general problem of understanding the reaction paths selected by silicon interfaces at low reaction temperatures, i.e., below eutectic and melting points in the equivalent bulk systems. We are particularly interested in the reaction paths for transition metal-silicon interfaces. Progress in several related studies of these systems are reported in the next section. In the past year we have concentrated on measurements of excess " $\frac{1}{f}$ " noise in Co-Si films through the first nucleation regime as well as a determination of the reaction path in Cr-Si and Ti-Si systems.

The second area of concentration is the study

(Page 2, Res. Unit SSE81-1 "Interface Reactions, Instabilities and Transport")

of laser-induced surface instabilities in solids which has the specific objective of investigating the physics of nonequilibrium nucleation phenomena in solids. In the past year we have been studying the laser damage of crystalline silicon by intense, multiple, large beam area pulses from the perspective of non-equilibrium phase transitions. To do so we developed new experimental techniques for demonstrating that the iso-intensity damage transformation kinetics in the vicinity of the damage threshold intensity exhibited the features of a classical nucleation and growth. Although the statistical nature of the damaging interaction of light and matter had previously been observed for large area, single pulse damage of transparent media, ours was the first reported study of the evolution of damage by multiple pulses of variable, but near threshold intensities. The results of this work will be described more fully in the next section.

# B. PROGRESS: Research on First Silicide Reaction Paths

We have prepared and measured many Co-Si samples both "as sputtered" and after gentle annealing at 200°C. In particular, we have monitored resistance and the excess noise characteristics. Although our initial measurements have indicated significant scatter in the data vs. sputter deposition time, significant trends have been noted as indicated in Figures 1 and 2. In Figure 1, we have plotted the magnitude of the noise vs. the sample resistance. (Note that in these films the semiconductor-metal and noncrystalline-crystalline transitions have been shown to occur at about 10  $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ}$ In Figure 2, we plot the frequency exponent  $\beta$  (noise power  $\alpha = \frac{1}{6}\beta$ ) vs. film resistance. We see that both plots indicate anomalous " $\frac{1}{f}$ " noise as the films approach and go through the first nucleation regime. In terms of models of Ngai, et al [2] and Hill, et al [3] these results indicate significant systematics in the metastable coherent state correlation parameter m (or n).

Both the Cr-Si and Ti-Si thin film systems have been investigated by TED, and resistance in the regime leading to nucleation: critical thicknesses and annealing temperatures for silicide formation have been established in both systems. In the Ti-Si system it was found that a non-equilibrium compound phase was formed prior to TiSi<sub>2</sub> nucle-

ation. However, the transmission electron diffraction results indicate that this phase (labeled "TiSi" by previous

(Page 3, Res. Unit SSE81-1 "Interface Reactions, Instabilities and Transport")

researchers) is not the TiSi phase in the equilibrium phase diagram. This finding is significant for the systematics of the overall selection rule for first nucleation. In addition, the Ti-Si system is important as an end phase region in work recently started on the ternary systems Ti-Ni-Si and Ti-Co-Si. Initial measurements on these ultrathin film systems indicate we may significantly affect the final product formed by thickness and order of sequential deposits of the two transition metals on Si substrates. These findings may be quite important in the refractory metal silicide interconnect and gate areas for VSLI technology as well as give new insights into the first nucleation sequence in the solid state regime.

Studies of Picosecond Laser Damage In Crystalline Silicon
In this research we have conducted detailed experimental studies of picosecond laser induced damage as a non-equilibrium phase transition and proposed a new damage mechanism. This model which includes energy transfer by resonant surface plasmons on small electron density droplets is corroborated by our existing experimental data. New experimental data has been taken which demonstrates the nucleation and growth aspects of the laser damage process [4,5].

The motivation for this work has its origin in several facts. First, the picosecond time domain results in several simplifications due to the elimination of transport during the pulse duration. Near band-gap excitation at 1.06µm limits the heating of the sample Ly fast phonon decay of hot electrons. Silicon, a covalent material, was chosen for the absence of polar optical coupling mechanisms and the absence of an electron collision time sufficiently short to allow avalanche ionization. Finally, experience gained in the excitation of VO<sub>2</sub> through a non-equilibrium phase transition in

the first such study [6] led to a conceptual framework for these types of experiments.

We have performed an experimental demonstration of the heterogeneous nature of the nucleation and growth of laser damage in crystalline silicon. The samples of single crystal silicon were prepared from low resistivity <100> and <111> wafers with high resistivity 1.5 or 2.5µm epitaxial layers. To obtain the very thin samples used in some experiments, the wafers were masked and electrochemically etched, exposing about 0.5cm of epitaxial membrane [7].

The damage nucleation and growth was studied by monitoring the transmission of the irradiated region at 633nm while multiple pulse damage was initiated at a prf of 5Hz. The laser pulses were supplied by a passively mode-

(Page 4, Res. Unit SSE81-1 "Interface Reactions, Instabilities and Transport")

locked 1.06µm Nd:YAG laser. Single pulses were selected with an average FWHM duration of 38psec.

The sample transmission could then be related to a percent of the spot area transformed to the final state of damage. The results of this measurement showed an incubation period, a sigmoidal shape and have been fit to the Avrami equation for the behavior of nucleation and growth. These results strongly suggested that this damage process is a heterogeneously nucleated first order phase transformation process. This in turn suggested that a morphological study of the nucleation process would be beneficial.

A systematic study of the morphology of laser damage of silicon has been conducted. The multiple pulse damage threshold represents the point of closest approach to the phase transition where the morphology of nucleation may be studied. This method avoids the catastrophic damage characteristic of single pulse damage which would tend to destroy evidence of its early formation stages.

An automatic translation stage was constructed for the sample which would count laser pulses and give a sequence of irradiations at increasing powers of two pulses.

A high resolution SEM study showed the development of the coherent damage morphology with increasing numbers of pulses. The nucleation of the damage appears first as oval pits with their long axis orthogonal to the optical field. Subsequently and simultaneously formed pits are regularly spaced along single rows. Parallel rows of pits finally form into grating structure. Clearly the first phase of the damage process self-consistently selects pit formation at a specified distance from another pit, orthogonal to the optical field. The second phase of damage is the formation of regular spaced rows of pits (grooves). The grooves are spaced by the free space wavelength, suggesting that they are formed by the constructive interference of a scattered surface wave and the incident wave. This second process is consistent with the damage observed to propagate from preexisting linear structures such as scratches oriented normal to the optical field.

All of the damage we observed in these experiments was at the front surface. Even the optically thin 1.5µm thick films damaged first at the front surface. Near threshold, only front surface damage was observed. Since our silicon samples were extremely thin compared to the absorption length, this observation indicates that the damage could not have been initiated by the optical electric field, which by simple Fresnel arguments, is a maximum on the exit

(Page 5, Res. Unit SSE81-1 "Interface Reactions, Instabilities and Transport")

surface.

Silicon, with a band gap of 1.1lev at 300K, has a linear absorption constant of only  $10\text{cm}^{-1}$  for  $1.06\mu\text{m}$  laser pulses. At intensities approaching the multi-pulse damage threshold, our experimentally measured transmission data indicates the presence of an additional two photon absorption. Assuming that an indirect two photon process dominates, we obtained a two photon absorption constant  $\beta=52\text{cm/GW}$  by fitting the data.

Using this absorption process for 38 psec  $1.06\,\mathrm{mm}$  pulses at an intensity of  $1\mathrm{GW/cm}^2$  only  $10^{18}$  to  $10^{19}$  charge pairs are produced per cm $^3$ . In addition, the computed temperature rise during the pulse is less than one degree K. Although free carrier absorption was omitted from these calculations, it is not expected to increase the refractive index or temperature jump significantly.

These extrapolated values of  $\Delta T$  and  $\Delta n$  are much too small to initiate catastrophic damage which is, of course, the basic scientific enigma found in nearly all studies of laser damage in nearly-transparent media. Note that electronic avalanche ionization is not a highly probable process at the high excitation frequency of the Nd:YAG laser and, is ruled out by our observation of entrance face damage in thin samples.

To circumvent these difficulties we have proposed a new laser damage mechanism suggested by the morphological studies of the early damage nucleation regime [8,9]. This work suggests that, despite the apparent absence of avalanching, locally high absorption in some highly excited, small, charge density "embryos" is the precursor to damage. Furthermore, the consistent observation of coherently interfering "embryos" indicates that these are of intrinsic origin and not due to the presence of highly absorbing extrinsic heterogeneities.

We are led to suggest that an electronic spinodal separation occurs near the threshold when the average excited charge density approaches  $\sim 10^{-7} \ / \ \rm cm^{-1}$ . Inside the spinodal the electron and hole excitations are subject to spontaneous clustering under the influence of some unknown driving force.

The proposed damage mechanism involves the resonant absorption of incident photons by the collective electronic oscillations (surface plasmons) of embryo regions having near-critical radii and excited charge density approaching that of the liquid. This model is consistent with

(Page 6, Res. Unit SSE81-1 "Interface Reactions, Instabilities and Transport")

the evidence of cooperative interaction between damage sites. The direction and separation of the sites are those expected of a coherent radiative interaction between resonant surface plasmons on adjacent sites just prior to liquid phase nucleation.

While normally incident light will not couple to the planar surface plasmons of a solid, it will couple efficiently to any charge density droplets that form. The coupling will be resonant for a droplet size and charge density such that  $\omega_{\rm sp} = \omega_{\rm o}$ . Damage will nucleate at the lowest intensity for which coherent radiative coupling occurs between the res-

onant surface plasmons of two or more droplets.

A small, compared to lambda, spherical charge droplet will support a number of surface plasmon modes. Our

droplet will support a number of surface plasmon modes. Our calculations show that the lowest mode will be resonant in energy with the laser photons at a density of n =  $2 \times 10^2$  cm From the classical theory of radiating dipoles, we have computed the in phase and quadrature components of the radiated field in a direction orthogonal to the optical field. The minimum spacing for which the radiative fields will constructively interfere is at a separation of  $1.2 \times 1.2 \times$ 

(A value of 3.4 was used for the refractive index of silicon). This interaction distance compares favorably with the 350-380nm values obtained from our SEM experiments.

The proposed mechanism should result in a large increase in the laser energy deposited micro-heterogeneously at the surface near the damage threshold. It is not clear, however, how the material will relax such an intense, fast, local electronic excitation. As discussed in the following section we are continuing our research in this area in an attempt to resolve this question and to further assess the validity of our laser damage model.

C. FOLLOW UP STATEMENT: Both the excess noise measurements and the ultra thin film ternary work are being continued. The excess noise is being measured on similar systems as in the past in an effort to determine the source of some of the scatter in the measurements and to reduce it. The measurements will probably be extended to the Ni-Si system to begin to determine the generality of the observed systematics. Also, we will begin the comparison of our measurements to recent models of excess noise to determine their applicability with a view toward modifying and extending these models.

The Ti-Co-Si and Ti-Ni-Si ternary ultra thin film work is being continued predominantly in the area of increasing the number of measurement combinations in terms of

(Page 7, Res. Unit SSE81-1 "Interface Reactions, Instabilities and Transport")

different thicknesses and annealing conditions. In the next year we will be making a significant effort at determining the systematics of reactions in ternary systems. This will probably primarily be involved with modelling the constituent supply problem which is midway between the two extremes of preselection and kinetic selection as is observed in binary thin film systems.

We are continuing our studies of laser induced damage in crystalline silicon and have begun to do similar exploratory studies of various other semiconductors (including amorphous silicon) and metals.

Since completing our initial multiple pulse damage studies on crystalline silicon we have acquired a microcomputer controlled system for monitoring and recording the intensity of each picosecond pulse. This system will greatly enhance our ability to explore the intrinsic statistics of the laser damage physics while minimizing the role of the statistical fluctuations of the laser.

We have also recently discovered that the large beam single shot threshold intensity of silicon samples is more sensitive to surface preparation conditions than previously believed. This is encouraging for the model of the laser damage statistics that we are developing which predicts a considerably larger difference in the single and multiple pulse threshold intensities than those observed previously.

In the past year we have also made some initial measurements of the intensity variation of exo-emission currents from the surface of a material in the vicinity of the laser damage threshold. Initial experiments with silicon indicate that the energetic processes responsible for exo-emission near the single and multiple pulse thresholds are very different. We will continue these exo-emission experiments and correlate the results with the morphological development of damage in order to further clarify the nature of the critical energy transfer processes leading to damage.

Finally, we expect to extend these studies to other semiconductors and to some metals. Our first experimental observations indicate that the multiple pulse damage morphologies produced by picosecond YAG pulses on GaAs and some metals (nickel and aluminum) are surprisingly similar to those observed in silicon. It is not clear, however, that a model like that developed for silicon will apply to these other materials.

#### D. REFERENCES

1. R.W. Bene', R.M. Walser, G.S. Lee and K.C. Chen, J. Vac.

- (Page 8, Res. Unit SSE81-1 "Interface Reactions, Instabilities and Transport")
  - Sci. Technol. 17 (5), 911-915 (September /October 1980).
- 2. K.L. Ngai, Phys. Rev. B22, no. 4, 2066-2077 (1980).
- R.M. Hill, L.A. Dissado and R. Jackson, J. Phys. C: Solid State Phys., 14, 3915-3926 (1981).
- 4. R.M. Walser, M.F. Becker, D.Y. Sheng and J.G. Ambrose, "Heterogeneous Nucleation of Spatially Coherent Damage Structures in Crystalline Silicon with Picosecond 1.06µm and 0.533µm Laser Pulses," Laser and Electron-Beam Solid Interactions and Material Processing, T.J. Gibbons, W. Hess, and T. Sigmon eds., Elsevier, New York (1981).
- 5. D.Y. Sheng, R.M. Walser, M.F. Becker and J.G. Ambrose, "Heterogeneous Nucleation of Damage in Crystalline Silicon with Picosecond 1.06μm Laser Pulses," Appl. Phys. Lett. 38, 99 (1981).
- 6. M.F. Becker, R.M. Walser, and R.W. Gunn, "Fast Laser Excitations in VO, at the Semiconducting-Metallic Phase Transition," in <u>Picosecond Phenomena</u>, C.V. Shank et al eds., Springer-Verlag, New York, (1978); and "Fast Laser Kinetic Studies of the Semiconducting-Metal Phase Transition in VO, Thin Films," in <u>Laser-Solid Interactions and Laser Processing 1978</u>, S.D. Ferris, et al eds., A.I.P., New York (1979).
- 7. M.F. Becker, R.M. Walser, J.G. Ambrose and D.Y. Sheng, "Picosecond 1.06 Micron Laser-Induced Amorphous Phase in Thin, Single Crystal Silicon Membranes," in Picosecond Phenomena II, R.M. Hochstrasser et al eds., Springer-Verlag, New York (1980).
- 8. R.M. Walser, M.F. Becker and D.Y. Sheng, "Laser Damage of Crystalline Silicon by Multiple 1.06µm Picosecond Pulses," in Proceedings of the 13th Symposium on Optical Materials for High Power Lasers (Boulder Damage Symposium), Boulder, Colorado (1981).
- M.F. Becker, R.M. Walser, Y.K. Jhee and D.Y. Sheng, "Picosecond Laser Damage Mechanisms at Semiconductor Surfaces," Proceedings of SPIE Laser 82 Symposium on Picosecond Lasers and Applications, Los Angeles, (Jan. 1982).

(Page 9, Res. Unit SSE81-1 "Interface Reactions, Instabilities and Transport")

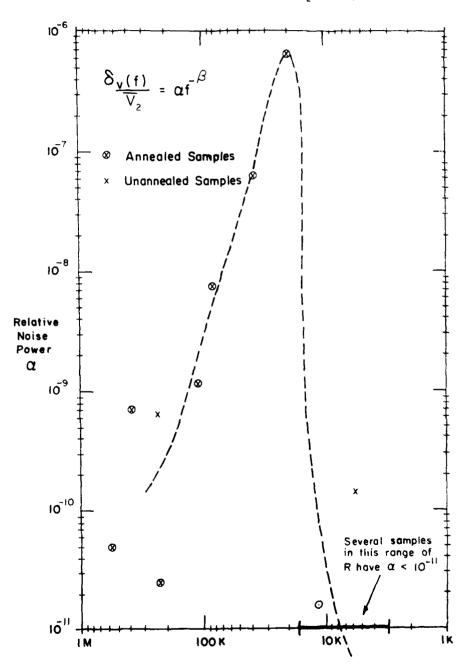


Figure 1. Relative Noise Power vs. Resistance

(Page 10, Res. Unit SSE81-1 "Interface Reactions, Instabilities and Transport")

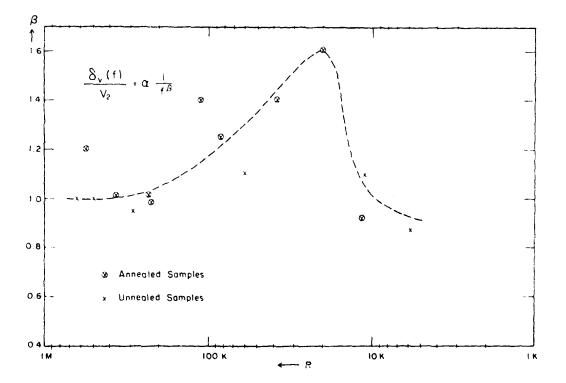


Figure 2. Frequency Exponent vs. Resistance

THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT AUSTIN ELECTRONICS RESEARCH CENTER SOLID STATE ELECTRONICS

Research Unit SSE81-2 SPECTROSCOPIC STUDIES OF METAL/SEMI-CONDUCTOR AND METAL/METAL OXIDE INTER-FACES

Principal Investigators: Professor J.L. Erskine (471-1464) Professor J.M. White (471-3949)

Graduate Students: Y. Chang, S. Shi, H. Peebles and K. Thrush

A. OBJECTIVES: The scientific objective of this research unit is to investigate atomic and molecular level properties associated with selected solid surfaces and solid state interfaces. The work is divided into three related subareas:

1) metal/semiconductor interfaces, 2) metal and semiconductor surface/adsorbate systems, 3) metal/metal and metal/metal oxide systems.

Research on metal/semiconductor interfaces is focused on understanding the electronic structure and composition of silicide structures which form when metal atoms deposited on a semiconductor surface react to form an interface. Particular emphasis is being directed towards understanding the initial stages of interface formation. This work utilizes Auger electron spectroscopy (AES), to characterize near surface composition, low energy electron diffraction (LEED) to determine geometrical structure, angle resolved photoelec-From emission spectroscopy (ARPS) to study electronic properties of the constituent atoms, and x-ray photoelectron spectroscopy (XPS) to study the chemical state of silicon and the deposited metal. Additional effort is being directed towards developing a nondestructive means of probing the electronic structure in practical interfaces. This work will utilize optical reflectance to obtain the multilayer dielectric constant associated with a practical interface. The dielectric constant when correlated with results of other experimental techniques such as AES and channeling, should give a reasonably good picture of the electronic structure and composition of practical metal/semiconductor interfaces. Depth-profiling with AES and XPS analysis of these systems will also be employed.

Research on surface/adsorbate systems is primarily oriented towards supporting our work on metal/semiconductor interfaces and on metal/metal oxide interfaces. In preparing any solid state interface, impurity atoms and molecules are incorporated from the background of atomic and molecular species in the vacuum chamber. These impurities can chemisorb at surfaces where interfaces are being formed and can influence the growth kinetics, electronic properties, and

(Page 2, Res. Unit SSE81-2 "Spectroscopic Studies of Metal/ Semiconductor and Metal/ Metal Oxide Interfaces")

crystal structure of the interface. Our research includes investigations of the structure and composition of selected adsorbates on semiconductor, metal and metal oxide surfaces with emphasis on materials used in interface systems being investigated under metal/semiconductor and metal/metal oxide headings. Several state-of-the-art experimental techniques are available to accomplish this work. These include the capability to obtain the vibrational spectra of atoms and molecules at surfaces using high resolution electron energy loss spectroscopy (EELS). These capabilities provide an opportunity to obtain detailed structural information related to species adsorbed at solid surfaces.

Research on metal/metal oxide interfaces is focused on the development of depth profiling and analysis methods of studying the top most atomic layers that form when a clean metal is exposed to oxygen. This work will utilize electron spectroscopy, particularly XPS, to obtain substrate core level intensities. Of great interest are satellite intensities of core levels which reflect changes in the metal/metal oxide interactions.

In a related materials area, the fundamental problem of how one metal binds to another is being studied. The techniques include LEED, AES and flash desorption spectroscopy (FDS). From these measurements metal-metal binding energies, ordered metal overlayer structures and electronic structures of metal-metal overlayer systems are being investigated. Such information is crucial in understanding alloying and segregation. From FDS, quantitative values for the heat of desorption can be measured as a function of coverage. LEED provides data on the development of ordered overlayers and AES, when analyzed in detail, provides local chemical bonding information in addition to atomic composition.

B. PROGRESS: We have made significant progress in several subareas indicated in section A which summarizes our objectives. This section outlines scientific progress in these subareas and describes additional efforts to improve the instrumentation required for our research.

1. Metal Semiconductor Interfaces

Our proposed work on transition metal silicide interface formation utilizes Auger electron spectroscopy (AES), low energy electron diffraction (LEED), ultraviolet photoelectron emission spectroscopy, (UPS) and optical reflectance. One spectrometer being used for this work is now complete, and a second spectrometer which will be used at the synchro-

(Page 3, Res. Unit SSE81-2 "Spectroscopic Studies of Metal/ Semiconductor and Metal/Metal Oxide Interfaces")

tron radiation center in Stoughton, Wisconsin is nearing completion. Work on the reflectance spectrometer has been discontinued temporarily due to space limitation.

# a. Bulk Silicide Electronic Structure

We have successfully conducted the first detailed experimental study of the bulk electronic structure of an ordered silicide [1]. Structural and electronic properties of expitaxial NiSi<sub>2</sub> crystals were investigated using LEED, Auger spectroscopy and angle resolved photoelectron emission. Our NiSi<sub>2</sub> samples were prepared in situ by vacuum evaporating Ni onto<sup>2</sup>Si crystal surfaces. Excellent epitaxial crystals can be formed on Si(111) and Si(100) surfaces as verified by our own LEED studies and by ion channeling [2].

Normal emission UPS spectra from (111) and (100) NiSi<sub>2</sub> surfaces yielded band dispersions and critical point binding energies along  $\Gamma$ -L and  $\Gamma$ -X directions of the bulk Brillouin zone. Our experimental results are in good agreement with recent self consistent energy band calculations [3]. Our LEED, Auger and workfunction results suggest that (100) and (111) NiSi<sub>2</sub> crystals grown epitaxially terminate in a silicon layer and nickel layer, respectively.

## b. Initial Stage of Silicide Interface Growth

Preliminary results have been obtained for initial growth of silicides at silicon surfaces [4]. We have studied the evolution of the nickel d-band structure and surface work function changes as a function of the thickness of nickel deposited onto silicon surfaces. These studies have been made for several surface reaction temperatures. Our results suggest that the room temperature interface depth is less than 10Å for nickel evaporated onto silicon. Our results also indicate that it is relatively easy to distinguish between the three stoichiometries (Ni<sub>2</sub>Si, NiSi and NiSi<sub>2</sub>) which can form when nickel is reacted with silicon to form an interface.

## c. New Instrumentation

We are continuing to upgrade our research capabilities by improving existing equipment and constructing new instruments. Our split beam reflectometer remains in the development stage. We currently lack adequate floor space to put this spectrometer into operation, and also will require some minor instrumentation (a sputter gun for cleaning samples) before the instrument will be useful for research. Our major instrumentation effort this year has been to con-

(Page 4, Res. Unit SSE81-2 "Spectroscopic Studies of Metal/ Semiconductor and Metal/Metal Oxide Interfaces")

struct a new angle resolving photoelectron spectrometer [5] which will be used at the synchrotron radiation center in Stoughton, Wisconsin. This new spectrometer will introduce several unique new capabilities to our laboratory which will benefit our JSEP sponsored work.

## Surface Adsorbate System

Our high resolution electron energy loss spectrometer (EELS) is now operational with LEED and Auger spectroscopy capability. Research using this instrument is being sponsored by AFOSR. We have recently obtained some important new results regarding the oxidation of Al(111) using EELS [6]. We have shown that the initial stage of oxidation of Al (111) is characterized by a mixed phase consisting of both surface and subsurface atomic oxygen. The surface phase is unstable and converts to subsurface oxygen at room temperature. No evidence of molecular oxygen was observed in our experiments contrary to other work. Our EELS study also illustrates a new application of the technique: the study of underlayer structures, and in addition shows that the "dipole" scattering mechanism applies to subsurface dipoles at metal surfaces.

#### Non Reactive Metal/Silicon Interfaces

In separate experiments, we are constructing in the Chemistry Department an instrument for investigating the behavior of submonolayer to multilayer amounts of Ag on Si (111). The instrument is designed for LEED, AES and TPD measurements and employs a thermal evaporation source for controlled Ag deposition. This system is an important part of our overall silicide program because silicides of Ag do not form readily, if at all. This provides a good benchmark system for studying chemisorbed metal atom overlayers without surface compound formation. At this time, the system is completed with the exception of an external gas handling system and minor modifications of the crystal mount to provide better TPD spectra.

## 4. Metal/Metal Oxide and Metal/Metal Systems

As part of our program on the behavior of oxide layers on metals, we have just completed a study of electron beam damage due to oxygen ion desorption, on oxided ruthenium surfaces [7].

The reaction is characterized by three kinetic regions when  ${\rm Ru}\,(001)$  is exposed to 100 L of  ${\rm O}_2$  at 865K and then titrated with  ${\rm H}_2$  at this or lower temperatures. The first region is a long induction period, the second a rapid reaction region and the third a slow reaction region. The

(Page 5, Res. Unit SSE81-2 "Spectroscopic Studies of Metal/ Semiconductor and Metal/Metal Oxide Interfaces")

first two of these are sensitive to electron beam effects, i.e., the 3-5 kV and 5-20<sub>u</sub>A beam used for Auger analysis. particular, the induction time is dramatically shortened (by as much as a factor of 10) when Auger analysis with a focussed e-beam is used. We use x-ray photoelectron spectroscopy as a standard which eliminates e-beam damage. This effect is temperature sensitive and disappears as the analysis temperature increases from 500 to 895 K. We attribute this temperature dependence largely to diffusion of oxygen atoms on the surface into the region where the electron beam is depleting them. This is supported by measurements in the absence of H<sub>2</sub> where a lateral concentration gradient is estimated by moving the sample after a lengthy period of e-beam bombardment. The "spot size" is larger for the higher temperatures. These results are indicative of the care which must be taken when electron spectroscopic methods are used to study kinetic phenomena involving surface oxides. We have made excellent progress in studies of the Ag/Rh(100) system The adsorption of Ag on Rh(100) at 300 K is characterized by uniform growth of the first monolayer. The desorption is characterized by two distinct peaks. The lower temperature state shows zero order kinetics and a desorption energy of 67 kcal mole while the high temperature state shows first order behavior. The activation energy is slightly coverage dependent. Our data do not allow a unique description but a pre-exponential factor of 8.9 x  $10^{-2}$  sec and an activation energy of 63.2 - 1.50 kcal mole is quite satisfactory. AES analysis can be used to establish the Ag coverage over the first monolayer. The initial dissociative sticking coefficient for 02 is 0.8 at 530 and 680 K on clean Rh(100) while that for  $N_2O$  drops from 0.48 to 0.21 over this same interval. The saturation O(KVV) signal from O, is twice that observed for N<sub>2</sub>0. The LEED patterns at saturation are c(2x2) and p(2x2) for  $0_2$  and  $N_2^{}0$ , respectively. Simple site blocking models adequately describe the influence of Ag on 0, and N<sub>2</sub>0 chemisorption.

#### C. CURRENT RESEARCH PROGRAM

(i) Metal Semiconductor Interfaces

The Schottky barrier formed at a metal/semiconductor interface is one of the most important building blocks of modern semiconductor technology. The simplest ap(Page 6, Res. Unit SSE81-2 "Spectroscopic Studies of Metal/ Semiconductor and Metal/Metal Oxide Interfaces")

proximation for a Schottky barrier is based on an abrupt interface between a pure semiconductor crystal and an epitaxial metal layer. However, a practical understanding of Schottky barriers must be based on the actual structure of the metalsemiconductor region [9-14], and in practical devices, the growth mechanisms must be understood in order to tailor parameters for particular applications. Research under this subunit heading (Metal Semiconductor Interfaces) is directed toward obtaining a detailed understanding of the structure, electronic properties and growth kinetics associated with metal semiconductor interfaces.

Our success in studying bulk NiSi, crystals

formed epitaxially on Si substrates and our preliminary results on very thin nickel silicide layers indicates that there is a very good possibility for studying truly thin practical Schottky barriers. Our next objective will be to conduct a comprehensive investigation of the initial stage of compound formation at nickel-silicon interfaces. We will be interested in studying the stoichiometry, crystal structure and electronic structure of very thin nickel films deposited onto Si(111) and Si(100) crystal faces as a function of temperature from about 40 K up to 800 C where NiSi2 forms. We have

already shown that ordered silicides form on these surfaces when relatively thick (up to 1000Å) nickel layers are reacted, and we expect to be able to grow very thin ordered structures perhaps with several stoichiometries by suitable annealing processes.

The high degree of reactivity associated with silicide formation and the tendency of stoichiometric compounds to form suggests that at low coverages, one might expect "two-dimensional" features to appear in angle resolved photoelectron emission spectra. These features would characterize the electronic structure of a very thin (one or two unit cells thick) silicide. The formation of a thin silicide ordered layer should be observable using LEED. A specific current objective of our work is therefore to look for ordered silicide formation at very low coverages (1 to 10 Å). this coverage range electron spectroscopy (UPS, AES, XPS and LEED) will be used to characterize electronic structures including binding energy and dispersion of electronic levels and to study structural changes as a function of initial substrate temperature and overlayer thickness prior to annealing. These experiments should lead to a better understanding of the initial growth of a silicide interface and should also help to provide additional insight into the poss(Page 7, Res. Unit SSE81-2 "Spectroscopic Studies of Metal/ Semiconductor and Metal/Metal Oxide Interfaces")

ible existance of amorphous layers at silicon-silicide interfaces.

Experimental techniques based on electron spectroscopy are limited to applications involving only the top 10-20 Å because of the escape depth for electrons. Therefore very little is known about the structure and electronic properties of practical metal/silicon interfaces. Recent backscattering channeling studies have illustrated the utility of these methods to characterize the structure of thicker interfaces [15]. These techniques are able to probe for non-registered atoms and have been used to study the structure and stoichiometry of semiconductor interfaces. To establish a comprehensive model of a practical interface, some electronic structure information is desirable to correlate with the structural information available from channeling.

We are planning to obtain information related to the electronic structure using optical reflectance techniques. Optical penetration depths are hundreds of angstroms, and the electronic structure is related to the dielectric constant which can be obtained from optical data. There is strong evidence that the silicide interface tends to be uniform except for perhaps 10-20A at the metal/silicide or semiconductor/silicide junction. Dielectric models of a practical interface will not be too complicated. For example, it should be possible to obtain dielectric constants for a three layer system consisting of a top layer of NiSi, a thin

region which is possibly glassy, and a Si substrate [2]. There is evidence based on UPS and AES that stoichiometry variations occur within 10 to 20 A of PdSi interfaces [16]. Similar variations are likely to be observed in NiSi<sub>2</sub> inter-

faces. We will attempt to correlate the interface models obtained from optical spectroscopy (dielectric constant as a function of depth) with our own studies based on electron spectroscopy, in particular AES depth profile results. Our overall objective will be to determine if optical spectroscopy can provide a nondestructive means of probing interface dielectric properties.

(ii) Surface Adsorbate Systems

Our EELS study of underlayer oxygen formation on Al(111) opens a new area of application for EELS spectroscopy. Our current efforts are centered on attempts to obtain a more quantitative account of our Al(111)/0 data. We observe three peaks in the EELS spectra for oxygen on Al whereas only two are expected based on the known structure

(Page 8, Res. Unit SSE81-2 "Spectroscopic Studies of Metal/ Semiconductor and Metal/Metal Oxide Interfaces")

of the system. To understand the origin of the third peak (which is small in comparison to the major peaks corresponding to surface and subsurface oxygen) we are modelling the oxygen and subsurface oxygen sites based on a 13 layer aluminum slab with Leonard-Jones force constants. This calculational procedure should permit us to model linewidths produced by mode coupling and peak positions. We hope to obtain a semiquantitative picture of the origin of the three peaks and their widths.

(iii) Non Reactive Metal/Silicon Interfaces

As mentioned earlier, no silver silicide is easily formed. However, diffusion of Ag into Si (or vice versa) has been reported at elevated temperatures (400°C) [17]. Furthermore, Au is reported by the same authors to form a silicide but only for overlayer thicknesses in excess of 15 A. Our preliminary results disagree in the case of Ag-Si where we find no evidence for penetration on the basis of TPD data. This point must be pursued further by doing careful annealing experiments and modelling the AES and TPD results. In any case, it is agreed that room temperature deposition of Ag gives epitaxial Ag overlayers and no silicide. We plan to study the 2-D electronic structure of these thin layers using ARUPS. The case of Au is also very interesting since it appears that thin surface silicides could be formed or avoided simply by changing slightly the conditions of Au deposition and annealing. Such a system is attractive as a bridge between the very reactive systems like Ni-Si and the non-reactive systems like Ag-Si.

Metal/Metal Oxide and Metal/Metal Systems The detailed description and understanding of interfaces between metals and metal oxides is an important materials problem in the sense that the growth and extent of such interfaces and layers have a marked effect on electronic properties. Our goal in this portion of the subunit is two-(1) to develop techniques for quantitative surface analysis and depth profiling that are less destructive and capable of higher near-surface resolution than the standard sputtering/electron spectroscopic methods and (2) to make detailed measurements of the growth kinetics, the atomic and electronic structure using the techniques of in situ controlled submonolayer metal deposition, flash desorption, XPS, LEED, and AES, we intend to investigate such systems as Al/Pt/0, and Our interest in the Al/Pt systems stems from our  $Ag/Rh/N_20.$ experience with oxygen on these two metals. Aluminum forms

(Page 9, Res. Unit SSE81-2 "Spectroscopic Atheles of Michiel Semiconductor and Metal/Metal Oxide Interfaces")

very stable oxides, while Pt does not. It does, however, form surface oxygen compounds under conditions where bulk oxides are unstable. We propose to examine in detail submonolayer to multilayer amounts of Al deposited on single crystal and polycrystalline Pt followed by exposure to either  $N_2$ 0 or  $0_2$ . From these measurements a reasonably detailed picture will emerge of what structures are formed and at what rates. In addition the electronic structure and the stability of various atomic structures can be evaluated in detail. As noted in our Progress section similar work is underway on Ag/Rh.

Depth profiling methods can also be used to analyze the growth of metal-silicides such as Ni, Pd, and Pt. This work will be pursued in parallel with the work described in section (1). The significance of the silicides in solid state devices makes this an important addition to our proposed work.

#### D. REFERENCES

- Yu-Jeng Chang and J.L. Erskine (submitted to Phys. Rev. B).
- K.C.R. Chiu, J.M. Poate, L.C. Feldman and C.J. Doherty, Appl. Phys. Letters 36, 544 (1980).
- 3. D.M. Bylander, L. Kleinman, K. Mednick, and W.R. Grise, Phys. Rev. B (in press).
- 4. Yu-Jeng Chang and J.L. Erskine to be presented at the 42nd Conference on Physical Electronics, Atlanta, (June 14-16, 1982).
- 5. G.K. Ovrebo and J.L. Erskine, J. Elect. Spect. Related Phenom. 24, 189 (1980).
- 6. J.L. Erskine and R.L. Strong, Phys. Rev. B25, (1982).
- 7. J.A. Schreifels, S. -K. Shi and J.M. White, Applic. Surface Sci. 7, 312 (1980).
- 8. W.M. Daniel, K. Kim, H.C. Peebles and J.M. White, Surface Sci. 111, 189 (1981).
- 9. J. Bardeen, Phys. Rev. 71, 717 (1947).
- 10. V. Heine, Phys. Rev. 138, Al189 (1965).

- (Page 10, Res. Unit SSE81-2 "Spectroscopic Studies of Metal/ Semiconductor and Metal/Metal Oxide Interfaces")
- J.M. Andrews and J.C. Phillips, Phys. Rev. Letters 35, 56 (1975).
- J.L. Freeouf, G.W. Rubloff, P.S. Ho and T.S. Kuan, Phys. Rev. Letters 43, 1836 (1979).
- 13. J.E. Rowe, G. Margaritondo, and B.S. Christman, Phys. Rev. B15, 2195 (1977).
- 14. P.S. Ho, T.Y. Tan, J.E. Lewis and G.W. Rubloff, J. Vac. Sci. Technol. (in press).
- 15. N.W. Cheung, R.J. Culbertson, L.C. Feldman, P.J. Silverman, K.W. West and J.W. Mayer, Phys. Rev. Letters 45, 120 (1980).
- 16. P.S. Ho, G.W. Rubloff, V.E. Lewis, P.E. Schmidt, V.L. Moruzzi, and A.R. Williams, Abstract, Fortieth Annual Conference on Physics Electronics (June 1980).
- H. Tokutaka, K. Nishimori, S. Nomura, A. Tamorka and K. Takashima, Surface Sci. <u>115</u>, 79 (1982).

III. QUANTUM ELECTRONICS

THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT AUSTIN ELECTRONICS RESLARCH CENTER QUANTUM ELECTRONICS

Research Unit QE81-1 NONLINEAR WAVE PHENOMENA

Principal Investigators: Professor M.F. Becker (471-3628) Professor E.J. Powers (471-1430)

Graduate Students: J. Beall, J. Hong, J.G. Mauger and Y. Twu

- A. PROGRESS: This research unit is concerned with analytical and experimental studies of nonlinear wave interactions in physical systems. The work may be subdivided into two areas: (1) the development of digital time series analysis techniques useful in analyzing and interpreting fluctuation data generated by nonlinear wave interactions in various media, and (2) nonlinear optics in the infrared spectral region in molecular gases.
- Monlinear Wave Interactions: The objective of this work is to develop digital time series analysis techniques that enable one to properly analyze and accurately interpret experimental fluctuation data associated with nonlinear and/or nonstationary wave phenomena in a variety of media. One of the principal characteristics of any nonlinear system is the introduction of new frequency components, e.g., harmonics and intermodulation products. The "efficiency" with which these new spectral components are generated is given by an interaction or coupling coefficient. In the case of nonlinear systems where one can define an "input" and "output", the "efficiency" with which the new spectral components are generated is described by nonlinear transfer functions. For quadratically nonlinear interactions, the coupling coefficients or transfer functions are two-dimensional functions of frequency. For cubic interactions, the corresponding coupling coefficients or transfer functions are three dimensional functions of frequency. This clearly suggests that higher-order (i.e., multi-dimensional functions of frequency) spectral densities must be utilized to appropriately analyze and interpret fluctuation data associated with nonlinear physical systems. For a quadratically and cubically nonlinear system, the bispectrum  $B(\omega_1,\omega_2)$  and the trispectrum  $T(\omega_1,\omega_2,\omega_3)$ are the appropriate spectral densities, respectively. During the past year our research efforts have focused on the following topics summarized in subsequent paragraphs.
- a. Nonlinear System Modelling in the Frequency Domain: The objective of this continuing effort is to investigate the practical aspects of modelling in the frequency domain the linear and nonlinear relationship between two phys-

THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT AUSTIN | ELECTRONICS | QUANTUM ELECTRONICS

Research Unit QE81-1 NONLINEAR WAVE PHENOMENA

Principal Investigators: Professor M.F. Becker (471-3625) Professor E.J. Powers 471-1453

Graduate Students: J. Beall, J. Hong, J.G. Mauser and Y. Twu

- A. PROGRESS: This research unit is concerned with analytical and experimental studies of nonlinear wave interactions in physical systems. The work may be subdivided into two areas: (1) the development of digital time series analysis techniques useful in analyzing and interpreting fluctuation data generated by a nile are made into matrices in various media, and (2) sublinear spaire in the infrared spectral region in molecular gases.
- of Allegar Wise Insurarisina: The Objective of this work is to develop digital time series analysis techniques that enable one to properly analyze and accurately interpret experimental fluctuation data associated with nonlinear and/or nonstationary wave phenomena in a variety of media. One of the principal characteristics of any nonlinear system is the introduction of new frequency components, e.g., harmonics and intermodulation products. The "efficiency" with which these new spectral components are generated is given by an interaction or coupling coefficient. In the case of nonlinear systems where one can define an "input" and "output", the "efficiency" with which the new spectral components are generated is described by nonlinear transfer functions. For quadratically nonlinear interactions, the coupling coefficients or transfer functions are two-dimensional functions of frequency. For cubic interactions, the corresponding coupling coefficients or transfer functions are three dimensional functions of frequency. This clearly suggests that higher-order (i.e., multi-dimensional functions of frequency spectral densities must be utilized to appropriately analyze and interpret fluctuation data associated with nonlinear physical systems. For a quadratically and cubically nonlinear system, the bispectrum  $B(\omega_1,\omega_2)$  and the trispectrum  $T(\omega_1,\omega_2,\omega_3)$ are the appropriate spectral densities, respectively. During the past year our research efforts have focused on the following topics summarized in subsequent paragraphs.
- a. Nonlinear System Modelling in the Frequency Domain: The objective of this continuing effort is to investigate the practical aspects of modelling in the frequency domain the linear and nonlinear relationship between two phys-

(Page 3, Res. Unit QE81-1 "Nonlinear Wave Phenomena")

higher-order cross spectra (e.g., the cross-bispectrum, cross-trispectrum, etc).

We are currently applying this knowledge to the following three areas of technical importance: (1) electromagnetic wave scattering from nonlinear targets, (2) sea wave-induced nonlinear drift forces on moored-vessel systems, and (3) determination of aerodynamic transfer functions throughout the flight envelope. The "nonlinear" electromagnetic scattering work is being carried out under JSEP sponsorship, while the latter two projects are sponsored by other agencies. For this reason we briefly review the scattering applications.

A number of man-made objects, which are to be detected by radar, exhibit nonlinear effects which result in new frequency components (e.g., intermodulation products, harmonics, and "degenerate" frequencies) appearing in the backscattered field. In a recent paper [3] we presented a conceptual model which allows one to systematically characterize nonlinear scatterers in terms of a hierarchy of linear, quadratic, cubic, etc. radar cross sections. The concept of "nonlinear" cross rections allows one to generalize the radar equation for a nonlinear target. This "nonlinear radar equation" may be regarded as a generalization of the harmonic radar equation [4]. In Ref. 3 it was pointed out that the various nonlinear radar cross sections can, in principle, be computed, in terms of higher order spectral density functions, from the transmitted and scattered signals. Our most recent efforts, based on numerical simulation, have been concerned with the practicality of applying these concepts to nonlinear scatterers. Our preliminary results were described at a National Radio Science Meeting [5] and our most recent results are tentatively scheduled to be presented at the RADAR-82 Conference in London [6]. Specifically, both of these papers deal with the practical details surrounding the digital implementation of higher order spectral analysis required to analyze backscattered data from nonlinear targets. The results of a computer simulation of scattering from a target containing both linear and cubic features supports the validity of the approach described in Ref. [3]. Of particular interest is the result that the cubic nature of a target may be detected and investigated by appropriately processing the return at the fundamental frequency, rather than at the third harmonic. For a target containing both linear and cubic features, the return at the fundamental frequency of will consist of two parts. The first is due to the linear nature of the target, the second due to the cubically generated degenerate component at  $\omega_{0}$  (i.e., the  $\omega_{0}$  component in the expansion of  $\cos^{3}\omega_{0}$ t). We have demonstrated how digital crosstrispectral analysis may be used to isolate the degenerate signal at  $\omega_{0}$  from the linear return, even though both components are at the same frequency. Finally, results describing the relative insensitivity of the approach to low signal-to-noise ratio has been demonstrated. This relative insensitivity is primarily due to the fact that the approach rests upon a novel method (based on the properties of the cross-trispectrum) to detect phase coherence, rather than on the absolute amplitude of the signals of interest.

- b. Experimental Determination of Quadratic Coupling Coefficients: Previously, we have reported on attempts to identify [7] and quantify [8,9] using digital bispectral analysis, the presence of wave-wave interactions in a fluctuation spectrum. These earlier results obtained under JSEP sponsorship are now being utilized in an NSF sponsored study of the role of nonlinear wave-wave interactions in the evolution of turbulence in fluids [10-12]. The transition to turbulence is characterized by the appearance of new spectral components and the continual redistribution of energy among existing and new spectral components. In those cases where a three-wave coupling model is appropriate we have shown that such spectral energy transfers may be estimated using digital bispectral analysis techniques to determine coupling coefficients and power transfer functions [10-11].
- c. Experimental Determination of the Joint Power Spectrum  $P(k,\omega)$ : Although this work does not involve nonlinear phenomena per se, it does involve one of the fundamental diagnostic problems involving the physical interpretation of fluctuation phenomena. In order to more completely describe a space-time fluctuation, one needs to estimate the joint wavenumber-frequency power spectrum  $P(k,\omega)$  which characterizes the spatial and temporal properties of the fluctuation. We have finished developing a digital method for estimating the joint power spectrum, which requires measurements at only two spatial points for a one dimensional fluctuation. The work will appear in Journal of Applied Physics [13]. The key idea is to determine the fluctuation power in the joint intervals (k, k+ $\Delta$ k) and ( $\omega$ , $\omega$  +  $\Delta\omega$ ), where k and  $\omega$ denote the wavenumber and frequency, respectively. Specifically, we introduce the concept of the local wavenumber and frequency spectral density, which can be estimated using spatially fixed, point data sources ("fixed probe pairs");

and describe the relationship of this spectral density to the conventional wavenumber and frequency spectral density and the cross power spectral density. The local wavenumber and troquency spectral density is shown to be equivalent to the conventional wavenumber and frequency spectral density when the fluctuation is stationary and homogeneous and consists of a superposition of wave packets; such a fluctuation is the basic model used in many turbulence theories. A digital method for estimating the local wavenumber spectrum has been developed and applied to the study of drift wave turbulence in an rf-excited discharge. The statistical dispersion relation and wavenumber spectral width, computed from the local wavenumber and frequency spectrum of the drift wave turbulence, are compared with the conventional spectral moments computed using the correlation method of Iwama and Tsukishima; good agreement is found over a wide range of frequency. A frequency integrated wavenumber spectrum is computed; both frequency and wavenumber spectral indices are found independently. The local wavenumber and frequency spectrum is a completely new approach to the use of fixed probe data, and we believe it can greatly extend the quantity of information available from fixed probes, which are the principal tools in many, if not most, fluctuation experiments. It should be emphasized that the technique will be equally useful in studies of space-time fluctuation phenomena in solids, liquids, and gases. We are currently investigating the feasibility of utilizing these techniques to study the space-time characteristics of 1/f noise in thin metal film resistor arrays.

d. Three-Wave Nonlinear Optical Interactions in Dispersive Media: This work was also completed and published recently in IEEE Journal of Quantum Flectronics [14]. We treated in detail the situations corresponding to the presence and the absence of dispersion in the medium. For each of these situations, both the degenerate and nondegenerate cases were considered. For all of the situations considered, we have chosen to work within the framework of a realistic and specific numerical example of an OPA, consisting of a LiNbO $_3$  crystal illuminated by a pulsed pump of amplitude FWHM = 30 ps,  $\lambda$  = 1.064µm, having a peak intensity of  $10^{14} \text{W/m}^2$ .

We enumerate below the major results of this study. The most important and novel result is that the presence of dispersion leads to the formation of a substructure in the parametrically amplified signal when pump depletion is permitted. In a LiNbO3 crystal of length 3 cm with

an initial pump intensity of  $10^{14}$  W/m², very narrow 1.6 ps, and intense  $I_s \stackrel{\sim}{\sim} 0.8 I_{po}$  pulses appear in the substructure. Experimentally, such a substructure with ultrashort components has been reported by Kryukov et al. The nonlinear medium in their experiment was LiI0 $_3$  in the form of two 2 cm long crystals. With  $L_{NL} = 0.66$  cm and  $I_{po} = 10^{14}$  W/m², the length necessary for the substructure formation to commence is  $L_s \stackrel{\sim}{\sim} 1.0$  cm and for distinct subpulses to be observed,  $L_s \stackrel{\sim}{\sim} 2.0$  cm. These values are within the range of the experiment mentioned above.

Analytical study of the nondispersive degenerate case indicated that a two-pulsed substructure is formed. This substructure commences when pump regeneration begins and the pulses result from a depletion of the signal pulse. Depletion continues with the signal vanishing and the pump becoming completely regenerated asymptotically. In the presence of dispersion, as noted previously, a multipulse substructure arises. In addition, the process exhibits a periodic transfer of energy between the pump and the signal, in marked contrast with the nondispersive case. The period diminishes with increasing propagation distance in the nonlinear crystal and with increasing values of the dispersion coefficient.

The nondispersive nondegenerate situation also exhibits such a substructure. However, in contrast to the degenerate case, the number of subpulses continues to increase. A similar effect is observed for the dispersive case. Oscillatory energy transfer between the pump wave and the other two waves is observed. This result is known for the nondispersive case. However, the interesting feature of the nondegenerate case is that the behavior of the energy transfer is almost the same for both the dispersive and the nondispersive cases. This is to be contrasted with the behavior in the degenerate regime. Analysis of the dispersive cases shows that the dispersive effects are separable to an extent and that the evolution of the solution is basically controlled by the nonlinear interaction terms.

Work on Nonlinear Wave Interactions will continue with emphasis on scattering from nonlinear targets, utilization of  $P(k,\omega)$  spectral densities to investigate the space-time statistics of 1/f noise. Related work involving the measurements of aerodynamic transfer functions and studies of nonlinear wave interactions in the transition to turbulence are supported by the USAF Armament Technology Laboratory

(Page 7, Res. Unit QE81-1 "Nonlinear Wave chenomena";

and the National Science Foundation, respectively.

Nonlinear Optics: The objective of the continuing research in nonlinear optics is to study new types of resonant optical nonlinearities in molecules at infrared wavelengths. This research employs optical third harmonic generation (THG), multi-photon absorption and degenerate four wave mixing (DFWM) to measure the nonlinear properties of two classes of molecules; those with a single two-photon resonance and those that are at least approximately triply resonant. When this technique is used with a step-tunable CO, laser, the spectral dependence of the nonlinear susceptibility, its magnitude, and the influence of limiting processes can be measured. The work this year focuses upon degenerate four wave mixing in triply resonant SF<sub>6</sub>, and the conclusion of Both cases emphasize narrow and the study of THG in CD,. strong resonant processes.

A series of THG experiments have been performed on  $\mathrm{CD}_4$  at room temperature and at 193K, exciting with the  $\mathrm{P}(8)$  through  $\mathrm{P}(16)$  lines in the 9 micron band of a  $\mathrm{CO}_2$  TEA laser. The room temperature results have been published [15] while a complete publication is still being prepared. We measured the THG dependence on gas pressure and fundamental laser power for each of the indicated laser lines. Due to fundamental absorption at about J=20 on the tail of the  $v_4$  absorption band, the maximum THG signal occurred at 300 Torr pressure. At lower pressures, a factor of three enhancement in THG was observed compared to CO.

The first results suggest double benefits to be gained by cooling the gas. First, the high J absorption of the fundamental should decrease dramatically; the second the Raman spectrum in the vicinity of the two-photon resonance should simplify. The result should be higher ultimate conversion efficiency in the first case, and a more easily interpreted THG spectrum, with possibly higher conversion, in the second case.

Experimental data confirms these predictions. The absorption did fall below the measurement limit, and the THG efficiency did increase by a factor of 3-4 depending on laser frequency. Modeling of this data is still underway and a publication is being prepared.

An experimental study of degenerate four-wave mixing (DFWM) in SF $_6$  gas was also undertaken. DFWM and the accompanying losses were studied for the P(8) through P(28)

(Page 8, Res. Unit QE81-1 "Nonlinear Wave Phenomena")

CO<sub>2</sub> laser lines in the 10 micron band. Parameters were gas pressure, buffer gas mix, and pump wave intensity.

The main objective of the work was to model and to verify experimentally the cause of the sudden drop in conjugate reflection efficiency for increasing gas pressures. Both increased absorption of the pump beams and the pressure broadening of the resonances were suspected.

Most of the experimental results were obtained with an experimental configuration with a retro-reflected pump wave. The backward travelling pump is allenuated by two passes through the gas cell. A symmetic configuration with identical pump waves was also used and showed qualitatively similar behavior to the retro-pump configuration. All modeling was done for the retro-pump case.

Experiments with  $N_2$  as a buffer gas showed on-

ly a small, slow variation in conjugate reflectivity and absorption as a function of pressure. Thus, pressure changes in the resonance lines was eliminated from the model.

The final model which gave a good fit to the drop in conjugate reflectivity versus pressure, considered spatially dependent saturated absorption of the pump waves. The saturated absorption of the gas was first measured using conventional techniques. The intensity of the pump waves at any point in the saturable absorber can be determined. By an integration over the interaction length, the conjugate wave amplitude and reflectivity was then obtained. Pump wave depletion is included. Peak conjugate wave reflectivities of up to 27% were measured.

During the course of this work, a similar study was published by workers at Hughes Research Labs [16] which duplicated much of our work, particularly the variation of the conjugate reflectivity with laser frequency. Our model for the effects saturated pump wave absorption and pump wave depletion remains as a unique result of this project.

Research on new nonlinear optical processes and materials will continue. Emphasis will shift from gas phase molecules to solid state materials, chiefly semiconductors with near band-gap infrared laser excitation. The nonlinear processes in these materials, particularly multiphoton absorption, contribute both to the optical damage and to the melting and annealing of these materials. Our research will pursue an understanding of these high energy laser-material interaction processes.

(Page 9, Res. Unit QE81-1 "Nonlinear Wave Phenomena")

### B. REFERENCES

- 1. M. Schetzen, The Volterra and Wiener Theories of Nonlinear Systems, John Wiley, New York (1980).
- J.Y. Hong, Y.C. Kim and E.J. Powers, "On Modelling the Nonlinear Relationship Between Fluctuations with Nonlinear Transfer Functions," <u>Proc. IEEE</u>, 68, pp. 1026-1027 (August 1980).
- 3. E.J. Powers, J.Y. Hong and Y.C. Kim, "Cross Sections and Radar Equation for Nonlinear Scatterers," IEEE Trans. on Aerospace and Electronic Systems, AES-17, 602-605 (1981).
- 4. M.A. Flemming, F.H. Mullins and A.W. D. Watson, "Harmonic Radar Detection Systems," Proc. IEEE International Conference RADAR-77, pp. 552-554, (October 25-28, 1977).
- 5. J.Y. Hong, Y.C. Kim and E.J. Powers, "Modelling of Non-linear Scattering with Nonlinear Radar Cross Sections," a paper presented at the National Radio Science Meeting, Los Angeles, California (June 15-19, 1981).
- 6. J.Y. Hong and E.J. Powers, "Digital Signal Processing of Scattering Data from Nonlinear Targets," tentatively scheduled to be presented at the RADAR-82 Conference, London, England (October 18-20, 1982).
- 7. Y.C. Kim and E.J. Powers, "Digital Bispectral Analysis of Self-Excited Fluctuation Spectra," Phys. Fluids, 21, pp. 1452-1453 (1978).
- 8. Y.C. Kim, J.M. Beall, E.J. Powers and R.W. Miksad, "The Bispectrum and Nonlinear Wave Coupling," Phys. Fluids 23, pp. 258-263 (February 1980).
- 9. Y.C. Kim and E.J. Powers, "Digital Bispectral Analysis and Its Applications to Nonlinear Wave Interactions," IEEE Trans. Plasma Sci., PS-7, pp. 120-136 (1979).
- 10. Y.C. Kim, E.J. Powers, F. Jones and R.W. Miksad, "Digital Bispectral Analysis of Nonlinear Wave Couplings in Fluids," Proc. of the ASME Joint Conference in Fluids Engineering, Boulder, Colorado (June 1981).

(Page 10, Res. Unit QE81-1 "Nonlinear Wave Phenomena")

- 11. R.W. Miksad, F.L. Jones and E.J. Powers, "An Approach to Estimating Spectral Energy Transfer Due to Nonlinear Interactions," Proceedings of the Seventh Biennial Symposium on Turbulence, Rolla, Missouri (September 21-23, 1981).
- 12. R.W. Miksad, F.L. Jones, E.J. Powers Y.C. Kim and L. Khadra, "Experiments on the Role of Amplitude and Phase Modulations During Transition to Turbulence," to be published in Journal of Fluid Mechanics.
- 13. J.M. Beall, Y.C. Kim and E.J. Powers, "Estimation of Wavenumber and Frequency Spectra Using Fixed Probe Pairs," to be published in Journal of Applied Physics.
- 14. M.F. Becker, Y.C. Kim S.R. Gautam and E.J. Powers, "Three-Wave Nonlinear Optical Interactions in Dispersive Media,"

  IEEE Journal of Quantum Electronics, QE-18, pp. 113-123

  (January 1982).
- 15. M.F. Becker, G.J. Mauger and Yihjye Twu, "Raman-Resonance Enhanced Third-Harmonic Generation in CD<sub>4</sub>," <u>Journal of the Optical Society of America</u>, Vol. 70, 1582 (December 1980).
- 16. D.G. Steel, R.C. Lind, and J.F. Lam, "Degenerate Four-Wave Mixing in a Resonant Homogeneously Broadened System," Phys. Rev. A, Vol. 23, 2513 (May 1981).

THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT AUSTIN ELECTRONICS RESEARCH CENTER QUANTUM ELECTRONICS

Research Unit QE81-2 STRUCTURE AND KINETICS OF EXCITED STATE MOLECULES

Principal Investigators: Professor M. Fink (471-5747)

Professor L. Frommhold (471-5100) Professow J.W. Keto (471-4151)

Graduate Students: Robert Bowering, Mike Bruce, Richard

Mawhorter and Bruce Miller

RESEARCH OBJECTIVES The experiments done in our research unit emphasize structural and dynamical studies of molecular systems using non-linear interactions with electromagnetic radiation for detection and/or for state-selective excitation. The scientific objectives are (1) additional knowledge of the basic process of non-linear interaction of matter with light, (2) development of non-linear techniques as dynamical probes, (3) structural studies of excited states of molecules and ions previously unavailable for study, and (4) studies of energy transfer processes in both collisional and collision-These objectives will be pursued under free environments. three research efforts: non-linear scattering of electromagnetic radiation, inelastic and superelastic scattering of clectrons from excited states produced selectively by laser excitation, and dynamical studies of excited molecules produced by multiphoton excitation.

# B. PROGRESS:

Electron scattering from excited molecules. In the study of atoms and molecules by electron scattering, three main processes yield detailed information about the target. Inelastic scattering involves a transfer of a portion of the energy of the incident electron to the target, elastic scattering involves a change in direction of the incident electron without a change in energy, and superelastic scattering involves a transfer of energy from the target (if it is in an excited state) to the scattered electron. In addition, total scattering (inelastic plus elastic) can yield a great deal of information, when used in conjunction with the proper theory. The measurement of these four types of scattering is useful in several energy ranges: low energy, involving 1-1000 eV electrons, medium energy with 1-10 keV electrons, and high energy with electrons of energy 30-50 keV. Each energy range has its own area of contribution to knowledge about the molecule or atom in question.

The differential cross sections for electron scattering at high incident energies can be considered to be

(Page 2, Res. Unit QE81-2 "Structure and Kinetics of Excited State Molecules")

the Fourier transform of the orientationally averaged electrostatic molecular potential function of the target gas. In our latest studies we have concentrated on the anharmonic force constants in the potentials of  ${\rm SF}_6$ ,  ${\rm CO}_2$  and  ${\rm SO}_2$ . We have shown that the molecular force constants of the latter two derived from spectroscopic data are compatible with our results while the SF\_6 potential is still quite inaccurate [1,2,3]. This work was initiated with JSEP support and is now funded by the NSF.

Inelastic scattering at all energies has been known to be a valuable tool in understanding the excited electronic states of atoms and molecules for many years. Pioneering work by Geiger [4] at high energies and Lassettre [5] at low energies has shown the value of this technique. In the past fifteen years much work has been done in this field, and new techniques have been developed to the point where significant contributions can be made to the understanding of the electronic states of atoms and molecules.

A relatively unexplored field is the counterpart to inelastic scattering; superelastic scattering. Although the electron beam apparatus is exactly the same as that used for inelastic scattering, the necessity of a laser as the excitation source and the extra technological problems of a three beam (electron, gas, and laser) crossed-beam experiment make superelastic scattering a much more difficult process to measure. However, a good deal more information stands to be gained from it. Just as inelastic scattering can determine the selection rules of the transitions from the ground state by observing the angular dependence of the intensities, superelastic scattering can determine the transitions from the excited state. This gives direct information about the excited state. One can, for example, observe the transfer of energy from one excited state multiple to another via L-S coupling at a Fermi resonance. Also, since the laser is a very monochromatic light source, the high resolving power of optical spectroscopy is realized in the excitation of a specific molecular state. This helps to overcome the resolution limits of ordinary inelastic scattering.

The feasibility of superelastic scattering having been established in experiments using Na, Ba, and  $\rm O_2$  [6,7,8], we have started our investigation of superelastic scattering with the molecules NO<sub>2</sub> and I<sub>2</sub>.

Significant progress has been made on two fronts. We have shown that our newly designed low energ electron gun is capable of producing intense (10 micro amp) electron beams

(Page 3, Res. Unit QE81-2 "Structure and Kinetics of Excited State Molecules")

as low as 100eV. However, the true novelty lies in the fact that the energy distribution in the electron beam is dominated by a Maxwell distribution determined by the temperature of the emitting tungsten filament. The common anomalous energy spread (often referred to as the BOERSCH effect) has been avoided by the careful design of the electron optics. The lenses were adjusted so that no beam cross-overs with high electron densities were produced and thus only the theoretical minimum of additional energy spread has to be tol-This achievement is particularly important to our proposed experiment since the electron beam has to be monochromized in order to resolve the vibrational states of the molecules. This means only a slice of the energy distribution function can be used. Thus the intensity of the selected electron beam will be reduced at the same rate as the original beam energy distribution widens.

The experimental results were confirmed with a computer program which calculated the electron trajectory including all aberrations and the effects of the beam's space charge. This program was kindly provided to us by Dr. Hermannsfeld at SLAC [9]. The experimental and theoretical results have been published in Ref. 1° We are confident that this study is a significant step forward in the technology of LEED (low energy electron diffraction).

The second area where we made important progress is our laser facility. Preliminary studies in optical pumping efforts showed that the spectral density of a simple linear dye laser is far to small to saturate even the few molecules which are in the suitable vibrational-rotational states to participate in the excitation. During the last few months the dye laser was modified by adding a Michelson interferometer. The resulting light is a single mode (about 50 MHz width) and intensities up to 800mW can be reached. The pumping efficiency is further enhanced by the use of a multipass cell with a common focal point [11] by a factor of 50.

2. Collision-induced light scattering of the rare gas like diatoms was investigated [12,13]. For the first time, polarized collision-induced scattering was observed of the argon, krypton and xenon diatoms, and models of the trace of the diatom polarizability tensors obtained [13,14]. At the same time, the most accurate empirical anisotropy functions for all rare gas pairs are obtained and compared with the ab initio computations where these were available [12]. Particularly the state-of-the-art configuration interactions (C.I.) calculations could be critically compared with the

(Page 4, Res. Unit QE81-2 "Structure and Kinetics of Excited State Molecules")

new measurements [15,16]. A long-standing uncertainty concerning the argon diatom light scattering cross section could be finally resolved [17], which is significant as essentially all measurements of collision-induced scattering intensities can now conveniently and accurately be referenced to argon. Collision-induced absorption profiles were also computed for several rare-gas mixtures, based on the ab initio induced dipole moments available [18]. Whereas in HeAr and ArKr mixtures the agreement of the experiments with the fundamental theory is very good, typically better than 10%, for the NeAr mixture a stark disagreement is observed, which must be due to inaccuracies of the semi-empirical interaction potentials used to calculate the line shapes. A refined repulsive NeAr potential is obtained [19]. As an aside, the photonassisted recombination of hydrogen atoms could be investigated for the first time, using the computer codes developed previously for this program [20].

Finally, the computer codes used for the evaluation of collision-induced scattering [21] (CIS) could be modified to also account for collision-induced absorption (CIA). Collision-induced absorption was first observed by Kiss and Welsh [22]. We use as input the ab initio collision-induced dipole moments obtained by Byers Brown and coworkers [23,24] to compute from the adiabatic, wave mechanical theory spectral profiles for direct comparison with the measurements [25]. Whereas in most cases a most satisfactory agreement is observed, for neon-argon mixtures a substantial inconsistency was seen, but not yet understood. More work is required to shed light on this serious inconsistency, which seems to affect all mixtures with neon [18].

3. Energy transfer reactions are being studied at large pressures following selective excitation of atoms and molecules by two-photon laser excitation. Traditional studies of the excitation transfer have emphasized studies of the microscopic behavior of energy transfer in two-body collisions at low pressures. At liquid densities, reactions are usually limited by transport of the reactants; and microscopic interactions at short ranges are relatively unimportant. In high pressure gases one might observe the effects of transport and the alteration of microscopic reactions by three body collisions (termoleculor reactions).

Previous studies of energy transfer in rare gases have been conducted using electron impact excitation [26,27,28,29] as a means of depositing energy. This method suffers from a lack of selectivity. Some other excitation mechanisms that have been used are discharge combined with

(Page 5, Res. Unit QE81-2 "Structure and Kinetics of Excited State Molecules")

single-photon excitation [30,31] and single-photon excitation [32]. The discharge method is restricted to pressures below 20 Torr.

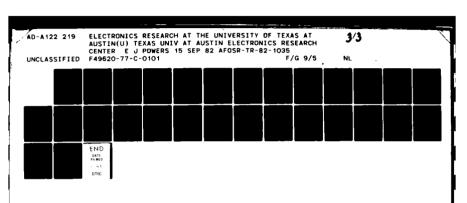
The use of two photon absorption as a means of selective excitation [33] offers several advantages over the other excitation techniques. This method can be very selective if narrow band lasers are used. Indeed, Dopplex-free spectroscopy can be conducted to reveal very fine detail in the absorption profile. Many states can be accessed via two photon absorption since transitions of  $\Delta J=0$ ,  $\pm 1$ ,  $\pm 2$  are allowed. There is no limit on the pressure range for the sample-even liquid and solid phases can be studied.

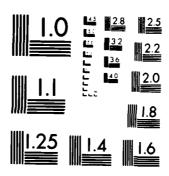
The use of state selective excitation in the measurement of energy transfer rates results in simplification of the data analysis and minimal computer modelling. The fluorescence from the excited state and states produced by collisions is used to monitor the transfer rates. Branching fractions and energy disposal are determined by measuring the ratio of the integrated intensities of each of the fluorescent states to that of the excited state. We will measure transfer rates with a tunable, modelocked c.w. dye laser. Because of the high spectral intensity of this laser (1.56  $\times$ photons/pulse-A at 5 x 10<sup>6</sup> pulses/sec) the number of excited states produced by two-photon absorptions should be nearly equal to the number produced by resonant absorption of synchrotron radiation  $(3 \times 10^3 \text{ ph/pulse/A})$ . Because of the high repetition frequency of this laser our single photon correlation technique remains an accurate method for studying the time dependence of the fluorescence and decay times as short as 20 psec should be measurable.

Initial experiments have begun with studies of collision processes of the 6p manifold of xenon following two-photon laser excitation. These experiments use a dye laser pumped by a nitrogen laser. This laser has been used with a 20 GHz linewidth to study linebroadening of the  $2\mathrm{p}_5$ ,  $2\mathrm{p}_6$  and  $2\mathrm{p}_9$  for large wavelength ranges at pressures from 10

Torr to 10,000 Torr [34]. With the use of this high power laser (> 100 watts of ultraviolet radiation in a 5 nanosecond pulse) a large flux of photons reaches the photodetector. The flux produced is large enough that the response time of the photomultiplier makes single photon counting techniques impossible, but small enough to make usual analogue techniques impractical.

We have developed a detection scheme based on





MICROCOPY RESOLUTION TEST CHART
NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS 1963 A

(Page 6, Res. Unit QE81-2 "Structure and Kinetics of Excited State Molecules")

digitizing the charge at the photodetector for the first 100 nsec following excitation. This charge is divided by the mean charge for a single photon event and added to individual photons counted at later times. This enables the detection of up to 900 photons per laser pulse. This signal is limited by the linearity of the photomultiplier. We have found the precision of this detection system to be limited by Poisson statistics for signals from  $10^{-2}$  to 900 photons per laser pulse. Our noise levels are limited by scattered light to levels of  $5 \times 10^{-3}$  photons per laser pulse.

We have measured fluorescence spectra near 828 nm produced by excitation of  $2p_{\eta}$  at various pressures. Similarly, we have observed fluorescence of  $2p_6$  near 823 nm and 2p<sub>o</sub> at 905 nm. At low pressures, energy disposal is primarily via photoemission and some radiationless quenching by ground state atoms. At higher pressures, mixing within the manifold starts to populate several other states in the same manifold. A comparison of the integrated fluorescence intensities from all populated states enables us to determine the degree of mixing and other deactivation processes. Excitation spectra were also obtained by scanning the laser while monitoring a single fluorescence line. We now have a significant number of excitation spectra of  $2p_5$ ,  $2p_6$ , and  $2p_9$  for pressures from 1000 to 10,000 Torr. These continuum spectra are shifted to the red which suggest they result from either the population of bound excimers dissociating to the above atomic levels or they are transitions from the repulsive part of the lower dimer levels to less repulsive excimer surfaces. These results were recently reported at the DEAP meeting [35] and a Ph.D. dissertation [36].

We have also observed dipole-quadrupole two-photon transitions to  $5p^55d[7/2]_3$ . This transition is 3 1/2 orders of magnitude less probable than the dipole-dipole transitions to  $2p_5$ ,  $2p_6$  or  $2p_9$ . In Fig. 1, we show a broad scan indicating the observed transitions. As well in Fig. 1 we observe a weak continuum between  $2p_5$   $(6p[1/2]_0)$  and  $2p_6$   $(6p[3/2]_2)$ . This feature is near the  $5p^55d[7/2]_0$  state which is forbidden even in dipole-quadrupole approximation. At intermediate internuclear separations, however, this state crosses repulsive curves from  $2p_6$  and  $2p_8$ ; hence we would expect larger two-photon transition rates at smaller inter-

(Page 7, Res. Unit QE81-2 "Structure and Kinetics of Excited State Molecules")

internuclear separations near crossings. This model is supported by the observations that larger rates for production of  $2p_8$  by collisions are observed when the pump laser is tuned near the crossing than when it is tuned at either  $2p_5$  or  $2p_6$ .

Precision excitation spectra in the wings of  $2p_5$ ,  $2p_6$  and  $2p_9$  have been measured for several pressures. These spectra will enable determination of potential surfaces for excimer states with two photon allowed configurations. We have also obtained high resolution (750 MHz) spectra of the line shapes in both the line core and wings at pressures up to 760 Torr. These spectra have sufficient precision to test recent unified line shape theories when applied to our experiments [37].

We have continued with efforts toward using the synchronously pumped dye laser for time dependent studies. We have mode locked the u.v. lines of the argon ion laser and succeeded in obtaining picosecond pulses from Stilben 3 dye. To date we have obtained 6 mW average power at 440 nm pulse widths on the order of 20 psec and a repetition rate of 6 MHz. The doubled power from this laser is currently insufficient for the two-photon experiment. We are now trying to increase the pump power available in the u.v. from our ion laser by using an all-lines mode locker, and we have reduced the dye laser cavity loss by using birefringent filters rather than a wedge for tuning. Tests are now in progress.

## C. FOLLOW-UP:

1. One major barrier has to be overcome before the scattering experiment can be tried again. When the mclecules exit the beam-forming nozzle, they are at room temperature with the accompanying Boltzmann distribution for the occupation of the rotational and vibrational states. Due to the relative high density of states, the number of molecules in our scattering target occupying a particular state is very small. Since we estimate that we need to excite about 5% of the molecules we plan to cool the gas target using the adiabatic cooling which occurs in supersonic nozzles. NO<sub>2</sub> has been cooled success-

fully in this way before with the internal temperatures dropping to 80 K for the vibrations and 10 K for the rotations. Unfortunately, this molecule tends to form dimers and nothing is currently known about the dimer concentration in these supersonic jets. Therefore, we are presently engaged in rebuilding our vacuum system to handle a supersonic jet assembly and are installing our quadrupole mass

(Page 8, Res. Unit QE81-2 "Structure and Kinetics of Excited State Molecules")

spectrometer to cope with these questions.

- 2. Summarizing, it is seen that our work concerning CIS of the monatomic gases has come to its conclusion. Two major review articles describe our efforts in this field [12,18]. The related CIA study [18] of rare gas mixtures provided an interesting extension of our goals and is also considered complete at this time. Currently, our new measurements concerning simple molecular gases are being evaluated and will be compared with the fundamental theory, while preparations are being made to measure certain non-linear properties of collisional pairs of atoms and molecules.
- 3. We propose to continue studying energy transfer and quenching of xenon excited atoms and excimers. Some effort will be directed to the analysis of the excimer spectra we are now obtaining in pure xenon gases. New experiments will study excitation transfer in other rare gas buffers. Particularly interesting is the possibility of studying "forbidden" excitation transfer from xenon atoms and excimers to krypton. Two reactions are possible

$$Xe(5p^{5}6p) + Kr(4p^{6}) \rightarrow Xe(5p^{5}6s) + Kr(4p^{6})$$
  
 $Xe(5p^{5}6p) + Kr(4p^{6}) \rightarrow Xe(5p^{6}) + Kr(4p^{5}5s)$ 

The first reaction should have a small cross section because a large electronic energy must be transferred to translational motion of the Kr atom. The second reaction is "forbidden" because a quadrupole term in the scattering potential is required to deactivate the xenon atom.

We have completed construction of a new sample chamber and optical elements for two-photon excitation studies of liquid and solid xenon. Experiments on this chamber will also begin in the coming contract year. Line broadening of xenon excimers will also be studied at low pressures and temperatures; where bound-bound transitions may be observed.

We are also constructing a new chamber where mixed gases can be flowed while maintaining high pressures. Flowing of the gas will remove dissociation products produced when studying energy transfer to molecular dopants. These dopants will allow the measurement of energy disposal in vibrational and rotational levels of product states.

- D. REFERENCES
- 1. M.H. Kelley and M. Fink, J. Chem. Phys., in press.

- (Page 9, Res. Unit QE81-2 "Structure and Kinetics of Excited State Molecules")
- 2. R.J. Mawhorter, M. Fink and B.T. Archer, J. Chem. Phys., accepted.
- 3. R.J. Mawhorter and M. Fink, J. Chem. Phys., submitted.
- 4. J. Geiger, Z. Phys. 175, 530 (1964).
- 5. E.N. Lassettre, A. Skerbele, M.A. Dillon and K.J. Ross, J. Chem. Phys. 48, 5066 (1968).
- 6. I.V. Hertel and W. Stoll, J. Phys. B7, 583 (1974).
- 7. D.F. Register, S. Trajmar, S.W. Jensen, and R.T. Poe, Phys. Rev. Lett. 41, 749 (1978).
- 8. R.I. Hall and S. Trajmar, J. Phys. B8, 1293 (1974).
- 9. W.B. Herrmannsfeld, Electron Trajectory Program, SLAC Report 266, (1979).
- J.J. McClelland, J.M. Ratliff and M. Fink, J. Appl. Phys. 52, 7039 (1981).
- 11. D.L. Hartley and R.A. Hill, J. Appl. Phys. 43, 4134 (1972).
- 12. L. Frommhold, Adv. Chem. Phys. 46, 1-72 (1981).
- 13. M.H. Proffitt, J.W. Keto, L. Frommhold, Canadian J. Phys. 59, to appear September 1982.
- 14. L. Frommhold, M.H. Proffitt, J. Chem. Phys. <u>74</u>, 1512 (1981).
- 15. M.H. Proffitt, J.W. Keto, L. Frommhold, Phys. Rev. Letters 45, 1843 (1980).
- 16. P.D. Dacre, L. Frommhold, J. Chem. Phys., to appear October 1981.
- 17. F. Barocchi, M. Zoppi, M.H. Proffitt, L. Frommhold, Canadian J. Phys. 59, to appear September 1981.
- 18. G. Birnbaum, M.S. Brown, L. Frommhold, Canadian J. Phys. 59, to appear September 1981.
- 19. G. Birnbaum, L. Frommhold, being submitted.

- (Page 10, Res. Unit QE81-2 "Structure and Kinetics of Excited State Molecules")
- 20. S.R. Federman, L. Frommhold, Phys. Rev., submitted.
- 21. L. Frommhold, M.H. Proffitt, Phys. Rev. A21, 1249 (1980).
- 22. Z.J. Kiss, H.L. Welsh, Phys. Rev. Letters 2, 166 (1959).
- 23. D.M. Wishnant, W. Byers Brown, Molec. Phys. <u>26</u>, 1105 (1973).
- 24. A.M. Lacy, W. Byers Brown, Molec. Phys. 27, 1013 (1974).
- 25. D.R. Bosomworth, H.P. Gush, Canadian J. Phys.  $\underline{43}$ , 751 (1965).
- 26. J.W. Keto, C.F. Hart, and Chien-Yu Kuo, "Electron Beam Excited Mixtures of O<sub>2</sub> in Argon: I. Spectroscopy," J. Chem. Phys. <u>74</u>, 4433 (1981).
- 27. J.W. Keto, "Electron Beam Excited Mixtures of O<sub>2</sub> in Argon: II. Electron Distributions and Excitation Rates," J. Chem. Phys. 74, 4445 (1981).
- 28. J.W. Keto, C.F. Hart, and Chien-Yu Kuo, "Electron Beam Excited Mixtures of O<sub>2</sub> in Argon: III. Energy Transfer to O<sub>2</sub> and O<sub>3</sub>," J. Chem. Phys. <u>74</u>, 4450 (1981).
- 29. J.W. Keto and Chien-Yu Kuo, "Cascade Production of Ar(3p 4P) Following Electron Bombardment," J. Chem. Phys. 75, 6188 (1981).
- 30. R.S.F. Chang and D.W. Setser, J. Chem. Phys. <u>69</u>, 385 (1978).
- 31. T.D. Nguyen and N. Sadeghi, Phys. Rev. A 18, 1388 (1978).
- G. Di Stefano, M. Lenzi, A. Margani, and C. Nguyen Xuan,
   J. Chem. Phys. <u>74</u>, 1552 (1981).
- 33. G. Grynberg and B. Cagnac, Rep. Prog. Phys. <u>40</u>, 791 (1977).
- 34. Pashen notations for  $2p_5$ ,  $2p_6$  and  $2p_9$  are equivalent to Racah notation  $5p^56p[1/2]_0$ ,  $5p^56p[3/2]_2$  and  $5p^56p[5/2]_2$  respectively.

- (Page 11, Res. Unit QE81-2 "Structure and Kinetics of Excited State Molecules")
- 35. J.W. Keto, T.D. Raymond, and Chien-Yu Kuo, "Two Photon Spectroscopy of Xenon," Bull. Am. Phys. Soc. <u>26</u>, 1306 (1981).
- 36. Chien-Yu Kuo, "Kinetics of Electrom Beam and Laser Excited Rare Gases," Ph.D. dissertation, University of Texas at Austin (1981).
- 37. Keilkopf, Rev. Mod. Phys., to be published.
- 38. S.N. Ketkar, J.W. Keto, and C.H. Holder, "Correlator for Measuring Picosecond Pulses A New Design," Rev. Sci. Inst. 52, 405 (1981).
- 39. J.W. Keto and Chien-Yu Kuo, "Cascade Production of Ar(3p<sup>5</sup>4p) Following Electron Bombardment," J. Chem. Phys. 74, 6188 (1981).
- 40. Chien-Yu Kuo and J.W. Keto, "Dissociative Recombination of Electrons in Electron Beam Excited Argon and High Densities," submitted to J. Chem. Phys.

THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT AUSTIN ELECTRONICS RESEARCH CENTER QUANTUM ELECTRONICS

Research Unit QE81-3 COLLECTIVE EFFECTS IN NONLINEAR OPTICAL INTERACTIONS

Principal Investigator: Professor H.J. Kimble (471-1668)

Graduate Students: D. Grant and M. Wolinsky

A. OBJECTIVES AND PROGRESS: The objective of this research unit is to investigate certain collective aspects of the non-linear interaction of gas-phase atoms with resonant electromagnetic radiation. Particular emphasis is placed upon the study of "simple" systems, that is to say physical systems that are on the one hand experimentally realizable and which are on the other hand amenable to detailed microscopic analysis. For such systems one can hope to address the question of the contribution of microscopic quantum fluctuations to macroscopic phenomena.

Following this general guideline we have devoted our principle effort over the past year to a study of the cooperative nature of resonance fluorescence in optical bistability with "two-level" atoms. Interest in the field of optical bistability arises from a number of distinct points of view [1,2]. First of all, from the point of view of fundamental studies of the interaction of radiation and matter, theoretical investigations of optical bistability have served to extend our understanding from single-atom resonance fluorescence to a case in which collective atomic fluorescence can play a dominant role in determining a system's evolution. the general context of the study of the fluctuation and relaxation processes for nonlinear systems driven far from thermal equilibrium, optical bistability has received attention due in part to the close resemblence between the hysteresis cycles of optical bistability and of ordinary first-order phase transitions [3,4]. Finally there is the potential that bistable devices might serve as building blocks for optical signal processing systems, as for example in an optical communications network.

Of the numerous schemes for achieving bistable switching (including electronic feedback, reflection at a nonlinear interface, and self-focusing), the subject of our research is the bistability that results from the coupling of an optical nonlinearity to the repeated reflections inside a Fabry-Perot or ring resonator. As previously mentioned, the source of the optical nonlinearity for our experiments is chosen with an eye toward a system of the greatest conceptual simplicity. By undertaking experiments involving "two-level"

(Page 2, Res. Unit QE81-3 "Collective Effects in Nonlinear Optical Interactions")

atoms, we are making an investigation of optical bistability free from certain "complicating" features such as inhomogeneous broadening, optical pumping, or other nonradiative relaxation mechanisms. The theoretical descriptions for such a system of two-level atoms are numerous [5-10] and predict a wide range of phenomena which are of relevance to each of the areas listed above. However in spite of the rather advanced state of development of the theory almost no experimental information is available for a bistable system comprised of homogeneously broadened, two-level atoms inside an optical resonator [11,12]. The intent of our research is to address experimentally several questions that until now have been treated only theoretically for bistability in the "simple" arrangement of two-level atoms inside an optical resonator.

Our JSEP research is divided into three sequential phases. At present we are pursuing an investigation of the deterministic, steady-state regime in optical bistability. The bistable system consists of a well-collimated atomic beam passing through a high finesse optical resonator. The atomic beam is optically prepumped to produce "two-level" atoms [13,14] and is optically dense (alal). The characteristics of the output versus input intensity to the resonator are recorded for various densities of the atomic beam and for resonant and nonresonant atomic and cavity detunings. A comparison of these results to current theoretical predictions is being made to assess the importance of transverse effects, of standing-wave effects, and of small instabilities in laser frequency or cavity length.

The second phase of our work is to be directed toward measurements of the fluorescent spectrum in optical bistability. Such measurements will provide a step beyond the deterministic understanding of optical bistability and will begin to address the question of the stochastic nature of the switching process. As the recent work of Carmichael [15] and of Lugiato [16] demonstrates, so far as the fluorescent field is concerned, the dynamics of single-atom resonance fluorescence are reproduced with cooperative corrections entering only to order 1/N (N = number of atoms inside the resonator). Our preliminary experiments will be directed along the lines of earlier work in single-atom resonance fluorescence [17,18] to confirm the prediction of Carmichael and of Lugiato [15,16]. Subsequent experiments will explore the behavior of the spectral density of the fluorescence from the atoms inside the optical cavity in the region of critical density for bistability. In this domain of large differential gain the linearization procedures used in all theoretical

(Page 3, Res. Unit QE81-3 "Collective Effects in Nonlinear Optical Interactions")

analyses of the spectral density in optical bistability are of questionable validity [19], and one might expect substantial departures from the single-atom theory. It is in this region of critical C (with C = cooperativity parameter of Bonifacio and Lugiato [7]) that any aspects of cooperativity in optical bistability should be apparent.

The third phase of the research program will study the instabilities in optical bistability that lead to selfpulsing (continuous light in, pulsed or chopped light out). This is an area of intense current activity since states that were once thought to be stable against perturbation are now predicted to be unstable. A number of different physical mechanisms can be responsible for these instabilities, including those discussed by McCall [20], Ikeda [21], and Lugiato [5]. It is our intent to investigate experimentally the self-pulsing instability treated by Lugiato and coworkers We should note that the physical origin of this selfpulsing appears to be quite distinct from that responsible for the period-doubling bifurcations predicted by Ikeda [21]. As shown by Carmichael et al. [22] the Lugiato and Ikeda in-stabilities arise in distinct limits from a common characteristic equation, with the limiting process for one type of instability seeming to exclude the other. Our experiments will be directed toward a mapping of the domain over which selfpulsing occurs and an analysis of the temporal and spectral features of the self-pulsing.

For our investigation of optical bistability as outlined above we have developed an apparatus consisting of the following three essential elements: (1) a well-collimated, optically thick atomic beam to serve as a nonlinear medium (2) a frequency stabilized, tunable dye laser for resonant excitation, and (3) an actively stabilized confocal resonator through which the atomic beam passes. Our initial investigations of optical bistability have been directed toward a study of the variation of the hysteresis curve of transmitted intensity versus incident intensity as a function of atomic density for near zero laser and cavity detunings. For the atomic beam densities available from our apparatus and for an empty cavity finesse of 300, we are able to explore a large range of atomic cooperativity [7]. In absorptive bistability this range allows us to record the development of the input-output characteristics from well below to well above the critical value for bistability. Figure (1) is the result of recent measurements that we have reported [23,24] which shows such a development, beginning with the onset of bistability and leading to a point of fully developed hysteresis.

(Page 4, Res. Unit QE81-3 "Collective Effects in Nonlinear Optical Interactions")

To our knowledge these data represent the first observation of the evolution of the steady-state hysteresis cycle in absorptive optical bistability and as such are the most significant achievement of our program over the past year. A preliminary comparison of our data with theoretical treatments that incorporate transverse effects [25,26] is shown by the full curve in Figure 1. This comparison indicates reasonable agreement between the predicted and observed values of critical C, but reveals a discrepancy between calculated and measured switching intensities with the measured intensities roughly 80% higher than expected. The source of this discrepancy is not understood and is the subject of further investigation.

The experimental problems remaining in our study of the deterministic regime in optical bistability relate to the long and short term stability of the optical resonator used in these experiments. A mechanical instability in the length of the resonator of about one part in 10° limits the sweep-to-sweep reproducibility of our data. In an effort to improve the short-term stability of the cavity, a new optical resonator has been fabricated in our machine shop. Preliminary work indicates that this new cavity should provide a factor of 20 improvement in passive short-term stability. For further improvement of the short-term stability and for absolute control of the length of the cavity over long times, a servo loop is to be employed to lock the transmission function of the cavity to an external reference laser. The reference laser is a Mark-Tech Model 5800 Lamb-dip stabilized He-Ne laser. Not yet implemented is a scheme for providing tunability of the reference laser frequency with an acoustooptical modulator to explore the dependence of bistability on the cavity detuning  $\theta$ . By tuning the reference laser frequency, the stabilized length of the bistable resonator will be varied relative to a given length  $\ell_0$ , with  $\ell_0$  equal to a length for a transmission maximum for the empty cavity at the atomic resonance frequency.

Other experimental problems associated with our measurements are those of laser intensity and frequency stability and of maintaining a two-level atom at high intracavity intensities. With regard to laser frequency stability, we have initiated a project to reduce the linewidth of our dye laser from 250KHz rms to a value closer to 10KHz through the use of an intracavity electrooptic modulator. As well an intensity stabilization unit utilizing an electrooptic modulator external to the laser cavity is to be used to reduce the intensity fluctuations of the dye laser to an rms level

(Page 5, Res. Unit QE81-3 "Collective Effects in Nonlinear Optical Interactions")

below .5%. With regard to the question of maintaining a two level system at high intracavity intensities, we note the conclusions of Citron et al. [14] who found that small magnetic field inhomogenities and slight deviations from a state of precise circular polarization can cause the two-level scheme to break down at high field strengths. Our preliminary investigation of this problem is encouraging and is the subject of a recent report [29].

From our preliminary observations in our atomic beam apparatus, we propose to extend the work to make a systematic investigation of the steady-state parameter dependences in optical bistability. Initially for absorptive bistability (zero detuning between laser and atomic resonance frequencies) and subsequently for dispersive bistability, the values of the turning points of the hysteresis curve for both incident and transmitted intensity will be recorded as functions of C. In the interpretation of our results we will attempt to address each of the three following issues: validity of the mean-field model for our system [7], the role of standing-wave effects in optical bistability [30], and the influence of transverse effects in producing either changes in the hysteresis curve or alterations of the actual spatial structure of the transmitted beam [25,26]. Given the appropriate theoretical context in which to frame our measurements, we will next turn our attention to certain dynamical processes in optical bistability, as previously discussed.

Although still in an early stage this work on optical bistability has yielded significant results (Figure 1 is the first such measurement of its kind). With the support of the Joint Services Electronics Program I certainly plan to continue this investigation to explore the analogy between nonequilibrium phase transitions and optical bistability, to study the time-dependent dynamics in optical bistability, and hopefully to address the question of the role of intrinsic quantum fluctuations in optical bistability. As the research program grows, outside funding is being sought for various aspects of the project. A proposal is currently under review at the National Science Foundation relating to work that has been started under the auspices of JSEP.

# B. REFERENCES

 Proc. Intern. Conf. on Optical Bistability, Asheville, N.C., June 1980, edited by C.M. Bowden, M. Ciftan, and H. R. Robl (Plenum 1981).

- (Page 6, Res. Unit QE81-3 "Collective Effects in Nonlinear Optical Interactions")
- 2. IEEE J. Quantum Electron., special issue on optical bistability, edited by P.W. Smith, QE-17 (1981).
- 3. F.T. Arecchi, in Order and Fluctuations in Equilibrium and Nonequilibrium Statistical Mechanics, XVIIth International Solvay Conference on Physics, edited by G. Nicolis, Guy Dewel and John W. Turner, pp. 107-157, Wiley, New York (1981).
- 4. R. Bonifacio, M. Gronchi, and L.A. Lugiato, Phys. Rev. A. 18, 2266 (1978).
- 5. V. Benza, L.A. Lugiato, and P. Meystre, Opt. Commun. 33, 113 (1980); L.A. Lugiato, Opt. Commun. 33, 108 (1981); see also the articles by R. Bonifacio, M. Gronchi, and L.A. Lugiato, and V. Benza and L.A. Lugiato, reference 2 above.
- 6. S.L. McCall, Phys. Rev. A 9, 1515 (1974).
- 7. R. Bonifacio and L.A. Lugiato, Opt. Commun. 19, 172 (1976).
- 8. L.A. Lugiato, Nuovo Cimento B50, 89 (1979).
- 9. G.S. Agarwal, L.M. Narducci, R. Gilmore and D.H. Feng, Phys. Rev. A 18, 620 (1978).
- 10. P.D. Drummond and D.F. Walls, Phys. Rev. A 23, 2563 (1981).
- 11. K.G. Weyer, H. Wiedenmann, M. Rateike, W.R. MacGillivray, P. Meystre, and H. Walther, Opt. Commun. 37, 426 (1981).
- 12. W.J. Sandle and Alan Gallagher, Phys. Rev. A 24, 2017 (1981).
- 13. J.A. Abate, Opt. Commun. 10, 269 (1974).
- M.L. Citron, H.R. Gray, C.W. Gabel, and C.R. Stroud, Jr., Phys. Rev. A <u>16</u>, 1507 (1977).
- 15. H.J. Carmichael, Z. Phys. B 42, 183 (1981).
- 16. L.A. Lugiato, Lett. Nuovo Cimento 29, 375 (1980).
- 17. R.E. Grove, F.Y. Wu, S. Ezekiel, Phys. Rev. A <u>15</u>, 227 (1977).

- (Page 7, Res. Unit QE81-3 "Collective Effects in Nonlinear Optical Interactions")
- 18. W. Hartig, W. Rasmussen, R. Schieder, and H. Walther, Z. Physik A 278, 205 (1976).
- 19. H.J. Carmichael, private communication.
- 20. S.L. McCall, Appl. Phys. Lett. 32, 284 (1978).
- 21. K. Ikeda, H. Daido, O. Akimoto, Phys. Rev. Lett. <u>45</u>, 709 (1980).
- 22. R.R. Snapp, H.J. Carmichael, and W.C. Shieve, Opt. Commun. 40, 68 (1981).
- 23. H.J. Kimble and D.E. Grant, contributed paper, Annual Meeting of the Optical Society of America, J. Opt. Soc. Am. 12, 1639 (1981).
- 24. D.E. Grant and H.J. Kimble, submitted to Optics Letters.
- 25. R.J. Ballagh, J. Cooper, M.W. Hamilton, W.J. Sandle, and D.M. Warrington, Opt. Commun. 37, 143 (1981).
- 26. P.D. Drummond, IEEE J. Quantum Electron. QE-17, 301 (1981).
- 27. See the article by P. Meystre in reference 1 above.
- 28. See the article by J.C. Englund, W.C. Schieve, W. Zurek, and R.F. Gragg, in reference 1 above.
- 29. H.J. Kimble, M. Fink and I. Hertel, Bull. Am. Phys. Soc. <u>26</u>, 1328 (1981).
- 30. H.J. Carmichael and J.A. Hermann, Z. Physik B <u>38</u>, 365 (1980).

(Page 8, Res. Unit QE81-3 "Collective Effects in Nonlinear Optical Interactions")

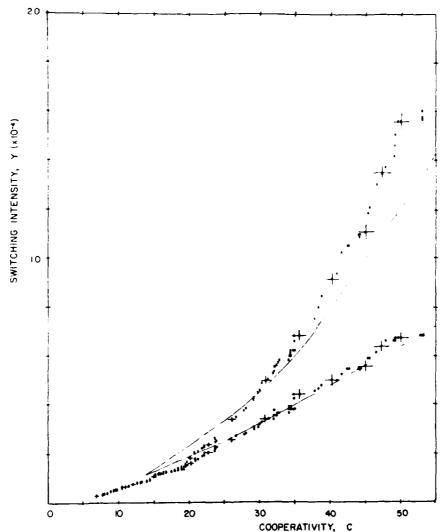


Figure 1. Incident laser intensity required to switch the bistable system (resonant cavity plus atomic beams) versus atomic cooperativity C. The region of the plot with two points in Y indicated for each value of C corresponds to the regime of bistable operation with two distinct switching points - one value of intensity causes a switch up and another a switch down. The data are normalized such that Y=10 corresponds to a cw power of 1.6 x 10 Watts incident upon the bistable resonator. The full curve is the theoretical result from reference 26.

IV. ELECTROMAGNETICS

THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT AUSTIN ELECTRONICS RESEARCH CENTER ELECTROMAGNETICS

Research Unit EM81-1 GUIDED-WAVE DEVICES FOR THE FAR-INFRARED -MM WAVE SPECTRUM

Principal Investigators: Professor A.B. Buckman (471-4893) Professor T. Itoh (471-1072)

Graduate Students: Yoshiro Fukuoka, Joe Haas, Doug Parse, Juan Rivera, Yi-Chi Shih, Karl Stephan, and Lingtao Wang

A. SCIENTIFIC OBJECTIVES: This work has as its overall objective the identification, analysis and, finally, the prototype demonstration of useful semiconductor wave-guide devices for production and control of radiation in the frequency range from ten to a few hundred gigahertz. This part of the spectrum is uniquely suited to a number of DoD needs, but its exploitation will require a mix of designs, some using concepts first developed in integrated optics, and others adapting microwave techniques. This research will focus on use of the Gunn and IMPATT mechanisms for radiation sources and on use of carrier injection and the field effect for electronic active guided wave devices such as modulators, active filters and beam deflectors. For the most part, the device concepts to be studied are compatible with planar waveguide integrated circuit technology.

### B. PROGRESS:

# (a) Gain Devices

The work performed in the previous period has resulted in description and characteristics of the gain mechanism in a distributed Gunn device made of a subcritically doped GaAs layer [1]. In accordance with the theory, we designed a coplanar type gain device. Double exposure masks have been developed and several devices fabricated at Hughes Aircraft Company. To date, two different substrate materials have been used. Both have an epitaxial layer of about 3um grown on a semi-insulating substrate. Their doping levels are  $n \approx 2 \times 10^{14} / cm^3$  and  $8 \times 10^{14} / cm^3$ . Using an identical mask, coplanar devices have been made. The coplanar center strip is 7  $\mu\text{m}$  wide, the strip-to-outer ground gap is 5  $\mu\text{m}$  and the device length is about 5000  $\mu m$ . Experimental results of the transfer characteristics are plotted in Fig. 1. Fig. 1(a) is for the  $n\approx 2\times 10^{-4}$  /cm device and (b) for  $n\approx 8\times 10^{-14}$  /cm<sup>3</sup>. It is clear from Fig. 1(a) that a gain mechanism arises from applying a bias. That is, the insertion loss decreases as compared to no loss bias case. Fig. 1(b) even shows a peak around 11 GHz. Such a peak in gain has been predicted

(Page 2, Res. Unit EM81-1 "Guided-Wave Devices for the Far-Infrared -mm Wave Spectrum")

by the theory in [1]. Unfortunately, both devices did not exhibit net device gain. The reason for this may be due to series resistance in the center electrode or to loss contribution from non-active portion of the device.

# (b) Control Devices

# (b.1) Schottky coplanar waveguide

It is known experimentally that there exist slow waves in a coplanar or microstrip transmission line created on a lossy semi-conductor substrate if one of the electrodes is Schottky contacted. The size of the depletion layer beneath the Schottky contact can be controlled by a DC bias, resulting in electronic control of the slow wave factor (phase delay).

Two analytical algorithms to analyze the wave phenomena in such coplanar structures have been developed independently. Accuracy of these algorithms have been studied by solving the MIS (metal-insulator-semiconductor) coplanar which also exhibits slow wave phenomena identical to the one in the Schottky structure. Numerical results by both methods agree well with each other and with the experimental data reported in [2], as seen in Fig. 2. In the mode matching analysis, the structure was assumed to be enclosed in a shield box to facilitate numerical processing. On the other hand, a structure with infinite dimensions has been handled by the spectral domain technique [3]. The increasing discrepancy between two methods at lower frequencies is caused by the presence and absence of this assumed shield box. Since we gained confidence in accuracy of the algorithms, we are applying them for Schottky structures. Two publications on this subject are under preparation.

# (b.2) Coupled Mode Theory Analysis

It is convenient to develop a generalized coupled mode theory for open waveguide structures containing anisotropic, inhomogeneous media. The theory was developed for the purpose of analyzing a control device consisting of semiconductor and gyrotropic materials. The method has been applied for a proposed coupled structure made of dielectric and ferrite materials. The structure can be used as a distributed nonreciprocal device for extremely high millimeter-wave frequency application [4].

# (b.3) Polarization and Mode Control

In earlier analytical work [5] we developed the concept of a three-layer dielectric waveguide polarizing structure. The device is all dielectric, all isotropic and promises to greatly relax the constraints of extinction ratio

(Page 3, Res. Unit EM81-1 "Guided-Wave Devices for the Far-Infrared -mm Wave Spectrum")

vs. insertion loss tradeoff which limit the usefulness of other polarizing structures. At optical frequencies, extinction raios approaching 10 are predicted, with insertion losses that might be as low as 0.1 db. In the 60-300 GHz range, losses will be determined by material properties, but very high extinction ratios are still possible. Recently we have developed physical insight into the operation of this three-layer waveguide, and have extended the concept to selection from among modes of the same polarization [6]. The physical mechanism of operation is a perturbation of the overlap of the field profile with the refractive index profile, which will either raise or lower the local propagation constant along the waveguide axis, depending on the mode. In general, any mode can be selected if control of refractive index and thickness during fabrication is sufficiently precise.

### (c) Miscellaneous

# (c.1) Directive Excitation of an Image Guide

The active devices studied under (A) will eventually be coupled to a planar waveguide. One method developed here is to use a Yagi-Uda array concept in which several parasitic elements are added to one active element so that the generated energy is directed into a specified direction. This concept was tested with a standard microwave generator and an image guide. Slot elements were created on the ground plane of the image guide. Measured results showed more than 10 db improvement in the directivity [7].

## (c.2) Comparison of Waveguides

Various waveguides for millimeter-wave application have been compared with respect to frequency characteristics, ease of accommodating devices, etc. This study is relevant to the projects under (A) and (B) when actual implementation of the devices is eventually contemplated [8].

# C. FUTURE DIRECTIONS:

(1) It is planned to use GaAs materials with different doping levels for gain devices. We will also investigate the effect of electrode thickness as well as that of geometries other than coplanar in which the field is more concentrated in the active region. Examples of possible geometries include the film structure and the rib structure. The metallorganic chemical vapor deposition system will be improved by incorporating a palladium-purified H<sub>2</sub> source and in-situ glow-discharge substrate precleaning. This should allow the growth of uniform single crystal GaAs films large enough to use in prototype devices.

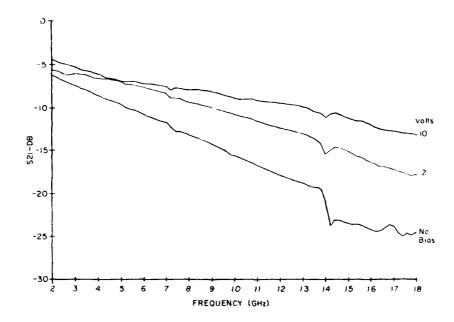
- (Page 4, Res. Unit EM81-1 "Guided-Wave Devices for the Far-Infrared -mm Wave Spectrum")
- (2) We will extend the analysis by the algorithms developed for Schottky contact coplanar lines to various depletion region sizes and geometrical dimensions. We plan to compare the results with some data provided by Hughes Aircraft Company.
- (3) We will apply the transverse resonance technique for layered waveguide structures which include anisotropic or inhomogeneous media. This technique can facilitate finding an optimum structure.
- (4) We plan to construct and test 60 GHz prototypes of the three-layer dielectric waveguide polarizer and mode selector, and to verify our theoretical predictions of extinction ratio and insertion loss.

### D. REFERENCES

- I. Awai and T. Itoh, "Analysis of Distributed Gunn Effect Devices with Subcritical Doping," <u>Int. J. Infrared and</u> <u>Millimeter Waves</u>, Vol. 2, pp. 883-904, (September 1981).
- 2. H. Hasegawa and H. Okizaki, "M.I.S. and Schottky Slow-Wave Coplanar Strip-Lines on GaAs Substrates," Electron. Lett., Vol. 13, pp. 663-664, (Oct. 29, 1977).
- 3. Y.C. Shih and T. Itoh, "Analysis of Printed Transmission Lines for Monolithic Integrated Circuits," submitted to the 12th European Microwave Conference, Helsinki, Finland, (September 1982).
- 4. I. Awai and T. Itoh, "Coupled-Mode Theory Analysis of Distributed Non-Reciprocal Structures," IEEE Trans. Microwave Theory and Techniques, Vol. MTT-29, pp. 1077-1087, (October 1981).
- 5. A.B. Buckman, "Polarization-Selective Lateral Waveguiding in Layered Dielectric Structures," to appear in <u>Journal</u> of the Optical Society of America, (June 1982).
- 6. A.B. Buckman, "Mode Selection with a Three-Layer Dielectric Rib Waveguide," submitted to <u>Journal of the Optical</u> Society of America.
- 7. Y. Shih, J. Rivera and T. Itoh, "Directive Planar Excitation of an Image-Guide," 1981 IEEE MTT-S International Microwave Symposium, Los Angeles, California (June 15-19, 1981).

- (Page 5, Res. Unit EM81-1 "Guided-Wave Devices for the Far-Infrared -mm Wave Spectrum")
- 8. T. Itoh and J. Rivera, "A Comparative Study of Millimeter-Wave Transmission Lines," Sixth International Conference on Infrared and Millimeter Waves, Miami Beach, Fl., (December 7-12, 1981).

(Page 6, Res. Unit EM81-1 "Guided-Wave Devices for the Far-Infrared -mm Wave Spectrum")



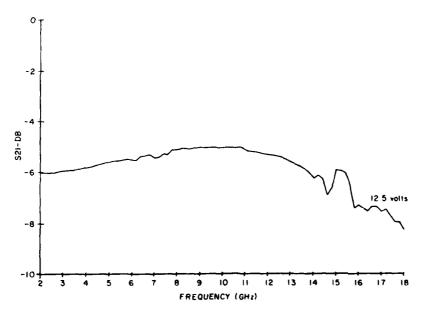


Fig. 1 Transfer characteristics of distributed Gunn devices (a)  $n = 2 \times 10^{14} \text{ cm}^{-3}$ , (b)  $n = 8 \times 10^{14} \text{ cm}^{-3}$ 

(Page 7, Res. Unit EM81-1 "Guided-Wave Devices for the Far-Infrared -mm Wave Spectrum")

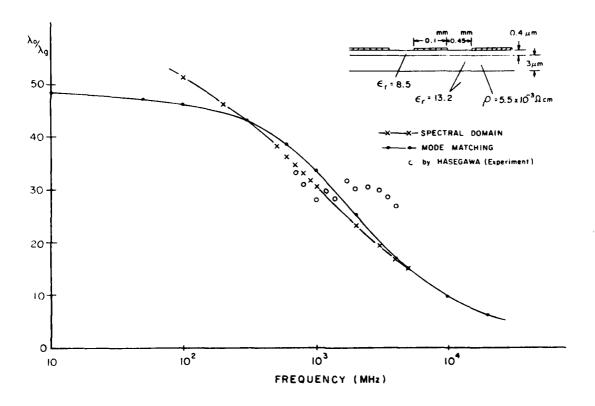


Fig. 2 Slow wave factor  $\lambda_0/\lambda_g$  of an MIS coplanar waveguide.

RESEARCH GRANTS AND CONTRACTS

# FEDERAL FUNDS

Aerospace Medicine, Brooks Air Force Base, F33615-78-D-0629-0029, "Study of Radiofrequency Radiation Effects on Nonlinear Biprocesses," Professors Jason L. Speyer, Stephan E. Webber and Linda E. Reichl, Co-Principal Investigators, November 18, 1980 - August 15, 1981.

School of Aerospace Medicine, Brooks Air Force Base, Texas, "Radiofrequency Radiation and Nonlinear Biological Systems," Professors Jason L. Speyer, L.E. Reichl, S.E. Webber, R.A. Broucke, and I. Prigogine, Co-Principal Investigators, August 17, 1981 - December 21, 1981.

Department of Defense Joint Services Electronics Program Research Contract F49620-77-C-0101, "Basic Research in Electronics," Professor E.J. Powers, Principal Investigator on behalf of the Faculty Affiliates of the Electronics Research Center, April 1, 1977 - March 31, 1982.

Department of Energy, "Kinetic Studies Following State Selective Laser Excitation," Professor J.W. Keto, Principal Investigator, March 15, 1981 - March 14, 1983.

Armament Laboratory, Eglin Air Force Base, "Investigation of Information Enhancement, Estimation, and Guidance Algorithms for Homing Missile Guidance," Professor Jason L. Speyer and D.G. Hull, Co-Principal Investigators, October 1, 1981 - September 30, 1984.

National Science Foundation, MEA 78-00719, "Experiments on Nonlinear Interactions During the Transition to Turbulence," Professors R.W. Miksad and E.J. Powers, Co-Principal Investigators, November 1, 1978 - April 30, 1982.

National Science Foundation, ECS-7918246, "Periodic Optimal Control Theory," Professor Jason L. Speyer, Principal Investigator, November 1, 1979 - December 1, 1981.

National Science Foundation, CHE 80-07940, "Experimental Determinations of Charge Densities by Electron Diffraction," Professor M. Fink, Principal Investigator, July 1, 1980 - June 30, 1983.

National Science Foundation, CHE 80-05107, "Chemisorption and Catalysis on Well Characterized Metal Surfaces," Professor J.M. White, Principal Investigator, June 1, 1980 - November 1, 1981.

National Science Foundation, ECS-8022033, "Lie Algebraic Methods in Nonlinear Estimation," Professor S.I. Marcus, Principal Investigator, March 15, 1981 - August 31, 1983.

National Science Foundation, ECS-8111616, "Investigation of Excess ("1/F") Noise and Dielectric Response of Non-Crystalline Structures Preceding First Nucleation in Thin Film Systems," Professor R.W. Bene', Principal Investigator, November 15, 1981 - April 30, 1983.

National Science Foundation, DMR 8106049, "High-Resolution Electron Energy Loss Spectrometer," Professor J.L. Erskine, Principal Investigator, September 1, 1981 - February 28, 1983.

National Science Foundation, DMR 7923629, "Experimental Studies of Intrinsic Surface Electronics Properties," Professor J.L. Erskine, Principal Investigator, July 1, 1982 - June 30, 1983.

National Science Foundation, DMR 8113088, "Research Grade Ion Implantation Instrument," Professors R.M. Walser and H.L. Marcus, Co-Principal Investigators, March 15, 1981 - January 31, 1983.

National Science Foundation, ECS 8 802-1511, "Computational Models for Processing Sequences of Bioengineering Images," Professor J.K. Aggarwal, Principal Investigator, May 1, 1981-October 31, 1982.

Office of Naval Research, Contract N00014-75-C-10922, "Structure and Reactivity in Catalytic Systems Involving Metal Oxides and Electrode Surfaces," Professor J.M. White, Principal Investigator, August 1, 1980 - July 31, 1981.

Office of Naval Research, Contract N00014-79-C-0553, "Studies of Non-Reciprocal Effects in Planar Submillimeter to Optical Waveguiding Structures," Professor T. Itoh, Principal Investigator, June 1, 1980 - August 31, 1983.

Office of Naval Research, Contract N00014-75-C-0916, "Synthesis of Useful Electronic Structures Using Solid-Solid Phase Reactions Near Surfaces," Professors R.W. Bene' and R.M. Walser, Co-Principal Investigators, May 1, 1975 - April 30, 1981.

- U.S. Army Research Office, DAAG29-78-G-0146, "Quasi-Optical Techniques for Millimeter and Submillimeter-Wave Circuits," Professor T. Itoh, Principal Investigator, July 1978 October 31, 1980.
- U.S. Air Force Armament Technology Laboratory, F08635-81-K-0101, "Measurement of Aerodynamic Transfer Functions Utilizing Novel Digital Time Series Analysis Techniques," Professors Edward J. Powers and Ronald O. Stearman, Co-Principal Investigators, June 19, 1981 June 19, 1982.
- U.S. Air Force Armament Technology Laboratory, F08635-80-K-0350, "Homing Missile Guidance Based Upon Filter Observability Enhancement," Professors Jason L. Speyer and David Hull, Co-Principal Investigators, October 1980 September 1981.
- U.S. Air Force Office of Scientific Research, AFOSR 78-3712, "New Nonlinear Optical Processes in Molecules at Infrared Frequencies," Professor M.F. Becker, Principal Investigator, October 1, 1978 December 31, 1981.
- U.S. Air Force Office of Scientific Research AFOSR 79-0013, "Optimal and Suboptimal Estimation for Nonlinear Stochastic Systems," Professor S.I. Marcus, Principal Investigator, December 1, 1978 November 30, 1982.
- U.S. Army Research Office, DAAG29-81-K-0053, "Interface Structures for Millimeter-Wave Circuits," Professor T. Itoh, Principal Investigator, March 1, 1981 February 29, 1984.
- U.S. Air Force Office of Scientific Research, AFOSR 77-3190, "Automatic Recognition and Tracking of Objects," Professor J.K. Aggarwal, Principal Investigator, December 1, 1976 November 30, 1981.
- U.S. Air Force Office of Scientific Research, 82-0064, "Automatic Recognition and Tracking of Objects," Professor J.K. Aggarwal, Principal Investigator, December 1, 1981 November 30, 1982.
- U.S. Air Force Office of Scientific Research AFOSR 80-0154, "High Resolution Electron Energy Loss Studies of Chemisorbtion Species of Aluminum and Titanium," Professor J.L. Erskine, Principal Investigator, April 1, 1982 March 31, 1983.

# OTHER THAN FEDERAL FUNDS

General Dynamics, "Redundancy Management for Fault Tolerant Flight Control Systems," Professors J.L. Speyer and D.G. Hull, Co-Principal Investigators, May 1, 1981 - December 31, 1981.

Motorola, Inc. and Bell Telephone Laboratories, Inc., Equipment Grant to create semiconductor device fabrication facility, Professor A.B. Buckman, Principal Investigator, 1980 - 1982.

Research Corporation, "Momentum Transfer in Resonance Fluorescence," Professor H.J. Kimble, Principal Investigator, June 12, 1980 - June 11, 1981.

Texas Atomic Energy Research Foundation, "Analysis and Interpretation of Plasma Fluctuation Data Utilizing Digital Time Series Analysis," Professor E.J. Powers, Principal Investigator, May 1, 1976 - April 30, 1982.

Texas Instruments, "Millimeter-Wave Transmission Lines Study," Professor T. Itoh, Principal Investigator, June 1, 1976 - December 31, 1982.

University of Texas Equipment Grant to create Kimble Lab, Professor H.J. Kimble, Principal Investigator, November 16, 1979 - August 31, 1981.

University of Texas Matching Funds from the Research Corporation Grant, Professor H.J. Kimble, Principal Investigator, June 12, 1980 - June 11, 1981.

University of Texas Equipment Grant to create Kimble Lab and expenses, Professor H.J. Kimble, Principal Investigator, September 1, 1979 - August 31, 1981.

University of Texas Research Instrumentation Grant, Professor R.M. Walser, Principal Investigator, January 18, 1982 - August 1, 1982.

Robert A. Welch Foundation, F-600, "Raman Spectroscopy of Van der-Waas Dimer and Collisional Molecular Complexes," Professor L. Frommhold, Principal Investigator, June 1, 1981 - May 31, 1983.

Robert A. Welch Foundation, F-788, "Coherent Raman Spectroscopy of Molecular Ions," Professor J.W. Keto, Principal Investigator, June 1, 1980 - May 31, 1983.

Robert A. Welch Foundation, F-222, "Interactions of Reactive Species with Surfaces," Professor J.M. White, Principal Investigator, June 1, 1980 - May 31, 1981.

Robert A. Welch Foundation, F534, "Electron Scattering from Alkali Halide Vapors," Professor M. Fink, Principal Investigator, June 1, 1980 - May 31, 1985.

Robert A. Welch Foundation, F-720, "Experimental Studies of Metal Surface Absorbates," Professor J.L. Erskine, Principal Investigator, June 1, 1981 - May 31, 1983.

Robert A. Welch Foundation, F-789, "Momentum Redistribution by Resonant Radiation," Professor H.J. Kimble," Principal Investigator, June 1, 1980 - May 31, 1983.

# ATE. MED

-83

TIC